

# ALEXA 35 / ALEXA 35 Live Software Update Package 2.2.0

USER MANUAL

December 16, 2024



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### For Further Assistance

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# 2 About this Document

This user manual is aimed at everyone involved in using the system and provides directions on how to operate it safely and as intended.

To ensure safe and correct use, all users need to read the ALEXA 35 Operating Manual before using the system for the first time. It contains detailed information on how to use the system safely.

This user manual is an essential part of the product and should be easily accessible and in proximity to the equipment so that users can use it as a reference anytime.

Keep the ALEXA 35 User Manual, the ALEXA 35 Operating Manual and all other instructions belonging to the system in a safe place for future reference and possible subsequent owners.

#### **Document Revision History**

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Version	Release	Date	Description
1.0	K10948	July 18, 2022	Initial Release
1.1	K11240	May 2, 2023	Release for SUP 1.1
1.2	K11289	July 24, 2023	Release for SUP 1.2
1.2.1	K11380	December 18, 2023	Release for SUP 1.2.1
1.3	K11458	June 12, 2024	Release for SUP 1.3.0
2.0	K11479	September 3, 2024	Release for SUP 2.0.0
2.2	K11533	December 16, 2024	Release for SUP 2.2.0

#### How To Use This Manual

All directions are given from a camera operator's point of view. For example, camera right side refers to the right side of the camera when standing behind the camera and operating it in a normal fashion.

Connectors are written in all capital letters, for example "AUDIO connector".

Buttons are written in italic typeface capital letters, for example "PLAY button".

Menu paths are written in italic typeface, with menu and home in capital letters, for example "*MENU* > *Recording* > *Sensor Mode*".

"EVF" refers to the OLED eyepiece of the MVF-2 viewfinder.

"Monitor" refers to the flip-out monitor of the MVF-2 viewfinder.

"VF" refers to the viewfinder connectors VF 1 and VF 2. When settings refer to VF, they affect the EVF and the flip-out monitor.

"Monitoring outputs" refers to EVF, flip-out monitor, SDI 1 and SDI 2.

"Status Info" refers collectively to the Status Info of EVF, SDI 1 and SDI 2.

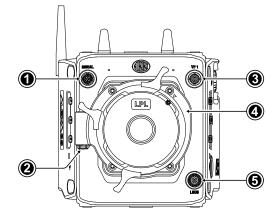
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# 3 Camera Body Overview

### **Camera Front**



- SERIAL Connector
- 2 LBUS Connector (on Lens Mount)
- **3** VF 1 Viewfinder Connector
- 4 Lens Mount (here: LPL Mount (LBUS))
- 5 LBUS Connector

1

#### SERIAL Connector (4-pin LEMO)

The SERIAL connector is used to connect distance measurement devices such as ARRI UDM-1, CE CineTape Measure or Focus Bug directly to the camera and receives data from and provides power to the distance measuring device. The SERIAL connector outputs regulated 12.0 V with a maximum current of 200 mA.

#### VF 1 Viewfinder Connector (CoaXPress)

The camera uses industrial CoaXPress interfaces with a custom ARRI connector to connect the MVF-2 viewfinder and the Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 with the camera. The interface transmits power, video and control data and supports cable lengths of up to 10 m (33 ft). The VF connector comes without a key, so the VF cables plug in regardless of their orientation.

#### LBUS Connector (4-pin LEMO)

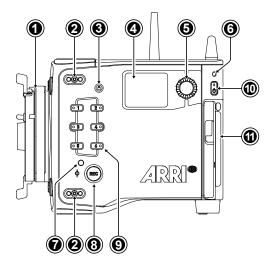
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Both LBUS connectors are used to connect daisy chainable LBUS devices of the ECS Electronic Control System (lens motors, ARRI Master Grips, ARRI OCU-1, RIA-1...) to the camera and supply regulated 24.0 V with a maximum current of 4.0 A.



Do not connect both LBUS ports (body and lens mount) of the ALEXA 35 in a daisy chain and thus form a loop, you may experience problems such as the camera shutting down.

#### Camera Left



- Lens Mount (here: LPL Mount (LBUS))
- 2 Mounting Points for Accessories
  - LOCK Button
- 4 Side Display

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- 5 Side Display Jogwheel
- 6 Rear Camera Status LED
- 7 Left Camera Status LED
- 8 REC Button
- 9 User Buttons 1-6
- 10 POWER Button
- 11 Camera Identification Label

#### **REC Button, LOCK Button & User Buttons 1-6**

Use the REC button (8) to start and stop recording. Press and hold the LOCK button (3) to lock all camera buttons. Besides the REC and LOCK button, the camera left is equipped with six freely assignable user buttons (9). Each button can be customized with individual functions. Once a user button is assigned with a function, press the button to trigger its function. An LED on each user button reflects the functional status.

#### **Camera Status LEDs**

The camera status LEDs reflect the current camera state:

Off	Idle. No recording media inserted or recording media full
Green	Standby and ready to record
Orange	Prerecording
Red	Recording
Red / Green flashing	Error State

#### Side Display and Jogwheel

The side display provides control of basic camera parameters, recording media erase and can show general information on the camera status. Use the jogwheel to navigate through screens and change settings.

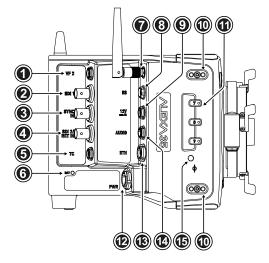
#### Media Door and Media Door Release

To access the media slot, slide the media door release towards the camera bottom so that the spring loaded door jumps open.

#### **Camera Identification Label**

The camera serial number is located on the left side of the camera next to the media bay door. The serial number consists of the last 5 digits of the product number K1.0039373-XXXXX.

## **Camera Right**



- VF 2 Viewfinder Connector SDI 1 Connector SYNC IN Connector SDI 2 / RET IN Connector TC (Timecode) Connector BAT LED ECS White Radio Antenna Connector **RS** Connector 12V Connector 10 Mounting Points for Accessories
- 11 User Buttons 7-9
- 12

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- **PWR Connector**
- 13 **ETH Connector**
- 14 AUDIO Connector
- 15 **Right Camera Status LED**

#### VF 2 Viewfinder Connector (CoaXPress)

VF 2 is the second viewfinder port. The camera uses industrial CoaXPress interfaces with a custom ARRI connector to connect the MVF-2 viewfinder and the Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 with the camera. The interface transmits power, video and control data and supports cable lengths of up to 10 m (33 ft). The VF connector comes without a key, so the VF cables plug in regardless of their orientation.

#### SDI 1 & SDI 2 / RET IN (BNC)

Both SDI BNC connectors can be configured to output the following video signals:

422 1.5G HD	(23.976, 24, 25, 29.97 and 30 fps progressive or psf) according to SMPTE ST 292-1:2012
422 3G HD	(48, 50, 59.94 and 60 fps progressive) according to SMPTE ST 425-1:2014
444 3G HD	(23.976, 24, 25, 29.97 and 30 fps progressive) according to SMPTE ST 425-1:2014
422 6G UHD	(23.976, 24, 25, 29.97 and 30 fps progressive) according to SMPTE ST 2081-10:2015
422 12G UHD	(48, 50, 59.94 and 60 frames fps progressive) according to SMPTE ST 2082-10:2015
444 12G UHD	(23.976, 24, 25, 29.97 and 30 fps progressive) according to SMPTE ST 2082-10:2015

The SDI 2 / RET IN connector can be configured in the camera menu to function either as SDI output or as a Return In input, accepting 1.5G and 3G SDI signals.

### SYNC IN (BNC)

The SYNC IN connector is a BNC connector for input of reference signals and accepts analog black burst signals and tri-level HD signals for camera synchronization.

### TC (5-pin LEMO)

The TC connector accepts and outputs LTC (Longitudinal Timecode) signals.

#### White Radio Antenna Connector (Female RP-SMA)

White radio allows for wireless lens control, lens data communication and remote control of camera functions using the hand units of the ARRI Electronic Control System.

#### RS (3-pin Fischer)

The RS connector outputs regulated 24 V accessory power and can supply external devices with a load of up to 3.0 A. Additionally, the RS connector outputs a shutter pulse signal and can be used to send a remote start/stop signal to the camera.

### 12V (2-pin LEMO)

The 12 V output with a 2-pin LEMO connector supplies accessories with regulated 12.0 V with a maximum current of 2.0 A.

### PWR (8-pin LEMO)

The PWR connector is the main power input for the ALEXA 35 and accepts an input voltage range from 20.5 to 33.6 V DC. You can use power cables KC50-S (K2.75007.0) or KC50-SP-S (K2.0001275) to power the camera from an external source.

## ETH (10-pin LEMO)

The ETH Ethernet connector is used for camera remote control, metadata streaming and service purposes. It supplies regulated 24 V with a current of 0.5 A. Use the ALEXA Ethernet Cable KC 153-S (K2.72021.0) to connect the camera to a standard RJ-45 Ethernet port.

## AUDIO (6-pin LEMO)

The AUDIO connector is a 2-channel +24 dBu line level audio input with an additional regulated 12 V power output with a current of up to 0.5 A. Use the ALEXA Mini LF Audio connector with cable (K2.0023988) to connect audio sources.

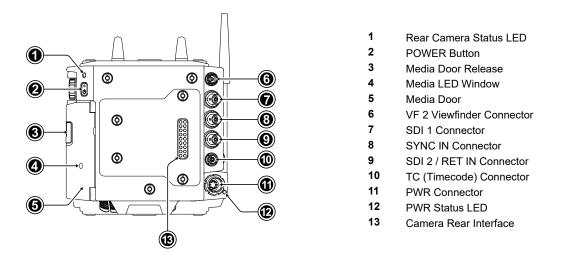
### **PWR and BAT Status LEDs**

The BAT LED indicates the status of the power source connected to the BAT interface on the back of the camera used for onboard batteries, the PWR LED indicates the status of the power source connected to the PWR connector.

### **User Buttons 7-9**

The camera right is equipped with three freely assignable user buttons (11). Each button can be customized with individual functions. Once a user button is assigned with a function, press the button to trigger its function. An LED on each user button reflects the functional status.

#### **Camera Rear**



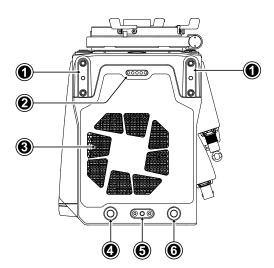
#### **POWER Button**

Press the POWER button to switch the camera on, press and hold the button to switch the camera off.

#### **Camera Rear Interface**

The rear interface of the camera is used to connect battery adapter plates and electronic accessories such as the Power Distribution Module PDM-1 and the Audio Extension Module AEM-1. It supplies power, receives and transmits audio signals, time code and serial data. The power output to the rear interface pins is interrupted when no adapter or module is connected.

## **Camera Top**



- 1 Mounting Points for Accessories
- 2 Top Connector
- 3 Fan Outlet
- 4 WiFi Antenna Connector
- 5 Mounting Point for Accessories
- 6 WiFi Antenna Connector

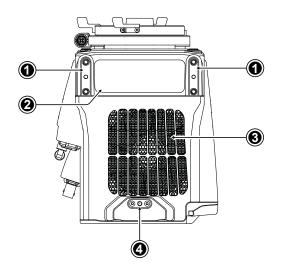
#### **Top Connector**

For future use.

#### WiFi Antenna Connectors (RP-SMA)

The camera is equipped with a 2.4 GHz WiFi module and two WiFi antennas, both located on the back of the camera.

#### **Camera Bottom**



- 1 Mounting Points for Accessories
  - Conformity Label
  - Fan Intake

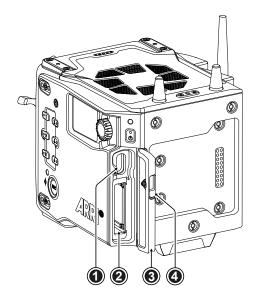
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Mounting Point for Accessories

### Media Bay



- 1 USB-C Connector
- 2 Recording Media Slot
- 3 Media Door
- 4 Media Door Release

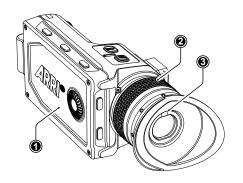
#### **Recording Media Slot**

The camera records onto Codex Compact Drives, using the media bay on the camera left side. A small window in the media bay door shows the status LED of the Compact Drive. To access the media slot, slide the media door release (4) towards the camera bottom so that the spring loaded door jumps open.

#### **USB-C** Connector

The camera saves data such as user setups, frame grabs and log files to USB-C memory sticks formatted with exFAT file system. Software updates, additional frame lines and ARRI look files are loaded onto the camera from the USB-C memory stick. The USB-C connector (1) can also be used to charge USB devices and supplies 5.0 V with a maximum current of 1.5 A.

# 4 Multi Viewfinder MVF-2 Overview



- 1 Flip-out Monitor
- 2 Diopter Adjustment

ZOOM Button

EXP Button

PLAY Button

Top Tally Light

SET Button

User Wheel

LOCK Switch

**REC** Button

VF 1&2 User Buttons

3 Proximity Sensor

4

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7

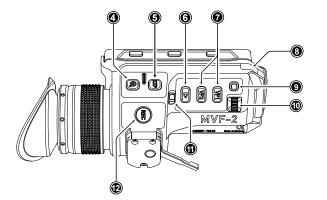
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- 13 Dove Tail
- 14 Service Cover
- **15** Bottom Tally Light
- 16 Product Label
- 17 Viewfinder Connector
- 18 Headphones Out

### **EVF OLED Display**

The MVF-2 is equipped with a high contrast, temperature controlled 1920 x 1080 OLED display.

#### **Diopter Adjustment**

With the camera switched on and while looking into the viewfinder, twist the ring (2) left or right to adapt the viewfinder image to your visual acuity. With the help of the scale labeled from 1 to 9 you can easily remember your adjustment when different people are using the viewfinder. The diopter adjustment can compensate from -5 to +5 diopters.

### **Proximity Sensor**

This infrared sensor (3) automatically deactivates the MVF-2's internal OLED display when you withdraw your eye to prevent burn-ins on the panel and activates it again as soon as you approach the eyepiece. Do not permanently cover the sensor as this might cause irreversible burn-in on the OLED display.

## ADVICE



Permanent Activation of the Viewfinder OLED Display

Permanent activation can cause irreversible burn-ins on the viewfinder OLED display.

- Do not cover the viewfinder proximity sensor. When covered, the viewfinder OLED display will be switched on permanently.
- If you need to cover the viewfinder, disable the viewfinder OLED display first using the EVF Power setting.
- When shooting in hot environments, make sure to have the viewfinder mounted on the viewfinder bracket to ensure proper cooling.
- If the viewfinder is used as a remote control without standing support, turn off the viewfinder OLED display using the EVF Power setting.

## **Built-in Eyepiece Heater**

The MVF-2 is equipped with a built-in eyepiece heater to prevent fogging of the eyepiece when shooting in cold environments. The eyepiece heater can be activated in the camera menu and only becomes active when the eyepiece has a temperature of 15 °C (59 °F) or below. In extremely cold environments please use the Heated Eyecup HE-7.

## **EXP** Button

The *EXP* button (5) activates and deactivates the False Color exposure tool for the EVF and the flip-out monitor.

## **ZOOM** Button

Pressing the *ZOOM* button (4) activates the zoom feature on EVF and the flip-out monitor for a temporary zoom-in to quickly check focus. The magnification ratio is 1:1, or one sensor photosite to one display pixel.

## **PLAY Button**

Press and hold the *PLAY* button (6) for two seconds to start in-camera playback from the recording media.

## VF 1 and VF 2 User Buttons

The MVF-2 has two user buttons, *VF1* and *VF2* (7). You can assign a frequently used function to each button.

## SET Button and User Wheel

The *SET* button and the user wheel (9, 10) provide the same functionality as the jogwheel on the flipout monitor (see next chapter) and can be used for menu navigation and adjustment when the flip-out monitor is used with the display visible in the folded-in position.

## LOCK Switch

The *LOCK* switch (11) locks the touchscreen and all MVF-2 buttons. A dedicated lock icon is displayed on the HOME screen as well as in the Status Info of the EVF.

## **REC** Button

The *REC* button (12) starts and stops recording to the recording media. With no recording media inserted, the button is inactive.

## **Product Label**

The product label (16) shows the MVF-2 serial number. The serial number consists of the last 5 digits of the product number K1.0024074 - XXXXX.

## Viewfinder Connector (CoaXPress)

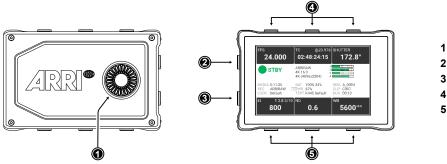
The ALEXA 35 uses industrial CoaXPress interfaces with a custom ARRI connector to connect the MVF-2 viewfinder and the Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 with the camera. The interface transmits power, video and control data and supports cable lengths of up to 10 m (33 ft). The VF connector (17) comes without a key, so the VF cables plug in regardless of their orientation and support hot plugging of the viewfinder.

## **Headphones Out**

The headphones out (18) is a 3.5 mm TRS connector (headphone jack), which outputs all four audio channels with a maximum power of 2.5 dBm.

## **Flip-out Touchscreen Monitor**

The 4" flip-out touchscreen monitor with up and down tilt function displays the camera's live image or the main user interface (HOME screen and camera menu).



- 1 Jogwheel
- 2 HOME / LIVE Button
- 3 MENU / BACK Button
  - Upper Screen Buttons
- 5 Lower Screen Buttons

## Jogwheel

The jogwheel (1) is used to

- Scroll or navigate through lists and menus
- Change values (by scrolling up or down)
- Access and confirm settings (by pressing the jogwheel center)

## HOME / LIVE Button

The *HOME / LIVE* button (2) toggles to display either the HOME screen (shown in the image above) or the camera live view.

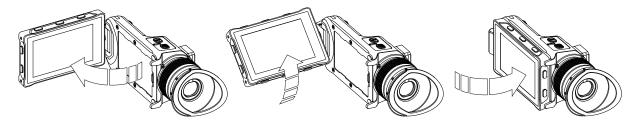
## MENU / BACK Button

Pressing the *MENU / BACK* button (3) while in the HOME screen or in camera live view opens the camera menu. While in the camera menu, it serves as a *BACK* button.

## **Screen Buttons**

The MVF-2 flip-out monitor has six screen buttons, three above (4) and three below (5) the screen. Their function depends on the screen content and is labeled directly below or above each button. Unlabeled buttons do not have a function for that screen. A grayed-out label indicates that the function is currently not available.

## Adjusting the Flip-out Monitor



Fold out, swivel and fold in the monitor to put the display visible in the folded-in position. The image on the monitor automatically adjusts its orientation, or can be set to the desired orientation in the camera menu.

## **Viewfinder Cables**

MVF-2 viewfinder cables are available in the following lengths:

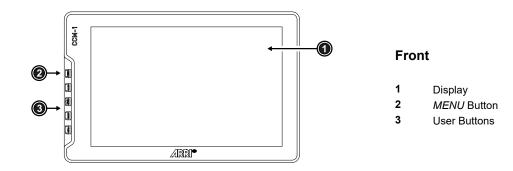
ID No.	Length	Description
K2.0042857	0.5m (1.5 ft)	Standard cable with right angle connector
K2.0023944	2.0 m (6.5 ft)	The medium length for remote use (straight connector)
K2.0023945	10.0 m (33 ft)	The longest possible length for remote use (straight connector)

## ADVICE

Although the camera is equipped with two viewfinder ports, two viewfinders cannot be operated in parallel. When two viewfinders are connected to the camera, the second connected viewfinder only displays a boot screen, but does not become active.

#### **Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 Overview** 5

The Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 is a 7" on board monitor that provides full camera control and menu access for the ALEXA Mini LF and the ALEXA 35.

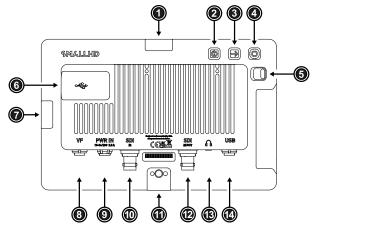


#### Display

The display (1) is a 7" 1920x1200 IPS LCD touchscreen with a maximum screen luminance of 1300 nits and an active screen size of 95 x 142 mm / 3.72" x 5.95".

#### **MENU** Button and User Buttons

The MENU button (2) provides access to the camera menu, which is identical to that of the MVF-2. The four user buttons (3) can be assigned camera-specific functions as well as smallHD monitor functions.



Rear

1

2

3

4 5

Mounting Point
POWER Button
BACK Button
Joystick
LOCK Slider

6 USB-C Slot

- 7 Mounting Point
- 8
- **VF** Connector 9
- **PWR In Connector** 10
- SDI IN Connector 11
- Mounting Points
- 12 SDI IN/OUT Connector
- 13 Headphones Connector
- 14 **USB** Connector

## **Mounting Points**

The monitor has four ARRI Pin-Lock 1/4" mounting points (top (1), right (7), bottom & rear (11)), to attach the monitor to the camera or e.g. a rig.

#### **POWER** Button

The monitor can be switched on and off via the POWER button (2).

### Joystick and BACK Button

The joystick (4) and the *BACK* button (3) are used for menu navigation and provide an alternative control option in environments where the touchscreen is difficult to use.

### LOCK Slider

The *LOCK* Slider (5) locks all monitor controls including the touchscreen to prevent unintended triggering of functions.

### **USB-C Slot**

The USB-C slot (6) accepts the same USB-C stick as the ALEXA 35, which can remain plugged in under a weatherproof cover during operation. Via the USB-C stick, firmware updates can be imported, and frame grabs, or 3D-LUTs stored.

### VF Connector (CoaXPress)

The VF connector (8) is used to connect the CCM-1 to the camera. The interface transmits power, video and control data and supports cable lengths of up to 10 m (33 ft). If the CCM-1 is operated at a brightness of 100 nits, it can solely be powered via this interface. If higher brightness levels are required, the monitor must additionally be powered via the PWR In connector. The VF connector comes without a key, so the VF cables plug in regardless of their orientation.

#### **PWR In Connector (3-pin Fischer)**

The monitor can be supplied with additional power via the PWR In connector (9), which is required if the monitor is operated with a brightness above 100 nits, or when the monitor is used on third party cameras. The PWR In connector accepts input voltages from 10 - 34 V DC.

### SDI IN (BNC)

When the MVF-2 and CCM-1 are used in parallel on an ALEXA Mini LF, or when the monitor is used with third party cameras, the CCM-1 receives the camera image via the SDI In connector (10). The SDI In connector accepts 1.5G and 3G SDI signals according to SMPTE ST 292-1:2012 and SMPTE ST 425-1:2014.

### SDI IN/OUT (BNC)

As an input, the SDI IN/OUT connector (12) offers the same features as the SDI IN input, and both inputs can be used in parallel. As an output, it outputs the signal that is present at the SDI In connector.

### **Headphones Out**

The headphone output (13) is a 3.5 mm jack that outputs all audio channels (same as the headphone output of the MVF-2).

### **USB Connector (5-pin LEMO)**

When MVF-2 and CCM-1 are used in parallel on an ALEXA Mini LF, the CCM-1 can control the camera via the USB connector instead of the VF connector.

# 6 Power Supply

## ADVICE

- Always keep the PWR connector accessible so that the cable can be unplugged quickly in case of emergency.
- Unplug the power cable by gripping the power plug, not the cable.
- Do not use power cables longer than 4m.
- Operate the system using only the type of power source indicated in the manual.
- Do not supply power outside the specified voltage range.

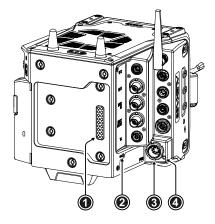
### **Power Inputs**

The camera accepts input voltages from 20.5 to 33.6 V DC.

The BAT input is located on the rear interface (1) and is used to power the camera from 24 V onboard batteries using a battery adapter.

The LEMO 8-pin PWR input (3) allows to power the camera from block batteries or DC power supplies using cables KC50-S (K2.75007.0) or KC50-SP-S (K2.0001275).

Both inputs are equipped with an LED (2, 4) that indicates the status of the input.



## Switching On and Off

The *POWER* button (5) is located at the rear left of the camera. The *POWER* button's background light is illuminated when the supplied power is in the valid range. While the camera is booting up, the boot status LED (6) is flashing blue. As soon as the camera has finished the boot process, the boot status LED turns to solid blue.

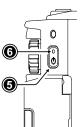
- ► To switch on the camera, press the *POWER* button.
- To switch off the camera, press and hold the POWER button until the camera has switched off.

### **Status Information**

The status of the power inputs is displayed on the HOME screen of the MVF-2 and the side display as well as in the Status Info.

BAT100% 34%When power is supplied through both the PWR and BAT input, a currentPWR87%symbol on the HOME screen indicates which input is being used. The pre-<br/>ferred input to be used can be set in the camera menu.

The BAT entry can display two values when two B-mount batteries are used together (e.g. a hot swap unit and a main unit). The first value refers to the battery that sits directly on the battery adapter (usually the hot swap unit), the second value refers to the stacked battery. The camera will always draw power from the stacked battery first.



Additionally, the battery status can be read directly from the camera body via the two status LEDs (2, 4). The LEDs indicate which input is in use and whether sufficient power is available. A green LED indicates that the input is in use, a blue LED indicates that there is power at the input, but it is not in use. The power low warning is issued when the supply voltage is lower than 22.0 V.

Green: Active Input	Solid	Sufficient power
oreen. Active input	Blinking	Warning, power low
Blue: Standby Input	Solid	Sufficient power
Blue. Stanuby input	Blinking	Warning, power low
White: Camera off	Solid	Sufficient Power
white. Camera on	Blinking	Warning, power low
Red	Blinking	Insufficient Power

### **Power Outputs**

The main accessory outputs of the camera are the RS output and the 12 V output. In addition, appropriate accessories can be powered via the LBUS sockets, the ETH socket, the SERIAL socket or the AUDIO socket. The optional Power Distribution Module PDM-1 adds seven additional power outputs (4x 24 V, 2x 12 V, 1x 12 V Twist D-Tap) to the camera.

24 V Outputs	RS	(3.0 A max.)	12 V Outputs	12 V	(2.0 A max.)
	LBUS	(4.0 A max.)		AUDIO	(0.5 A max.)
	ETH	(0.5 A max.)		SERIAL	(200 mA max.)
	24 V (PDM-1)	(4.0 A max.)		D-Tap (PDM-1)	(2.0 A max.)

The total available power over all 24 V outputs is just below 100 W to be compliant with DIN EN 62368 PS2, with a max. current of 4.0 A. The total available power over all 12 V outputs is 50 W, with a max. current of 2.0 A.

### **Power Consumption**

The ALEXA 35 draws between 85 W and 135 W while recording, depending on the set recording resolution and sensor frame rate (with MVF-2 connected, but no further accessories attached).

The camera will switch off at 19.5V supply level.

### **Input Priority**

In case both power inputs are used, the camera supports to set which input is to be used preferentially.

Select MENU > System > Power > Priority to set the power input priority.

Following options are available:

Power In (PWR)	Always use the PWR input when power is available on BAT and PWR.
Onboard Battery (BAT)	Always use the BAT input when power is available on BAT and PWR.
Highest Voltage	Use the input supplying the higher voltage.

### **Power Warning**

For each power input, a threshold can be set at which a battery warning is triggered. When the threshold is reached, the battery values on the HOME screen as well as in the Status Info blink orange.

- Select MENU > System > Power > Power In (PWR) Warning (%) to set the warning threshold (%) for the PWR input.
- Select MENU > System > Power > Power In (PWR) Warning (V) to set the warning threshold (Volts) for the PWR input.
- Select MENU > System > Power > Onboard Battery (BAT) Warning (%) to set the warning threshold (%) for the BAT input.

Select MENU > System > Power > Onboard Battery (BAT) Warning (V) to set the warning threshold (Volts) for the BAT input.

**Info:** When using two B-Mount batteries simultaneously, the BAT warning will not be issued until both batteries have reached the warning threshold.

### **BAT Unit Preference**

The status of the power inputs can be displayed either in Volt or as a percentage of total battery capacity.

Select MENU > System > Power > BAT Unit Preference to set the preferred unit between Volt and Percent.

Info: Percentage can only be displayed if supported by the power source.

### **PWR/BAT LEDs**

In case the status display via the two power LEDs is not needed, both LEDs can be switched off.

Select MENU > System > Power > Enable PWR/BAT LEDs to activate / deactivate PWR/BAT LEDs.

## **BAT Auto Boot Up**

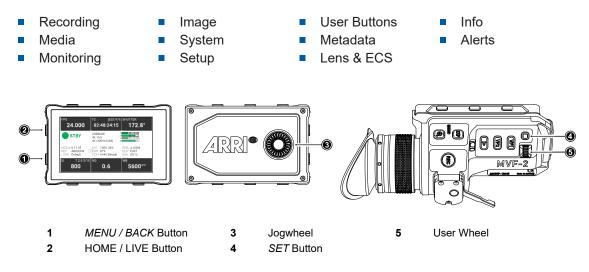
When the camera was switched off due to a power cut, it automatically boots up as soon as power is present again. This behavior is optional for the BAT input, e.g. to avoid power cycling with flat batteries.

Select MENU > System > Power > BAT Auto Boot Up to enable / disable automatic boot up for the BAT input.



# Menu Operation

The camera settings are divided into 11 submenus:



- While the HOME screen is displayed, press the HOME / LIVE button (2) or swipe to the right to display the live view.
- While the HOME screen is displayed, press the MENU / BACK button (1) or swipe to the left to access the camera menu.

Rotate the jogwheel (3) or the user wheel (5) to scroll up or down to select the desired menu entry:

Entries with a ">" at the end navigate to a sub menu. To navigate to a sub menu press the jogwheel center or the *SET* button (4). To return to a higher menu level press the *MENU / BACK* button.

Entries with a value allow for direct editing. To edit a value press the jogwheel center or *SET* button, then rotate the jogwheel or user wheel to select the desired value. Press the jogwheel center or *SET* button to confirm the change or press *CANCEL* to discard.

Entries with a check box allow for direct activation/deactivation. Press the jogwheel center or *SET* button to activate/deactivate the setting.

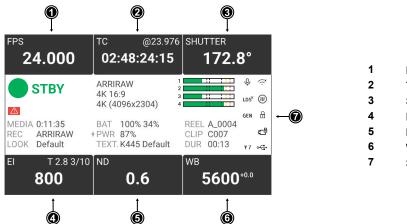
To leave the menu press the HOME / LIVE button (2) or swipe to the right.

The jogwheel and the user wheel + SET button provide identical functionality.

For the remainder of this manual, whenever the term jogwheel is used, it refers to the jogwheel and the user wheel. Whenever "press the jogwheel" is used, it refers to the jogwheel center and the *SET* button.

# 7.1 HOME Screen

The HOME screen shows the most important camera settings and gives quick access to changing them through the screen buttons.



- FPS Sensor Frame Rate Settings
- TC Timecode Settings
- SHUTTER Settings
- EI Exposure Index Settings
- ND Filter Settings
- 6 WB White Balance Settings
- Status Section

### **FPS (Sensor Frame Rate)**

The FPS label shows the current sensor frame rate in frames per second. Press the FPS screen button to adjust the sensor frame rate. The FPS label turns orange if the sensor frame rate does not match the project frame rate.

#### TC (Timecode)

The TC label shows the current timecode value and project rate. Press the TC screen button to access the timecode settings. The TC label turns orange if a timecode misconfiguration exists. Press the TC screen button for more information.

#### SHUTTER

The SHUTTER label shows the current shutter angle or exposure time. Press the screen button to set the shutter of the sensor. The shutter unit can be set to display either shutter angle  $(5.0^{\circ} \text{ to } 356.0^{\circ})$  or exposure time (1 second to 1/8000 seconds). The maximum shutter angle is limited by the resulting exposure time (1 second max.). Shutter angle and sensor frame rate determine exposure time of the sensor in seconds by the following equation: exposure time = shutter angle / (360 x FPS).

#### El (Exposure Index)

Shows the current exposure index. Press the screen button to adjust the exposure index in a range from 160 to 6400 ASA without Enhanced Sensitivity Mode or 2560 to 6400 ASA with Enhanced Sensitivity Mode.

#### **ND Filter**

The ND label shows the current ND filter value of the built in FSND (Full Spectrum Neutral Density) filter stage. Press the screen button to change the ND filter.

#### WB (White Balance)

The WB label shows the current white balance and tint. Press the screen button to set the white balance. This is the color temperature of the light source that the camera is currently adjusted for. In addition to the red/blue correction of the white balance, the camera can also compensate for a green/ magenta tint. This value, called CC (color compensation), is shown as an exponent of the WB value. Positive values are marked with a "+" and negative values with a "-".

White balance can be adjusted from 2000 to 11000 Kelvin (here: 5600) in steps of 10 K for red/blue correction. Color compensation for green/magenta tints can be adjusted in a range from -16.0 to +16.0. Positive or negative CC color compensation values then appear as an exponent of the WB value (here: +0.0).

## **Status Section**

The status section on the home screen shows key data about recording, power supply, remaining media capacity and more:

<b>В STBY</b>	Camera Status			
	STBY	Standby - ready for recording.		
	PREREC	Prerecording.		
	REC	Recording.		
	PLAY	Camera is in playback mode.		
	ERASE	Medium erase in progress. Active erasing disables recording.		
	None	Idle, recording not possible (e.g. no media inserted, media is full).		
	ERROR	System error occured. See <i>MENU</i> > <i>Alerts</i> for details.		
ARRIRAW	Codec, Sens	or Mode & Recording Resolution		
4K 16:9 4K (4096x2304)	Currently set codec, sensor mode and recording resolution.			
	Audio Meters			
3 <b>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</b>	The audio meters are only displayed when audio recording is enabled. When audio recording is enabled. When audio recording is enabled, a crossed out speaker icon is displayed. Black markers are shown at signal levels dBFS. The yellow marker at -5 dBFS and the red marker at -2 dBFS indicate a signal close			
REEL A_0004	Clip Informa	tion		
CLIP C007 DUR 00:13	Displays the surrent real name, the surrent align number and the duration of the surrent align (w			
BAT 100% 34%	Battery Statu	us and Texture		
PWR 87% TEXT. K445 Default	Displays the s	status of the power inputs and the active texture.		
MEDIA 0:11:35	Media Capad	sity & Recording and Look Settings		
REC ARRIRAW LOOK Default		remaining capacity of the recording medium, the active recording processing (ARRIRAW or he active look file.		

## Status Icons:

Ŷ	The microphone icon indicates that the internal microphones are active.	Ş	Internal microphones are muted.
(ċ	WiFi is active and in client mode. The camera is connected to a network.	(;×	WiFi is active and in client mode. The camera is not connected to a network.
ற	WiFi is active and in host mode.	Ψ7	The ARRI ECS White Radio is active and uses the displayed channel number.
₩₿	Touch Lock Icon. The touchscreen functionality of the MVF-2 filp-out monitor is disabled.	₿	MVF-2 Lock Icon. MVF-2 buttons and touch- screen are locked.
<del>ت</del>	Camera Lock Icon. Camera buttons are locked.	0	The Frame Grab icon indicates active frame grabbing. The icon turns orange if frame grab- bing failed (e.g. no USB medium is inserted).
GEN	The Genlock icon indicates that the camera is synchronized to a Genlock or timecode signal. The icon turns orange when the source signal is missing or is not usable.		The MVF-2 eyepiece heater is on. The icon turns gray when the heater is not heating (eyepiece temperature is > 15 °C (59 ° F)).

The CAL icon indicates that a lens motor calibration is required. The icon turns black when CAL LDSX calibration is in progress and expires when cal-Indicates that the LDS interface is disabled. ibration has finished. The USB icon indicates a connected USB The fan icon indicates that the camera needs medium. The icon turns gray when the medium to increase the fan speed above 20 dB noise Ψ is read only, and orange if the medium is not emission level. The icon turns orange when the usable. fan speed exceeds 20 dB. The temperature icon indicates that the camera Indicates an active alert state. See MENU > 川 temperature is increased. The icon turns red Alerts for detailed information. when the camera temperature is out of range. The settings locked icon indicates that access ₹<u></u>₿

# 7.2 Working with Settings/Lists and Importing Files

to most menu settings has been restricted.

For certain settings, the camera menu operates with preset lists that come with a default content and that can be adjusted to the user's preference. You can add values to and delete values from these lists, so that only project relevant values are displayed. Value based lists contain entries that can be edited directly in the camera (e.g. Shutter and White Balance presets) while file based lists contain files that are installed on the camera or were imported from the USB medium (e.g. Looks and Frame Lines).

Settings with value based lists:

Settings with file based lists:

- HOME > FPS
- HOME > SHUTTER
- HOME > WB

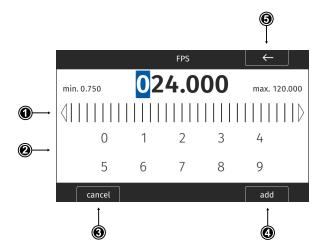
MENU > Image > Look > Look

- MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Frame Line
- MENU > Setups > User Setups Installed
- MENU > Lens & ECS > Lens Data > Lens Tables Installed

## Adding Entries to Value based Lists

The camera offers two input methods for adding entries to a list or changing settings. The numeric keypad is for entering a value directly, while the slider is for fine-tuning a value (e.g. for fine-tuning the shutter when filming monitors). This setting screen is used not only when values are to be added to a list, but also for most of the menu settings.

▶ Select e.g. *HOME* > *FPS* > *ADD*.



### **Operation via Jogwheel**

- Rotate the jogwheel to change the value of the first digit. Then press the jogwheel to move to the next digit and adjust. The blue cursor indicates the selected digit.
- ▶ Press the BACK button (5) to reselect the previous digit.

Press the ADD button (4) to add the new value to the list, or the CANCEL button (3) to discard and exit.

#### **Operation via Touchscreen**

Use the touch slider (1) to change the value of the first digit. Then press on the slider or the value to move to the next digit and adjust. The blue cursor indicates the selected digit. or

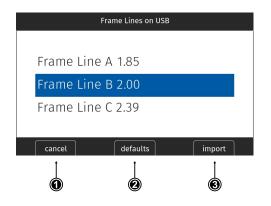
Use the numeric keypad to enter a value directly.

- ▶ Press the BACK label (5) to reselect the previous digit.
- Press the ADD label (4) to add the new value to the list, or the CANCEL button (3) to discard and exit.

#### **Importing Files**

For looks, frame lines, user setups and lens tables the camera offers the option to import files from the USB medium as well as from a factory default presets. To import files from a USB medium into the camera, the USB medium needs to be prepared with a certain folder structure, see chapter <u>"User Storage", page 29</u> for more information. The maximum file name length allowed is 64 characters including the file extension. Files with a name exceeding 64 characters cannot be displayed in camera lists. Special characters <, >, :, ", /,\, | and \* in file names are displayed and replaced with a "?" in the camera menu.

Select e.g. MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Frame Line > ADD.



- Select a frame line file to import from the USB list or select DEFAULTS (2) to select a frame line file from the factory defaults list.
- Press the IMPORT button (3) or the jogwheel to add the selected frame line to the frame lines list, or the CANCEL button (1) to exit.

### **Deleting List Entries**

- ► Select e.g. HOME > FPS.
- Scroll to the entry to be deleted.
- ▶ Press the *DELETE* button.

The selected entry is marked for delete.

▶ Press the *DELETE* button again to delete the selected entry or rotate the jogwheel to cancel.

#### **Maximum Entries per List**

All lists have a maximum number of entries they can hold. Whenever a list is full, the *ADD* button is grayed out and a message is shown. You need to delete entries from the list first in order to add new ones. The following table lists the maximum number of entries for each type of list:

List	FPS, Shutter	User Setups	White Balance	Looks,	LDA	Frame Lines
Max. Entries	16	20	32	Textures	200	256
				50		

# 7.3 On-screen Keyboard

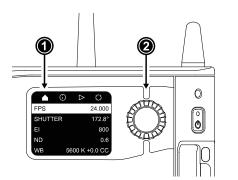
When working with textual parameters on the camera, an on-screen keyboard serves to enter text. You need to use the keyboard, for example, to enter the name when saving a user setup.



- Use the jogwheel to select and enter characters.
- The CLEAR button (4) deletes the digit to the left of the cursor. Press and hold the button to clear the entire value.
- The aA# button (2) toggles between lower case, upper case and numeric text entry.
- Press the SET button (3) to save the file, or the CANCEL button (1) to exit.

## 7.4 Side Display

The side display of the camera provides access to the main parameters. This can be useful for applications where it is not necessary or possible to connect an MVF-2. The display is divided into four pages, which can be switched between via the navigation bar at the top of the screen:



- △ The Home Page (1) offers to adjust the main parameters Sensor FPS, Shutter, Exposure Index, ND Filter and White Balance.
- ① The *Info Page* provides an overview about other important parameters such as the remaining time of the recording medium or the set Look and Texture.
- ▷ The *Playback Page* offers a simple in-camera playback control.
- the Settings Page offers to adjust settings for the side display and camera body and to erase the recording medium.

## Menu Operation

- ► Rotate the side display jogwheel (2) to select between pages.
- Press the jogwheel to access a page.
- Rotate the jogwheel to scroll up or down within the page.
- ► To edit a setting (*Home Page* and *Settings Page*), press the jogwheel, then rotate to select the desired value. Press to confirm the change.
- ▶ To leave a page, scroll up into the navigation bar and press the jogwheel.

For playback control via the side display, please see "Playback", Page 67.

## **Display Mode**

Select SETTINGS > Display Mode.

Following options are available:

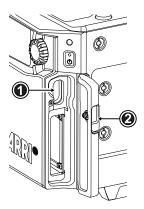
On	The side display is always switched on.
Off	The side display is switched off. Press and hold the jogwheel for 2 seconds to switch it back on.
	Alternatively, the side display can be switched off by pressing and holding the jogwheel for 2 seconds.
Sleep	The side display switches to sleep after 20 seconds of non-use. Reactivate by using the jogwheel.
ND	The side display switches to sleep after 20 seconds of non-use and displays the current ND Filter value.

# 7.5 User Storage

The camera saves data such as user setups and frame grabs to a USB-C memory stick. Look files, frame lines and software updates can be loaded into the camera from the memory stick.

The USB-C slot (1) is located behind the media door, above the recording media slot. Slide down the media door release (2) to open the media door.

The camera supports exFAT formatted memory sticks using one partition within a Master Boot Record (MBR) partition table and a maximum capacity of 256 GB. A special folder structure is used in order to work with the camera.



### **Prepare Folder Structure**

The camera can only load files from a correctly prepared USB medium with the required folder structure. Preparing the folder structure on the USB medium within the camera will not alter existing folders and files on the USB medium.

- Open the media door and insert the USB medium.
- Select MENU > Media > Prepare USB Medium to create the ALEXA 35 folder structure on the USB medium:

ARRI/ALEXA35/	FRAMELINES	For frame line imports to camera
	GRABS	For stored frame grabs
	LDA	For lens table import/export
	LICENSES	For license file installation
	LOG	For exported camera logfiles
	LOOKFILES	For look file import/export
	SETUPS	For import/export of user setups
	SUP	For software update installation
	SENSOR	For import/export of User Pixel Mask files
	TEXTURES	For Texture import
		For I DUO dougles and data in stalls then

ARRI/ECS

For LBUS device update installation



The USB icon on the HOME screen and in the Status Info indicates a connected medium. A gray icon indicates that the medium is read only. An orange icon is displayed if the medium is not supported.

# 7.6 Info Screens

The INFO screens provide detailed information about the current state of the camera system.

► Select *MENU* > *Info*.

The Info sub menu contains the following lists:

## **Version Info**

Software	The camera software version.
Revision	Revision of camera software version.
FPGA	Firmware version of active FPGA.
MVF-2 Software	Software version of MVF-2.
Lens Mount Software	Software version of lens mount.

## System Info

Time + Date	Current system time and date of the camera.
Camera Serial No.	Serial number of camera.
Operating Hours	Total operational time of the camera in hours:minutes.
Sensor Temperature	Current temperature of image sensor.
Sensor Temp. State	Rates the sensor temperature according to OK, warning, or error.
Camera Temp. State	Rates the camera temperature according to OK, warning, or error.

### **False Color Info**

The False Color Info displays a reference chart explaining the color coding used for the False Color exposure tool.

## **PWR/BAT LED Info**

The PWR/BAT LED Info displays a reference chart explaining the LED states of the PWR and the BAT LEDs.

#### Media Info

Status	Status of the recording medium.
Model	Name/model of the recording medium.
SN#	Serial number of the recording medium.
FW Version	Firmware version of the recording medium.
Size	Total storage size of the recording medium.
Clip Count	Number of clips on the recording medium.

## **USB** Info

Status	Status of USB medium.
Storage Free/Total	Free and total available storage on USB medium in megabyte.
Frame Line Files	Number of frame line files on USB medium.
License Files	Number of license files on USB medium.
Look Files	Number of look files on USB medium.
Setup Files	Number of user setup files on USB medium.
SUP Files	Number of SUP (Software Update Package) files on USB medium.
LDA Files	Number of LDA (Lens Data Archive) files on USB medium.
Texture	Number of Texture files on USB medium.

**Info:** The number entries consist of two numbers, the number of files on the USB medium and the number of files recognizable by the camera.

## **Network Info**

WiFi Network	Name of connected network (client mode).
WiFi IP	IP address of the camera via WiFi.
LAN IP	IP address of the camera via Ethernet.
Web Remote	URL address of camera remote control website.
Streaming Addressing	Type of addressing used for metadata streaming (Unicast / Multicast).
Streaming Address	IP address of the metadata streaming receiving device.
Streaming Port	Metadata streaming port.

### Lens Info

Lens Type	Type of lens (LDS, Cooke, ENG, EF).
Model	Lens model name according to manufacturer.
Serial No.	Serial number of lens.
Extender	Name of extender in use.
Filter/Diopter	Name of diopter/filter in use.
Focal Length	Focal length of lens in mm.
Focus	Current focus distance of lens.
Iris	Current iris value of lens.

### **User Button Info**

The user button info screen lists the functions assigned to the user buttons of the camera body and the MVF-2.

### **Export HW Info File**

HW (HardWare) Info files are required to generate licenses in the ARRI License Shop or may be requested by camera service to get detailed information on the camera's hardware and components revisions.

The HW Info file will be exported to the USB medium in the ARRI/ALEXA35/LICENSES folder.

### **Export Logfiles**

Logfiles help ARRI camera service to analyze potential problems. In normal circumstances, logfile export is not required.

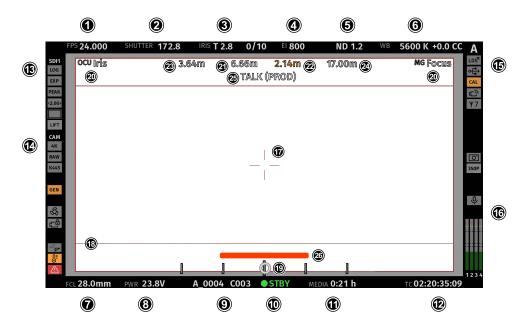
Export Logfiles combines the camera logfiles, HW Info file, current user setup and other diagnostic files into a .zip archive and stores the archive in the ARRI/ALEXA35/LOG folder on the USB medium. Privacy sensitive information such as WiFi password and look files are not exported.

# 8 Status Information and Overlays

The camera provides status information on the EVF and SDI outputs, with details presented at the top, bottom, and sides of the screen:

- Top Status Bar: Displays key settings, including sensor FPS, shutter angle, exposure index, ND filter, and white balance.
- Bottom Status Bar: Shows battery level, reel and clip information, camera status, remaining recording time, and timecode.
- Side Icons: Positioned on the left and right edges, these icons offer additional insights into the camera's current status.

In addition, overlays such as lens data and an electronic horizon can be enabled for enhanced monitoring.



#### Status Info Top

- 1 Display of the set sensor frame rate. The FPS label turns orange if the sensor frame rate does not match the project rate.
- 2 Display of the set shutter (shutter angle or exposure time).
- 3 Display of the lens iris, including fractions of a stop (if lens data is available). When using a lens extender, the iris value is displayed in brackets (recalculated value).
- **4** Display of the set exposure index.
- 5 Display of the set ND filter. The value is blinking while the filter changes.
- 6 Display of the set white balance.

#### Status Info Bottom

- 7 Display of the focal length of the lens (if lens data is available). When using a lens extender, the focal length value is displayed in brackets (recalculated value).
- 8 Displays the active power source (onboard battery (BAT) or power in (PWR)) and its supply level. If the level reaches the configured warning threshold, the value starts flashing orange.
- 9 Display of the current reel and clip number.

33

#### 10 Display of the camera status:

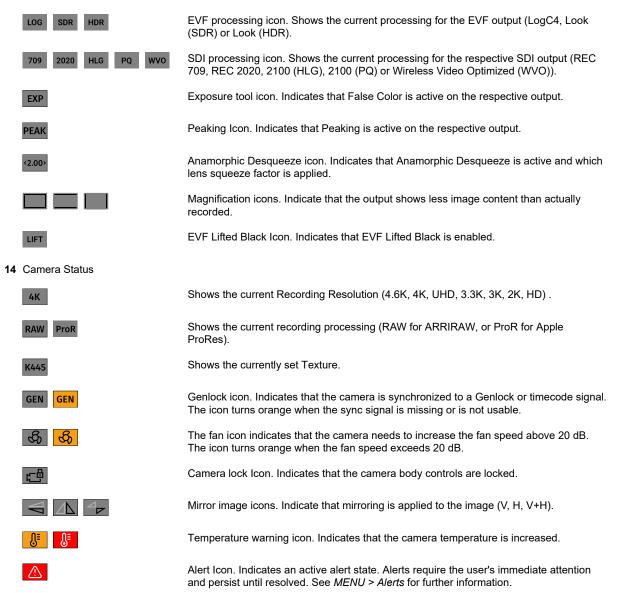
STBY	Standby - ready for recording.
PREREC	Prerecording.
REC	Recording.
PLAY	Camera is in playback mode.
ERASE	Medium erase in progress. Active erasing disables recording.
None	Idle, recording not possible (e.g. no media inserted, media is full).
ERROR	System error occured. See <i>MENU</i> > <i>Alerts</i> for details.

11 Display of the remaining capacity of the recording media at current sensor frame rate and codec, in real time. When media capacity is less than two minutes, capacity values starts flashing orange.

12 Display of the current timecode. The TC label turns orange if the sensor frame rate does not match the project rate.

#### Status Info Left

13 EVF / SDI 1 / SDI 2 Status



#### Status Info Right

15 Miscellaneous

LDS <sup>X</sup>	Indicates that the lens mount data interface has been disabled manually (e.g when custom lens tables are used).
° <del>C</del> ∎	USB icon. Indicates connected USB medium.
CAL CAL	Calibration icon. Indicates that lens motor calibration is required. The icon turns gray when calibration is in progress and expires when calibration has finished.
	WiFi Icon. Indicates that WiFi is active (host mode, client mode.) The client mode icon turns orange if the camera is not connected to a network.
Ψ7	White Radio icon. Indicates that White Radio is active and displays the set channel number.
0	Frame Grab icon. Indicates frame grabbing. The icon turns orange if frame grabbing failed (e.g. no USB medium is inserted).
350P	Diopter icon. Indicates that a diopter (Ensō Vintage Element, Signature Impression V, Front Diopter) is in use and which type it is.

#### 16 Audio Section



Internal microphone icons. Indicate that internal microphones are active/muted.

Audio meters. Indicate audio recording. Displays the current level of the audio channels. If audio recording is not possible (e.g. sensor fps != project frame rate), an orange speaker icon is displayed instead of the meters. Black markers at signal levels -20, -18, -9 dBFS for reference test tone. Yellow marker at -5 dBFS and red marker at -2 dBFS indicate a signal close to clipping. A red frame around the meter indicates a clipping at the A/D stage.

#### Overlays

- 17 Center marker, marks the center of the image to help in framing.
- **18** Frame line (here: ARRI 1:2.39)
- 19 Electronic Horizon overlay. Can be set to display numeric roll and tilt values.
- 20 The Master Grips / OCU-1 Control overlay indicates which axis is controlled by connected Master Grips and OCU-1. The overlay lights up white when there is control over the axis and gray when there is no control (e.g. no motor connected). The overlay flashes orange briefly when control of the axis is lost (e.g. through override from a hand unit).
- 21 The focus distance overlay displays the current focus distance (if lens data is available).
- 22 Distance measure overlay, displays readings from distance measurement devices connected to the SERIAL connector.
- 23 DoF overlay displaying the calculated depth of field near focus distance (if lens data is available).
- 24 DoF overlay displaying the calculated depth of field far focus distance (if lens data is available).
- 25 The intercom overlay (PROD or ENG) indicates that the intercom channel is open for speaking.
- 26 Tally overlay (red, green or yellow).

## Application of Status Info on Monitoring Outputs

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > EVF Overlays > Status Info to configure application of status information for the EVF.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Overlays > Status Info to configure application of status information for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Overlays > Status Info to configure application of status information for the SDI 2 output.

Following options are available:

Off	Status information is not displayed.
Overlay	Status information is displayed and overlaid on the captured image.
Safe	Status information is displayed around the captured image.

User Buttons *VF Status Info, SDI 1 Status Info* and *SDI 2 Status Info* support to quickly set the Status Info on the respective output.

## **Configuration of Status Info Components**

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > EVF Overlays > Status Components to configure the status components for the EVF.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Overlays > Status Components to configure the status components for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Overlays > Status Components to configure the status components for the SDI 2 output.

Following options are available:

Camera Index Letter	Displays the Camera Index Letter in the top right corner of the image (SDI only). Helps to identify camera image output when shooting with multiple cameras.	
Electronic Horizon	Displays a horizon overlay (19) representing the roll and tilt of the camera measured by the camera's position sensor. This sensor can be <u>"reset"</u> if it appears to have an offset.	
Show Numeric Values	Sub-option of Electronic Horizon. Shows the tilt and roll of the camera in degrees as measured by the camera's position sensor.	
Lens Data	Enables/disables iris (3) and focal length (7) overlays.	
Lens Focus Distance	Enables/disables focus distance overlay (21).	
Depth of Field	Enables/disables the depth of field overlays (23, 24).	
Distance Measure	Enables/disables status overlay of distance readings from a distance measure connected to the SERIAL connector (22).	
Master Grips / OCU-1 Control	Enables/disables status overlay of Master Grips / OCU-1 axis control (20).	
Info Left	Enables/disables the left section of the status info.	
Info Right	Enables/disables the right section of the status info.	
Info Top	Enables/disables the top section of the status info.	
Info Bottom	Enables/disables the bottom section of the status info.	
Audio	Enables/disables display of the audio levels (16).	
Timecode	Enables/disables display of the timecode (12).	

## **Overlay Brightness**

The camera allows adjusting the brightness of the status overlays.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > EVF Overlays > Overlay Brightness to adjust the overlay brightness for the EVF.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Overlays > Overlay Brightness to adjust the overlay brightness for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Overlays > Overlay Brightness to adjust the overlay brightness for the SDI 2 output.
- ► Set the overlay brightness in a range from **1** (the lowest brightness) to **4** (the highest brightness).

## Flip-out Monitor Status Bar

The flip-out monitor of the MVF-2 shows a slightly different status information than the EVF and the SDI outputs. When set to display the camera live image, a status bar is displayed below the image. The flip-out monitor status bar is separated into five pages:

Lens Data	Recording	Main Parameters	Audio and Timecode	Status Icons
	-1- 1- 178: 172.6 11 1280 ND 0.6 WE S600K	cha scr	e the left and right lower so ange the status bar (1) con een button (2) returns to di sters.	tent. The center lower

# 9 Main Parameters

### 9.1 **Project Settings**

The project settings menu contains settings that should be configured at the beginning of each project and can be found at *MENU* > *Recording* > *Project Settings*.

#### **Project Rate**

The project rate determines how many frames the timecode counts per second, and also determines the frame rate at which clips are played back.

Changing the project frame rate will automatically change the sensor frame rate and the SDI frame rates to the same frame rate. It is still possible to have different frame rates for these settings by changing the sensor frame rate or the SDI frame rates individually.

Select MENU > Recording > Project Settings > Project Rate.

Project Rate	Scan Format	Sensor Real-time Recording
23.976p	Progressive	23.976 fps
24p	Progressive	24 fps
25p	Progressive	25 fps
29.97p	Progressive	29.97 fps
30p	Progressive	30 fps
48p	Progressive	48 fps
50p	Progressive	50 fps
59.94p	Progressive	59.94 fps
60p	Progressive	60 fps

The following project rates are available:

#### **Next Reel Count**

The next reel count sets the reel number assigned to the next new recording medium. The camera will automatically increment the reel number each time a new recording medium is inserted, erased and recorded on. If a previously used media is reloaded in the camera (comparable to a short end of a film roll), it will keep its reel number and the camera will increment the reel count. If the media is loaded in another camera, it keeps its name, but a new folder with the according camera ID and reel number is created in the root folder of the media. It is possible, but usually not necessary, to manually change the next reel number.

- Select MENU > Recording > Project Settings > Next Reel Count.
- ▶ Set the desired next reel count between 0001 and 9999.

#### **Camera Index**

Each camera can be assigned a unique two character camera index so that you can identify the individual camera unit (A, B, C etc.) in clip and reel names. For additional information please see <u>"Clip Naming Scheme", page 62</u>.

Select MENU > Recording > Project Settings > Camera Index to set the camera index.

#### **Camera Index Color**

Set the color of the camera index letter displayed in the Status Info of the SDI outputs (e.g. to match it to the color coding of your cameras).

- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Overlays > Status Components > Camera Index Letter to display the camera index letter in the SDI 1 Status Info.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Overlays > Status Components > Camera Index Letter to display the camera index letter in the SDI 2 Status Info.
- ▶ Select MENU > Recording > Project Settings > Camera Index Color and set the camera index color

#### Lens Squeeze Factor

The lens squeeze factor determines the factor that is used for anamorphic desqueeze on the monitoring outputs when using anamorphic lenses. This value is also written into the metadata of the clip and allows video players and editing software to automatically desqueeze clips that have been shot with anamorphic lenses. Frame lines will automatically scale to the selected lens squeeze factor.

Select MENU > Recording > Project Settings > Lens Squeeze Factor and select the lens squeeze factor.

Following options are available:

1.00 1.25 1.30 1.33 1.50 1.65 1.80 1.85 2.00

<2.00>

The set lens squeeze factor is indicated through the desqueeze icon displayed in the Status Info (here: 2.00).

Info: The availability of the lens squeeze factors depends on the selected sensor mode.

### 9.2 Sensor Frame Rate

The sensor frame rate determines the amount of frames generated by the sensor in one second. For sync sound recording, the sensor frame rate matches the project speed. If you record a clip at a higher sensor frame rate than the project rate, a slow motion effect occurs during playback. Recording at a lower sensor frame rate results in a time lapse effect. The maximum possible sensor frame rate is dependent on the set Sensor Mode, Codec and used Compact Drive model (1 TB, 2 TB).

- ▶ Select HOME > FPS to set the sensor frame rate.
- Select a preset from the list or <u>add</u> a custom frame rate.



User Buttons *FPS Increase / Decrease* support to quickly change between FPS presets. User Button *FPS Preset* supports to switch to a defined frame rate.

### 9.3 Shutter

The electronic shutter of the camera can be adjusted from 5° - 356° shutter angle or 1 to 1/8000 seconds (depending on the set frame rate). The preferred shutter unit can be set by the user.

Select MENU > System > Shutter Unit.

Following options are available:

Shutter Angle

Converts exposure time into the angle of a virtual rotating mirror shutter as in film cameras. A fixed angle creates varying exposure times with varying frame rates. Exposure Time

Shows the effective sensor exposure time. With varying frame rates, it remains identical. **Info:** Maximum exposure time with a given frame rate is 1/fps, with a limit of 1/1 seconds. When the selected exposure time is no longer possible because you changed the frame rate, the camera uses the longest exposure time possible. For example, if you configured 1/25 s at 25 fps and you change the sensor fps to 50, the camera will use 1/50 s.

- ► Select HOME > SHUTTER to adjust the shutter.
- Select a preset from the list or <u>add</u> a custom shutter value to the list.

P

User Buttons *Shutter Increase / Decrease* support to quickly change between shutter presets.

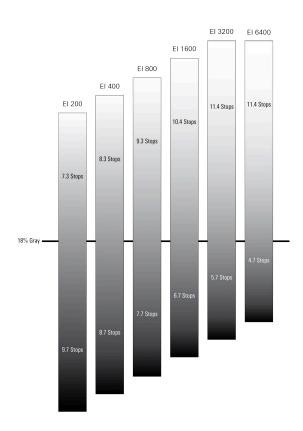
**Info:** The camera sensor is optimized for exposure times shorter than 1/24 s and image artifacts like individual overexposed pixels may appear when using longer exposure times.

### 9.4 Exposure Index

The exposure index selects which sensor signal becomes mid gray in the LogC4 image and consequently in the monitor image. Mid gray is encoded as 28% in the LogC4 signal. When the output is set to Rec. 709 and no look file is loaded that modifies the signal, mid gray becomes 40% in the video signal.

The LogC4 signal is exposure normalized. That means, when one closes (opens) the aperture and increases (decreases) the exposure index by an equivalent amount, mid gray stays at the same value.

Neither varying the exposure nor the exposure index changes the dynamic range of the sensor. By exposing the sensor differently, the distribution of the tonal range below and above mid gray changes. This is shown in the figure below.



The LogC4 encoding maintains a fixed relation between signal values and the relative exposure stops in the scene. For example, a signal value of 10% represents an exposure of 1.5 stops below mid gray (which is at a signal level of 28%). A signal value of 40% represents 2 stops above mid gray. These

relations stay constant regardless of the exposure index. Because the number of stops above mid gray that can be captured increases with decreasing exposure, the maximum of the LogC4 function will change with exposure index.

#### **Enhanced Sensitivity**

In addition to the regular exposure index from EI 160 to EI 6400, it is possible to choose EI 2560 to EI 6400 with Enhanced Sensitivity (ES) turned on. Enhanced Sensitivity is an in-camera noise reduction that provides cleaner images in low light. ES is an in-camera process, which means it is baked into ARRIRAW and ProRes files. There also are some frame rate and shutter limits, which will be shown in the Info Pane visible in the exposure index screen.

#### Setting the Exposure Index

► Select HOME > EI to set the exposure index.

Following options are available:

160	400	1000	2560	2560 ES
200	500	1280	3200	3200 ES
250	640	1600	4800	4800 ES
320	800	2000	6400	6400 ES



User Buttons *El Increase* and *El Decrease* support to quickly change the exposure index.

**Info**: If you change the exposure index during recording, you can only switch within normal EI or within EI with Enhanced Sensitivity, depending on which setting was selected at the start of recording.

### 9.5 ND Filter

The ALEXA 35 has a built-in motorized and sealed filter stage for Full Spectrum Neutral Density filters (FSND) with densities of 0.6, 1.2 and 1.8 (and an optical clear filter). In comparison to IRND filters, which have an uneven spectral behavior, or to an ordinary ND filter, which opens up at about 675 nm, the FSND filters offer a true, even light attenuation over the whole spectrum. This prevents artifacts from infrared wavelengths and the need for additional IR filters.

Select HOME > ND to set the ND filter.



User Buttons ND Increase / Decrease support to quickly change the ND filter.

#### ADVICE

When the camera is switched off via its *POWER* button, the built-in ND filters move to a safe transport position at the end of the power down countdown (no glass filter visible in the gate). This position provides better protection against strong impacts to the camera during transport. When the camera is switched on again, the previously set ND filter is restored.

### 9.6 White Balance

White Balance (WB) is the color balance of the camera that should be matched to the color temperature of the light in use. White balance is a red-blue adjustment of the image. To adjust the green-magenta balance, use the color compensation (CC) adjustment. For example, a fluorescent source will have

peaks in its spectrum that cannot be corrected with red-blue white balance alone. The CC shift can correct these peaks up to a full green or full magenta gel. One step of CC shift is equal to 035 Kodak CC values or 1/8 Rosco values.

- ► Select *HOME* > *WB* to set the white balance.
- Select a preset from the list or <u>add</u> a custom white balance.



User Buttons WB Increase / Decrease support to quickly change between white balance presets.

Automatic white balance calculates the white balance based on the camera's live image and overwrites the active white balance value. The result is stored as the first entry in the WB list.

Select HOME > WB and press Auto WB.

The monitoring outputs display an overlay indicating the area used for white balance calculation.

Press the Auto WB button again within one second to execute automatic white balance.

The calculated white balance is set and stored as the first entry in the white balance list.

**Info**: Under- or overexposed images may cause the automatic white balance to fail. Always trigger automatic white balance with properly exposed images.



User Button Auto WB supports to quickly execute an auto white balance.

### 9.7 Timecode

Timecode ensures that each frame of recorded material can be identified with a unique value and synchronized with the appropriate media, such as audio or the second camera in a multicamera application. In conjunction with other metadata, such as reel names, all recorded media retains its unique identity.

#### **Timecode Run Mode**

**Rec Run** timecode is often used on single camera productions that are either MOS or use a dumb slate to synchronize picture and sound. Rec Run timecode guarantees continuous timecode on all recorded data. The timecode increments only during recording, by one frame for each image generated by the sensor. Rec Run timecode also works with over- and undercranking.

**Free Run** timecode is often used on multi camera productions with sync sound, picture/sound timecode match and allows for easy syncing in post.

The camera can be set to timecode mode *Jam Sync*, in which it samples the timecode value once from the timecode connector and then continues counting based on its own high precision crystal clock. The timecode source can be disconnected from the camera after jamming in *Jam Sync* mode. This mode ensures stable timecode with an offset of less than one frame for each eight hours, after which the camera has to be re-jammed.

Alternatively, the camera can be set to timecode mode *Regen* (regenerate). In *Regen* mode, the camera uses the timecode value of the external timecode source. This ensures correct timecode for an infinite duration, but the timecode source must remain connected to the camera. Please note that while recording, the camera ignores external timecode and uses its internal clock to avoid potential timecode jumps, which can occur due to connection problems such as a faulty timecode cable for example.

► Select HOME > TC > Options > Run Mode.

Following options are available:

Rec Run

Timecode increases during recording only. The timecode value increases with every frame generated by the sensor while recording.

#### Free Run

Free Run timecode is only possible if the sensor frame rate matches the project rate. If the camera is over- or undercranking, the timecode frame rate will no longer match the sensor frame rate, and timecode values would either be duplicated or dropped. To prevent this, the camera will automatically switch to run mode *Rec Run* when the sensor frame rate is changed. When you set the sensor frame rate back to equal the project frame rate, the timecode will recall the previous free run timecode.

#### **Timecode Mode**

Depending on the timecode run mode, the camera offers various options for handling timecode. The timecode can either be counted by the camera itself or obtained from an external source.

Select HOME > TC > Options > Mode.

You have the following options:

Preset	The camera uses its internal counter and counts the timecode by itself.
Regen (Media)	The camera uses the end timecode of the last recorded clip and adds one frame count to it to use it as start timecode for the next recording. Info: This option is not available when <i>Run Mode</i> is set to <i>Free Run</i> .
Regen (TC In)	The camera takes the timecode from an external source connected to the TC In connector. The source must be permanently connected to the TC In connector. If the connection is in- terrupted or the signal fails, the camera continues to count internally and informs you of the missing source. When the source is reconnected, the camera takes over the time code of the external source again. <b>Info</b> : This option is not available when <i>Run Mode</i> is set to <i>Rec Run</i> .
Jam Sync (TC In)	The camera takes the timecode from an external source connected to the TC In connector and simultaneously tunes its internal timecode clock to match the clock of the timecode source. During this procedure, the timecode display on the HOME screen, on the timecode menu screen as well as on the Status Info is blinking. Jamming has finished when the timecode display stops flashing, now the timecode source can be disconnected. Info: This option is not available when <i>Run Mode</i> is set to <i>Rec Run</i> . Info: Jam-sync cannot be used in conjunction with genlock synchronization. Info: Due to the tuning mechanism, jamming the camera might take up to 30 seconds and a timeout is issued if tuning could not be completed after 60 seconds.

#### Setting the Timecode Manually

► Select HOME > TC > Options > Timecode to edit the timecode.

**Info:** Timecode can not be set manually when the *Timecode Mode* is set to either *Regen* or *Jam Sync*.

#### **Timecode Count Mode**

The Count Mode sets the preference for how timecode is counted when using non-integer project rates (29.97p, 59.94p).

Select HOME > TC > Options > Count Mode to set the count mode.

Following options are available:

Non-Dropframe

 
 Dropframe
 Timecode values are dropped with a defined pattern (frame counts 00 and 01 of every minute, except every 10th minute) to re-adjust for the drift. A semicolon between timecode seconds and frames indicates an active dropframe timecode.

#### **Timecode Offset**

You can apply an offset to LTC input signals to compensate for timecode offsets in external devices.

- ► Select HOME > TC > Options > TC Offset.
- ► Adjust the timecode offset in the range of -20 to +20 frames.

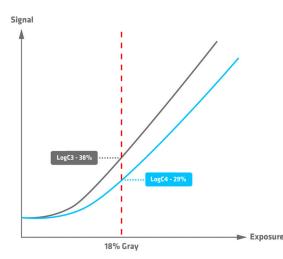
# 10 Look Settings10.1 Color Processing and Color Space

#### LogC4

ARRI cameras record and output images in the LogC wide gamut color space, designed to preserve the full range of color information and high dynamic range captured by ARRI's camera sensors. The LogC curve uses logarithmic encoding, maintaining a consistent relationship between exposure (measured in stops) and signal across a broad range. Its shape closely resembles the exposure curves of film negatives, ensuring a cinematic aesthetic.

ARRI LogC4 succeeds the earlier LogC3 encoding, which has been in use since 2011. It was specifically developed to optimize encoding precision and production usability for the expanded dynamic range of the ALEV4 sensor in the ALEXA 35.

Because of their different sensor technologies, LogC4 and LogC3 images differ in appearance. The original ALEXA sensor and the new ALEXA 35 sensor have distinct dynamic ranges, necessitating unique approaches to logarithmic encoding for each.



In a LogC4 image, 18% gray appears darker compared to LogC3. This is because the LogC4 curve extends further to the right in the graph, causing the 18% gray point to fall lower on the curve.

For further information please see the ARRI LogC4 Specification, available in the download section of the <u>ALEXA 35 Website</u>.

LogC employs scene-based encoding, where the signal level rises consistently with each increase in exposure, measured in stops. This approach, combined with ARRI's wide gamut color space, closely resembles the characteristics of film scan files and is ideal for preserving image information. To display LogC material accurately on SDR or HDR monitors (Rec. 709/Rec. 2020) or for digital projection (P3), the image must be tone-mapped and transformed into the target color space. This conversion is typically achieved using a 3D Look-Up Table (3D LUT).

A set of pre-generated Look-Up Tables can be downloaded here

#### **VF Processing**

Select MENU > Image > Look > VF Processing to set the processing for the EVF and the Monitor. Following options are available:

LogC4	Images are output in LogC4 on EVF and the Monitor.	
Look (SDR)	The active look is applied to EVF and the Monitor in SDR.	
Look (EVF: HDR, Mon: SDR)	The active look is applied to EVF in HDR. The Monitor remains in SDR mode.	

HDR The applied processing is indicated by the processing icon in the status information of the viewfinder outputs.



LOG

SDR

User Buttons VF Check LogC4, VF Check HDR and VF Processing support to quickly configure VF Processing.

#### **SDI Processing**

- Select MENU > Image > Look > SDI 1 Processing to set the processing for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Image > Look > SDI 2 Processing to set the processing for the SDI 2 output. Following options are available:

LogC4

Wireless Video Optimized LogC4

Images are output in LogC4 on the respective SDI output.

Wireless video transmission systems are designed with compression schemes optimized for final image signals, such as Rec.709. When these systems are used to transmit a log signal—which is darker and has lower contrast—they may be pushed to the limits of their operating range. This can lead to compression artifacts, which are more pronounced due to the characteristics of a log signal.

Wireless Video Optimized (WVO) LogC4 is an intermediate encoding format for SDI outputs, specifically designed to enhance monitoring image quality when transmitting LogC4 signals via wireless video transmitters.

At the receiving end, the WVO LogC4 signal must be decoded using a corresponding WVO LogC4 decoding LUT before applying any further color transformations, such as LUTs or CDLs. This decoding LUT can either be loaded directly into the wireless receiver or serve as the initial step in your on-set color workflow:



The decoding LUT converts the signal back to a standard LogC4 format, allowing it to be processed exactly as if LogC4 had been transmitted directly from the start.

Download the decode LUT from the ARRI website: LogC4 WVO decode LUT package.

#### ATTENTION

Please note that a WVO-encoded image without the decoding LUT is incompatible with LogC4 LUTs or image analysis tools, such as false color displays on monitors. Evaluating images without the decoding LUT may lead to incorrect assessments and could cause significant exposure problems.

For further information please see the <u>Wireless Video Optimized LogC4 White</u> <u>Paper</u>.

Look



User Buttons *SDI 1 Check LogC4* and *SDI 2 Check LogC4* support to temporarily set the respective output processing to *LogC4*.

The active look is applied to the respective SDI output.

#### **SDI Color Space**

- Select MENU > Image > Look > SDI 1 Color Space
- Select MENU > Image > Look > SDI 2 Color Space Following options are available:

REC 709 (SDR) REC 2020 (SDR) REC 2100 / PQ (HDR) REC 2100 / HLG (HDR)

**Info**: If a look file with custom color management is used, the color space selection is limited to the color spaces specified in the look file.



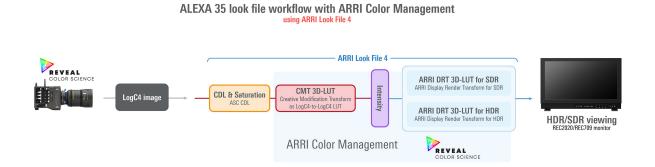
The applied processing is indicated by the processing icon in the status information of the respective SDI output.

### 10.2 Look File ALF4

The ALEXA 35 features an updated version of the ARRI Look File. Unlike the previous ALF2 version, which included both the creative intent and the conversion to a display color space, the new ALF4 version is a log-to-log file that solely carries the creative intent. This allows the ALF4 file to be used across multiple target color spaces, enabling simultaneous viewing of SDR and HDR images with the same look. ALF4 look files can be created using the <u>ARRI Reference Tool</u>.

The conversion of the LogC4 image to a display color space is handled by in-camera Display Render Transforms (DRTs). These DRTs are meticulously designed to convert the image to the most common display color spaces (REC 709, REC 2020, REC 2100 PQ, REC 2100 HLG), ensuring visually appealing, cinematic results. They are an integral part of the REVEAL Color Science process and can also be downloaded from the ARRI website as an ARRI LogC4 LUT package.

Starting with the ALEXA 35 Software Update Package SUP 1.2.1 and ARRI Reference Tool version 1.4.0, users now have the option to create an ALF4c look file using their own custom Display Render Transforms (DRTs).



The graphic above illustrates the structure of a "classic" ALF4 look file. The creative intent embedded in a look file as a Log-to-Log LUT is referred to as the Creative Modification Transform (CMT). The CMT allows complete control over the image within the LogC4/AWG4 color space. The look files provided by ARRI incorporate the official ARRI Display Render Transforms (DRTs) for SDI outputs, including REC 709, REC 2020, REC 2100 PQ, and REC 2100 HLG.



#### ALEXA 35 look file workflow with Custom Color Management

This graphic illustrates the structure of an ALF4c look file that utilizes a custom Display Render Transform. In addition to the creative intent, it defines separate target color spaces for the SDI outputs —one for SDR and another for HDR.

The Look setting and the SDI Color Space setting provide an indication of whether you are using a Look file with ARRI's standard color management or with Custom Color Management:

export rename/duplicate	delete	SDI 1 Color Space
		REC 709 (SDR)
	Look Intensity	REC 2020 (SDR)
Default	Color Management	REC 2100 / PQ (HDR) Color Management ARRI Color
	ARRI Color Management	REC 2100 / HLG (HDR)
cancel add	set	cancel set

To differentiate the look files, those using ARRI Color Management retain the .alf4 extension, while look files with Custom Color Management use the .alf4c extension.

To use custom color management, you will need ARRI Reference Tool version 1.4.0 or later, which allows you to create ALF4c look files for custom color management.

For more information and instructions on how to create look files with custom color management, please read the corresponding white papers found in the <u>Technical Downloads</u> section on the ARRI website.

#### ADVICE

ALF1 look files are used with the ALEXA Classic and ALEXA XT. ALF2 look files are compatible with the AMIRA, ALEXA Mini, ALEXA SXT, ALEXA LF, ALEXA Mini LF, and ALEXA 65. ALF4 files are designed for use with ALEXA 35 cameras, while ALF4c files are available for use with ALEXA 35 starting from SUP 1.2.1 and later.

### **10.3 Setting the Look**

- ► Select MENU > Image > Look > Look.
- Select a look from the list or <u>add</u> a look from an inserted USB medium or the defaults list.

#### **ARRI Look Library**

The ARRI Look Library is a collection of 87 looks that are available pre-installed in-camera. Due to their variety, the looks cater to a lot of different shooting scenarios.

The looks are numbered within nine themed groups: Application, Black-and-White, Contrast, Environment, Film, Period, Season, Special, and Tinted. In a sense, the looks can be thought of as being similar to different film stocks, each providing a unique but repeatable aesthetic when combined with the cinematographer's choice of lenses. The ALEXA 35 includes the new LogC4 version of the ARRI Look Library. For further information about the ARRI Look Library, please visit the <u>ARRI Look Library Microsite</u> or the <u>ARRI Look Library FAQs</u>.

- ▶ Select MENU > Image > Look > Look > Add > Look Lib.
- ▶ Select a look from the list and press *IMPORT* to add the look to the installed looks list.
- ▶ Import further looks from the Look Library or press CANCEL to exit.

#### Look Duplicate and Rename

- ► Select MENU > Image > Look > Look.
- ▶ Select a look from the list and press DUPLICATE / RENAME.
- Enter a new name and press SET to rename the look, or press DUPLICATE and then SET to duplicate the look.

Info: The Default look can not be renamed.

#### Look Export

Look files can be exported to the USB medium to be sent to post production or to be imported on other cameras.

- ▶ Insert the USB medium into the camera.
- ► Select MENU > Image > Look > Look.
- Select a look from the list and press EXPORT.

The look file is stored in folder ARRI/ALEXA35/LOOKFILES on the USB medium.

### 10.4 Look Intensity

The Look Intensity controls the degree to which the look is applied to the LogC4 image, with 100% representing a fully applied look and 0% resulting in a standard LogC4 image. The look intensity value is stored as metadata within the ALF4 look file. When the look is loaded, the camera reads this metadata and applies the corresponding intensity. This allows the look intensity to be adjusted as needed, offering flexibility in how the look is applied.

Select MENU > Image > Look > Look Intensity to set the look intensity of the active look between 10% and 100%.

**Info:** Look Intensity can not be adjusted when using look files with custom color management (.alf4c look files).

### 10.5 Live Painting

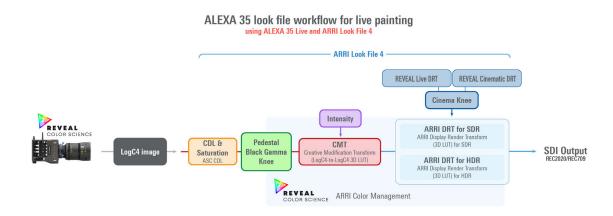
Live Painting, introduced with the ALEXA 35 Live, offers an enhanced level of control for live production workflows. It builds on the cinematic ASC CDL look adjustments by incorporating familiar shading parameters like Pedestal, Black Gamma, Lift, and Knee. These parameters can be remotely controlled using the ARRI Camera Access Protocol (CAP), an IP-based API that allows for remote control and monitoring of ARRI cameras over a network connection.

When Live Painting is enabled, the Display Rendering Transform (DRT) switches to the Live REVEAL DRT, which features a raised diffuse white point to better align with ITU recommendations and the aesthetic needs of live production. This adjustment targets a diffuse white point of 203 nits for HDR production, while the Cinematic REVEAL DRT targets 100 nits. For users who prefer a different approach, ARRI Look Files with Custom Color Management (.ALF4c files) can be used to override the internal DRT, allowing for custom rendering or even the option to load the cinematic REVEAL rendering if desired.

A new shading parameter introduced with the ALEXA 35 Live is Cinema Knee. This parameter allows productions to dynamically adjust the intensity of the cinematic rendering in their image. It serves as a blend between the traditional ITU-style Live REVEAL DRT and the Cinematic REVEAL DRT, controlling key cinematic rendering qualities such as contrast, skin-tone handling, highlight bleaching, and roll-off. This feature enables users to fine-tune cinematic rendering elements in real-time, tailoring them to the

specific needs of the production.

To maintain consistent and reliable performance, the Cinema Knee parameter is unavailable when an ARRI Look File with Custom Color Management (.ALF4c file) is loaded, as the look has already been pre-defined. However, all other shading parameters remain accessible.



Select MENU > Image > Look > Live Painting to enable Live Painting.

**Info:** The Multicam license is required for the use of Live Painting. **Info:** To use live painting, an editable look must be loaded. Live Painting cannot be applied to the *Default* look.

Туре	Parameter	Default	Range
CDL	CDL.Slope.Master CDL.Slope.R CDL.Slope.G CDL.Slope.B	1.0	0.5 to 2.0
	CDL.Offset.Master CDL.Offset.R CDL.Offset.G CDL.Offset.B	0.0	-0.5 to 0.5
	CDL.Power.Master CDL.Power.R CDL.Power.G CDL.Power.B	1.0	0.5 to 2.0
	CDL.Saturation	1.0	0.0 to 2.0
Pedestal (Master Black)	MC.Pedestal.Master MC.Pedestal.R MC.Pedestal.G MC.Pedestal.B	0.0	-1.0 to 1.0
Black Gamma	MC.BlackGamma.Master MC.BlackGamma.R MC.BlackGamma.G MC.BlackGamma.B	0.0	-1.0 to 1.0
Lift	MC.Lift.Master MC.Lift.R MC.Lift.G MC.Lift.B	0.0	-1.0 to 1.0
RGB White	MC.WhiteGain.Master MC.WhiteGain.R MC.WhiteGain.G MC.WhiteGain.B	0.0	-1.0 to 1.0
Knee	MC.Knee	0.0	0.0 to 1.0
Cinema Knee	MC.CinemaKnee	1.0	0.0 to 1.0

Live Painting supports the modification of the following shading parameters:

# 11 ARRI Textures

ARRI digital cameras have always featured a 'texture' setting, which is embedded in the sensor's image capture process and applied to the ARRIRAW and ProRes outputs. This setting includes various finely adjusted parameters that control both the amount and the character of grain in the image. It also affects the contrast at different levels of detail, influencing the perceived sharpness, or Modulation Transfer Function (MTF) curve.

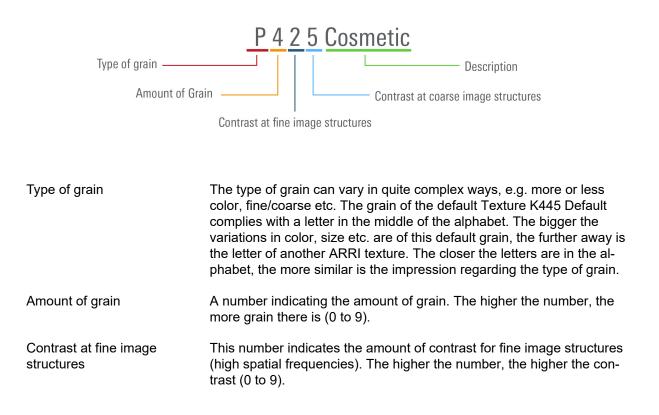
Until now, ARRI cameras were pre-programmed with a single, fixed texture setting optimized for a broad range of shooting scenarios. However, the ALEXA 35 offers cinematographers the flexibility to move beyond this default setting, providing access to a growing selection of ARRI Textures, each tailored for specific applications. This feature allows cinematographers to significantly alter how the camera captures images, offering greater creative control.

The three primary texture characteristics—grain volume, grain character, and perceived sharpness are driven by approximately 30 image processing settings that take place early in the imaging chain, even before the ARRIRAW image is generated. Given the complex interactions between many of these steps, providing full access to all settings via a user interface would be excessively complicated. Instead, we have grouped practical combinations of these settings into individual ARRI Texture files. The camera comes with several pre-installed ARRI Textures, developed in close collaboration with select cinematographers. These textures are applied to the image prior to the exposure index setting, which controls the camera's sensitivity, and before the ARRI Look File processing, which manages color. Since ARRI Textures are applied during image processing before the ARRIRAW image is created, they are always baked into both ARRIRAW and ProRes outputs.

When using a texture other than the K445 Default texture, it is crucial to test the ARRI Textures during preproduction in the best possible viewing environment. A texture that appears correct in a DI suite or on a high-end display may be very subtle or even imperceptible when viewed through the camera's viewfinder or on its SDI outputs. Therefore, we recommend testing ARRI Textures in preproduction on a large (at least 30-inch) high-quality UHD 4K monitor, preferably in HDR. The best practice is to view the images on an HDR 4K grading display to ensure accurate evaluation.

#### **Naming Scheme**

ARRI Texture names are composed of two parts: a technical summary of the texture and a descriptive word or phrase that conveys its characteristics. While ARRI Textures encompass around 30 image processing settings, we've distilled them into four key attributes for the technical summary, allowing you to quickly understand what to expect from each texture.



Contrast at coarse image structures	This number indicates the amount of contrast for coarse image struc- tures (low spatial frequencies). The higher the number, the higher the contrast (0 to 9).
Description	A descriptive name of the texture.

Select MENU > Image > Texture > Texture to set the Texture. Following options are available:

F567 Clarity	A texture designed to work for any kind of footage, with increased sharpness and detail compared to the <i>K445 Default</i> texture. The Clarity textures are a perfect choice for land-scape shots. Works best for low to mid EI settings.
F578 High Clarity	A texture designed to work for any kind of footage, with even more detail compared to the <i>K445 Default</i> texture. The Clarity textures are a perfect choice for landscape shots. Works best for low to mid EI settings.
G522 Soft Nostalgic	A grainy texture with a subtle vintage feel, designed to render some unsaturated grain and a softer character. Little softer vintage Texture than <i>G733 Nostalgic</i> . Perfect for all El settings.
G733 Nostalgic	A grainy texture with a vintage feel, designed to render a lot of grain and a soft charac- ter. The unsaturated grain type was created based on direct feedback from cinematogra- phers. Perfect for all EI settings.
H457 Deep Shadow	A texture designed for the darkest shots. This texture has low noise, and the remaining grain is less saturated. It has higher clarity and even more shadow detail retention than the <i>L345 Shadow</i> texture. Works best for mid to high EI settings.
K445 Default	The <i>K445 Default</i> texture is designed to work well for all subject matters and settings, while making the most of the camera's cinematic strengths. It is forgiving on skin, but also renders images with exceptional clarity and detail, which makes it also a perfect texture for green screen shots. This is also the texture to use when shooting with ALEXA 35 and previous ARRI digital cameras, as it closely matches those cameras textures. Perfect for all EI settings.
L345 Shadow	A texture based on the <i>K445 Default</i> texture, with lower noise and grain optimized for im- ages with a lot of dark content. The visible grain emulates the look of grain in the toe of color negative film and is more pleasing in darker scenes. Works best for mid to high El settings.
P425 Cosmetic	A softer texture, very close to the cinematic <i>K445 Default</i> , especially recommended for rendering skin tones. More forgiving on skin while keeping structures and highlights pro- nounced. Low to moderate grain. Perfect for all EI settings.

Installing the Multicam license makes additional Textures available. These Textures are designed for use in live production environments and have been created to achieve increased sharpness and detail.

The Multicam Shapening textures offer low grain for clean images and work best at low to medium EI settings. At higher EI settings, it is advisable to choose between MCS0 and MCS3 to avoid over-sharpening the higher EI noise features. The MCS4 and MCS5 tex- tures are best suited for low to medium EI settings and are not recommended for high EI settings, as these multicam textures can accentuate the grain at higher EI values above 2000 ASA. ARRI recommends starting with MCS3 as a starting point for sharpness/detail settings when matching to competitors camera systems. If there is a desire for a softer or more cinematic texture rendering, it is recommended to use the standard K445 Default Texture or the MCS0 Texture for the lowest sharpness. If

The applied Texture is indicated by the texture icon in the status information of EVF and SDI 1/2. For additional information on ARRI Textures, please visiti the <u>Textures Website</u>.

# 12 Recording

# 12.1 Recording Medium

#### A CAUTION



Hot Surfaces on Recording Media

During extended operation, high data rates and/or operation at high ambient temperatures, the recording media in the camera can get hot to the touch and can cause pain or even burns if held for too long directly after removal.

- Do not handle the recording media for longer than three seconds and remove it quickly but carefully.
- Consider to wear protective gloves when removing the recording media or allow it to cool down beforehand.
- Do not put any labels or adhesive tape on the recording media (especially the side facing the camera body). The recording media must have full contact to the thermal surface inside the camera to ensure proper heat conduction.

#### ADVICE



**Recording Media Damage due to improper Handling** Damage to the Recording Media or Loss of Data.

- Always insert the recording media as described in this document.
- Keep the media door closed to prevent dirt and moisture from entering the camera.
- Do not put any labels or adhesive tape on the recording media. The metal surface is used for cooling. A hot medium can have reduced performance. The plastic surface can easily be broken off when a label is removed.
- ▶ Never remove a drive while recording this may damage the recorded clip.
- If the recording process is interrupted by power loss or drive removal, transfer all the data from the drive and format it before using it again.
- While we do everything we can to assure reliable functioning of different recording media such as Codex Compact Drives, and while the mean time before failure (mtbf) for drives is excellent, a failure that results in loss of data may occur at any time. Therefore, you are obliged to implement and maintain at any time adequate and necessary data security measures and back up drive content as soon as possible. ARRI assumes or accepts no liability or responsibility for data loss or data corruption, or any other damages, loss or harm due to malfunction of recording drives.

#### ADVICE

A maximum of 400 clips can be recorded on a drive. When the maximum of 400 clips is reached, the recording media will be declared as full and further recording onto the media is not possible.

#### **Codex Compact Drives**

The Codex Compact Drive is designed to meet the demanding needs of creative professionals using the ALEXA Mini LF and ALEXA 35. It offers robust mechanical protection, efficient cooling, and a reliable connector for its high-speed integrated flash memory. Available in capacities of 1 TB (960 GB usable) and 2 TB (1920 GB usable), the Compact Drive is optimized for different recording needs.

The 2 TB version provides approximately double the speed for all ARRIRAW formats on the ALEXA 35, although there is no additional speed advantage for the ALEXA Mini LF beyond its increased storage capacity. At 24 fps in ARRIRAW 4.6K 3:2 Open Gate, the recording times are around 25 minutes for the 1 TB drive and 50 minutes for the 2 TB drive. In Apple ProRes 4444 4K 16:9 at 24 fps, the recording times extend to about 90 minutes for the 1 TB drive and 180 minutes for the 2 TB drive.

The camera records data to the ARRI UDF file system, which can be accessed by operating systems without requiring special software. Direct access to recorded media is possible via the USB-C Codex Compact Drive Reader, the Compact Drive Dock, or an SXR Capture Drive Dock with a Compact Drive Adapter.

Compact Drives are rated for use in environments with temperatures ranging from 0 °C to 70 °C (32 °F to 158 °F). If the drive is inserted below 0 °C, the camera will enter an alert mode and block access to the drive until it warms to the minimum operating temperature. Once the drive reaches the specified temperature range, the camera will resume loading the media and return to normal operation.

#### Inserting the Codex Compact Drive

- To access the media slot, slide the media door release downwards so that the spring loaded media door jumps open.
- With the contact pins first and the Codex label side facing out (away from the camera body), gently insert the drive into the slot until it locks.
- Gently close the media door. Do not force the door closed if the drive is not fully inserted. Do not force the drive into the slot in wrong orientation the contacts could be damaged.

#### **Removing the Codex Compact Drive**

Compact Drives do not have to be unmounted prior to removal, they can be removed whenever the drive LED shows solid green.

- Slide the media door release downwards so that the spring loaded media door jumps open.
- Grab the drive with your thumb and index finger and gently pull it out the media slot.

#### **Erasing the Recording Medium**

#### ADVICE

When erasing the recording medium, all data is completely erased and cannot be recovered afterwards. Make sure that all data has been copied from the medium before erasing.

Do not disconnect the camera from the power supply or turn it off while erasing.

Do not remove the recording medium while erasing.

Before using a Codex Compact Drive with the camera, it must first be formatted within the camera to establish the required file system. Codex Capture Drives are initially formatted with the UDF file system, which is read-only for computers, and are labeled as ARRI\_UDF until the first clip is recorded. After a clip is recorded, the drive's name is updated to reflect the camera's index letter and the current reel number.

Select MENU > Media > Erase Media.



The camera informs you whether there are clips on the medium (red dialogue) or not (orange dialogue). This information only refers to clips that were recorded with an ALEXA 35 or an ALEXA Mini LF, but not to other files that the user has saved on the medium.

Press ERASE twice to start erasing the medium, or press CANCEL to cancel.

- ▶ Select Side Display > Settings > Erase Media.
- ▶ Press YES to start erasing the medium, press NO to cancel.

#### **Compact Drive LED States**

LED State	Media State
Solid Green	Drive is in standby, ready to record and safe to remove.
Solid Red	Read/write access during Playback or Recording. Do not remove the drive. Info: As recording is stopped, it takes a few seconds to finalize the recorded clip. During this time, the drive should not be removed.
Blue flashing	Drive is being loaded or unloaded.
Red flashing	Drive error, see <i>MENU &gt; Alerts</i> for details.
Off	Drive cannot be accessed. Please try reinserting the drive. If the problem persists, check the drive state with Codex Device Manager.

#### Media Info

▶ Select MENU > Info > Media Info for additional information on the inserted medium.

### 12.2 Recording Codec

#### MXF (Material eXchange Format)

Both ARRIRAW and Apple ProRes files are stored within an MXF (Material eXchange Format) container, which can encapsulate video, audio, and metadata. The internal structure of MXF files follows specific Operational Patterns (OP). ARRI cameras use the OP1a format, which combines video, audio, and metadata into a single file. This approach is particularly beneficial for both capturing and archiving, as it ensures all data is stored together, reducing the risk of data loss during unexpected recording interruptions. Furthermore, OP1a is a streaming-compatible format, enabling recovery and access to even incomplete files up to the last recorded frame.

#### ARRIRAW

ARRIRAW data offers uncompressed, unencrypted image quality, preserving the highest resolution along with the camera's native color response and exposure range. This format captures raw, unprocessed sensor data in a single channel. A color reconstruction algorithm is then used to generate the missing color components for each pixel, based on the pattern and arrangement of the colored filters (Bayer pattern) on the camera sensor.

ARRIRAW de-bayering is available solely through the ARRI Imaging SDK, which is integrated into the ARRI Reference Tool (ART) and is broadly supported by major post-production software for dailies processing and final mastering.

The camera automatically creates a CRC32C checksum for the image data in each ARRIRAW frame. This checksum, stored in the image header, enables tools like the ARRI Reference Tool to verify that the ARRIRAW image data remains intact during copying. It's important to note that the checksum only validates the image data, not the entire file. Furthermore, when transferring from the Compact Drive to a computer—or later—ARRIRAW file sizes can be reduced by up to 40% using Codex High Density Encoding (HDE) technology, in conjunction with the ARRIRAW HDE Transcoder app.

#### **Apple ProRes**

Recording in Apple ProRes is a cost efficient alternative to shooting ARRIRAW, as it requires less storage space and no further processing in post.

**Info:** Apple ProRes is a variable bit rate (VBR) codec. As a result, the remaining recording time on the media may vary, being either shorter or longer than the estimate provided by the camera, depending on the content of the images being recorded.

▶ Select Menu > Recording > Recording Codec to set the desired recording codec.

Following options are available:

Apple ProRes 422 HQ	12-bit LogC4 YCbCr	Use for high quality TV production. Suitable for creative color correction.
Apple ProRes 4444	12-bit LogC4 YCbCr	Use for high quality TV and cinema production. Very suitable for creative col- or correction and visual effects work such as pulling mattes.
Apple ProRes 4444 XQ	12-bit LogC4 YCbCr	The ideal choice for productions that are shooting for premium image quality, are looking for extreme color grading and want to preserve the superior tonal range of ARRI's Log C signal.
ARRIRAW	13 bit log	Use for cinema production, visual effects and high quality TV. It is the best format for creative color correction, visual effects work and archiving.



The set recording codec is indicated by the codec icon in the status information of EVF and SDI.

**Info:** Changing between ARRIRAW and Apple ProRes may require a camera reboot. **Info:** The Cine license is required for the use of ARRIRAW.

### 12.3 Sensor Mode & Recording Resolution

The sensor mode determines the size of the area on the sensor that is read out. This affects the maximum possible frame rate, the maximum data rate, and which lenses can be used. The sensor mode naming is composed of the number of horizontal photo sites in "K" (a thousand) and the aspect ratio used on the sensor.

The recording resolution is the resolution of the file that is being recorded in camera. Most of the time the number of photo sites read from the sensor and the number of pixels recorded are identical, in some other cases, as for instance in 4K 16:9 - 2K, the number of photo sites read out from the sensor is larger than the number of pixels recorded into the file.

- ► Select *Menu* > *Recording* > *Sensor Mode* to select the desired Sensor Mode.
- Select *Menu > Recording > Recording Resolution* to select the associated Recording Resolution.

**Info:** Changing between Sensor Modes may require a camera reboot. **Info:** The Recording Resolution is set automatically if a Sensor Mode offers only one associated Recording Resolution.

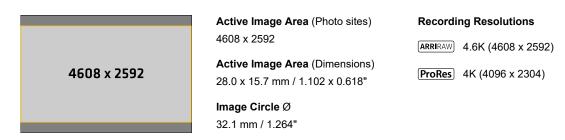
#### 4.6K 3:2 Open Gate

4.6K 3:2 Open Gate provides maximum image quality, resolution, and flexibility in post for many spherical and anamorphic lenses in an image area slightly larger than traditional Super 35 film specifications. The Cine license is required for the use of sensor mode 4.6K 3:2 Open Gate.

4608 x 3164	Active Image Area (Photo sites) 4608 x 3164	<b>Recording Resolutions</b>
		ARRIRAW 4.6K (4608 x 3164)
	Active Image Area (Dimensions) 28.0 x 19.2 mm / 1.102 x 0.756"	ProRes 4.6K (4608 x 3164)
	Image Circle Ø 33.9 mm / 1.337"	

#### 4.6K 16:9

Full sensor width recording in a 16:9 format that suits many spherical Super 35 and all large format lenses, with room for flexibility in post. Lower data rate than 4.6K 3.2 Open Gate. The Cine License is required for the use of sensor mode 4.6K 16:9.



#### 4K 16:9

4K 16:9 mimics the traditional spherical Super 35 film format for maximum lens compatibility. Multiple in-camera downsampling options provide lower data rates. The Cine license is required for the use of ARRIRAW.

|--|

Active Image Area (Photo sites) 4096 x 2304

Active Image Area (Dimensions) 24.9 x 14.0 mm / 0.980 x 0.551"

Image Circle Ø 28.6 mm / 1.125"

#### **Recording Resolutions**

 ARRIRAW
 4K (4096 x 2304)

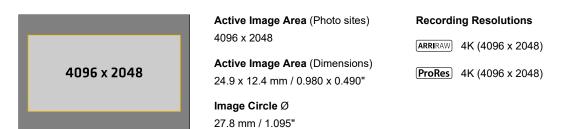
 ProRes
 4K (4096 x 2304)

 UHD (3840 x 2160)
 2K (2048 x 1152)

 HD (1920 x 1080)
 HD (1920 x 1080)

#### 4K 2:1

4K 2:1 was designed for shooting with all spherical Super 35 and large format lenses for a target deliverable of 2:1, fulfilling 4K mandates. The Cine license is required for the use of ARRIRAW.



#### 3.8K 16:9

For projects using spherical lenses for a 16:9 UHD deliverable. Smaller sensor area than sensor mode '4.6K 16:9' ensures that most S35 format lenses cover. Lower data rate and higher fps than sensor modes '4.6K 3:2 Open Gate' and '4.6K 16:9'. The Cine license is required for the use of ARRIRAW.

	Active Image Area (Photo sites)	<b>Recording Resolutions</b>			
	3840 x 2160	(ARRIRAW) UHD (3840 x 2160)			
3840 x 2160	Active Image Area (Dimensions) 23.3 x 13.1 mm / 0,918" x 0.516"	ProRes UHD (3840 x 2160)			
	Image Circle Ø 26.8 mm / 1.054"				

#### 3.3K 6:5

For projects using 2x anamorphic Super 35 lenses for a target deliverable of 2.39:1. Negates necessity of cropping 4:3 footage and fulfills 4K mandates. The Cine License is required for the use of sensor mode 3.3K 6:5.



Active Image Area (Photo sites) 3328 x 2790

Active Image Area (Dimensions) 20.2 x 16.9 mm / 0.796 x 0.693"

Image Circle Ø 26.4 mm / 1.039"

#### **Recording Resolutions**

ARRIRAW 3.3K (3328 x 2790) ProRes 3.3K (3328 x 2790)

> 4K 2.39:1 Ana. 2x (4096 x 1716)

#### 3K 1:1

3K 1:1 was designed for shooting with 2x anamorphic lenses for a target deliverable of 2:1, fulfilling 4K mandates. The Cine License is required for the use of sensor mode 3K 1:1.

		Active Image Area (Photo sites)	<b>Recording Resolutions</b>			
		3072 x 3072	(3072 x 3072) <b>ARRIRAW</b>			
3072 x 3072	Active Image Area (Dimensions) 18.7 x 18.7 mm / 0.737 x 0.737"	ProRes 3K (3072 x 3072) 3.8K 2:1 Ana. 2x				
		Image Circle Ø	(3840 x 1920)			
		26.4 mm / 1.041"				

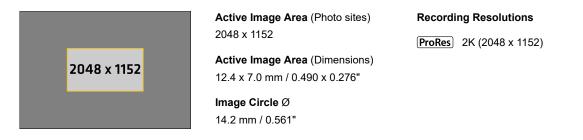
#### 2.7K 8:9

For projects shooting with 2x anamorphic lenses for a target deliverable of 16:9, fulfilling 4K mandates. Desqueeze applied in-camera. The Cine License is required for the use of sensor mode 2.7K 8:9.

	Active Image Area (Photo sites) 2743 x 3086	Recording Resolutions
2743 x 3086	Active Image Area (Dimensions) 16.7 x 18.8 mm / 0.656 x 0.738"	(3840 x 2160)
	Image Circle Ø 25.1 mm / 0.988"	

#### 2K 16:9 S16

2K 16:9 S16 mimics the traditional Super 16 format for use with Super 16 lenses or as an in-camera center crop.



For additional information please see "Data Rates, Recording Times and Max. FPS", page 125.

### 12.4 Starting Recording

The camera supports various ways to start and stop recording. Recording can be started and stopped by

- The REC button on the camera body, the MVF-2 and ARRI hand units such as the WCU-4 and Hi-5
- The Camera Companion App
- The Remote Switch RS-4, connected to the camera's RS connector
- Through WiFi / Ethernet, using the Web Remote or applications communicating via CAP (Camera Access Protocol)



User button Record Start/Stop supports to start and stop recording.

User buttons can be assigned to e.g. the ARRI Master Grips, the Operator Control Unit OCU-1 and the General Purpose I/O Box

Starting recording returns the MVF-2 as well as the side display to their HOME screen and disables access to sensor fps, timecode, shutter, auto white balance, erase media, playback and most menu settings.

### 12.5 Prerecording

Prerecording writes images into an internal ring buffer for up to 20 seconds in real time instead of recording them directly to the recording medium. When regular recording starts, the buffered images are written to the recorded clip. This allows unpredictable events to be captured without wasting media capacity. The maximum available duration of Prerecording is determined by the set combination of sensor frame rate, recording codec and sensor mode, but can also be set by the user within these limits.

The Cine license is required for the use of Prerecording.



Prerecording can only be started and stopped using a user button assigned with *Prerecording*.

- Select MENU > User Buttons and assign Prerecording to the desired button.
- Press the user button to start Prerecording.
- Press the user button again to end Prerecording or press the REC button to start regular recording. Info: When ending Prerecording, the ring buffer is cleared.

**Info:** While Prerecording is active, timecode, shutter, sensor fps, auto white balance, erase media, playback and most menu settings cannot be accessed.

#### **Setting the Prerecording Duration**

Select MENU > Recording > Prerecording max. Duration and set the maximum duration used for Prerecording in a range from 1 to 20 seconds.

The available Prerecording duration depends on the set Codec, Sensor Mode and Recording Resolution:

Sensor Mode	Recording Resolution	Codec	Prerec Duration @ 24fps		
		ARRIRAW	2.8 s		
4.6K 3:2 Open Gate	4.6K (4608 x 3164)	Apple ProRes 422 HQ Apple ProRes 4444 Apple ProRes 4444 XQ	8.5 s 5.6 s 3.6 s		
	4.6K (4608 x 2592)	ARRIRAW	3.5 s		
4.6K 16:9	4K (4096 x 2304)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	12.7 s 8.8 s 5.8 s		
		ARRIRAW	4.6 s		
	4K (4096 x 2304)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	12.7 s 8.8 s 5.8 s		
4K 16:9	UHD (3840 x 2160)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	14.2 s 9.9 s 6.6 s		
	2K (2048 x 1152)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	20.0 s		
	HD (1920 x 1080)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	20.0 s		
		ARRIRAW	5.2 s		
4K 2:1	4K (4096 x 2048)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	14.0 s 9.8 s 6.5 s		
		ARRIRAW	5.3 s		
3.8K 16:9	UHD (3840 x 2160)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	14.2 s 9.9 s 6.6 s		
		ARRIRAW	4.7 s		
3.3K 6:5	3.3K (3328 x 2790)	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	12.9 s 8.9 s 5.9 s		
	4K 2.39:1 Ana 2x	Apple 422 HQ Apple 4444 Apple 4444 XQ	16.3 s 11.5 s 7.8 s		

Sensor Mode	Recording Resolution	Codec	Prerec Duration @ 24fps		
		ARRIRAW	4.6 s		
	3K (3072 x 3072)	Apple 422 HQ	12.7 s		
		Apple 4444	8.8 s		
3K 1:1		Apple 4444 XQ	5.8 s		
		Apple 422 HQ	15.6 s		
	3.8K 2:1 Ana 2x	Apple 4444	11.0 s		
		Apple 4444 XQ	7.5 s		
		Apple 422 HQ	14.2 s		
2.7K 8:9	UHD 16:9 Ana 2x	Apple 4444	9.9 s		
		Apple 4444 XQ	6.6 s		
		Apple 422 HQ			
2K 16:9 S16	2K (2048 x 1152)	Apple 4444	20.0 s		
		Apple 4444 XQ			

# 12.6 Clip Naming Scheme

	File Extension
	A_0001C001_220531_122703_a12RJ.mxf
Camera Index2 digits (A-Z/A-Z and _)	Camera Serial Number Base36
Reel Counter - 4 digits	Clip Counter Date Time a for ARIIRAW 3 digits YYMMDD HHMMSS p for ProRes
Camera Index	The camera index consists of two characters, A-Z + User assignable, it should match the camera unit. For example, the camera index A_ can be assigned to the A camera, and B_ to the B camera etc.
Reel Counter	4 characters, 0001-9999. Automatically increments for each blank recording medium. The user can change the counter for the next reel. This should only be done under special circumstances, such as after changing the camera body in the middle of a shoot.
Clip Counter	One prefix, fixed to C, to separate the reel counter from the clip counter. 3 characters, 001-400. Automatically increments each time a clip is recorded.
Date	Current system date (YYMMDD) as set in <i>MENU</i> > System > System Time + Date, separated from the other naming components by an underscore.
Time	Current system time (HHMMSS) as set in <i>MENU</i> > System > System Time + Date, separated from the other naming components by underscore.
Codec Identifier	One character, identifies the clip codec (a = ARRIRAW, p = Apple ProRes).
Camera ID	The camera serial number encoded in 4 letters Base 36 (0-9, A-Z). 12RJ translates into decimal serial number 50239.
File Extension	All clips are written as MXF files.

For more information on the Camera Index and the Next Reel Count please see <u>"Project Settings"</u>, page <u>37</u>.

### 12.7 Audio Recording

The camera supports to record up to 4 channels of linear PCM audio (24 bit, 48 kHz).

#### **Audio Inputs**

The AUDIO connector (1) is located on the right side of the camera. It is a two channel +24 dBu line level audio input with additional 12 V power output to supply microphone preamplifiers. This is the same 6-pin connector used on the ALEXA Mini LF. Use the ALEXA Mini LF Audio connector with cable (K2.0023988) to connect audio sources.

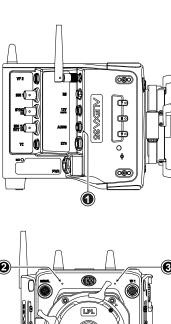
The dual gain internal microphones (2 = Internal Mic R, 3 = Internal Mic L, seen from operator point of view) are located at the camera front and can be used to record a reference track, sometimes called a "scratch track". Some software tools can synchronize the master sound with the image by using the reference track. The gain of the internal microphones is fixed, with the left microphone (3) having a gain of +18 dB and the right microphone (2) a gain of 0 dB, to cover a wide audio level range.

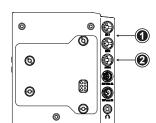
The additionally available Audio Extension Module AEM-1 supports the use of either two balanced Mic/Line inputs (1) with switchable +48 V phantom power, or one AES3 input (2). It is docked directly to the rear interface of the camera. For more information please refer to the user manual of the module.

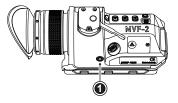
#### Audio Outputs

Active audio channels are embedded with a 1 to 1 channel mapping in the SDI stream and also output via the headphone output of the MVF-2.

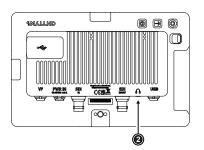
The headphones out (1) on the MVF-2 is a 3.5 mm TRS connector (headphone jack) which outputs all four audio channels with a maximum power of 2.5 dBm. The camera's headphone routing allows configuring which channels are output on the connector.











The headphones out (2) on the CCM-1 is a 3.5 mm TRS connector (headphone jack) which outputs all four audio channels with a maximum power of 2.5 dBm. The camera's headphone routing allows configuring which channels are output on the connector.

#### Activation of Audio Recording

Select MENU > Recording > Audio Recording > Audio Recording to enable/disable audio recording.

Enabled audio recording is indicated through the audio meters displayed on the HOME screen as well as in the Status Info. The meters show the current level of the channel signal in dBFS. Audio recording is temporarily disabled if the frame rate of the sensor does not match the frame rate of the project.

#### **Routing of Channels**

Select MENU > Recording > Audio Recording > Channel 1/2/3/4 Source

to set the input source for each channel.

Following options are available:

None	No source is assigned to the channel. The channel is not written to the recorded file if subsequent channels (by channel no.) also do not have a source assigned to them.
Line In L	The left channel of the camera's AUDIO input is assigned to the channel.
Line In R	The right channel of the camera's AUDIO input is assigned to the channel.
AEM-1 L	The left channel from the Audio Extension Module AEM-1 is assigned to the channel.
AEM-1 R	The right channel from the Audio Extension Module AEM-1 is assigned to the channel.
Internal Mic L	The left internal microphone is assigned to the channel. This microphone uses a fixed gain of +18dB
Internal Mic R	The right internal microphone is assigned to the channel. This microphone uses a fixed gain of 0dB.
	An icon on the HOME screen and in the Status Info indicates active internal microphones.

The icon is crossed out when the internal microphones are muted.

#### **Setting the Channel Control**

Select MENU > Recording > Audio Recording > Channel 1/2/3/4 Control

to set the gain control for each channel which has either *Line In L* or *Line In R* assigned as source. Following options are available:

Manual Gain	Allows the user to manually adjust the gain of the input signal on the channel to reach a desired level.
Manual Gain + Limiter	A limiter prevents the signal from clipping if the input signal level combined with the set gain results in signal levels exceeding -6 dBFS.
Auto Gain	Matches a 0 dBu input signal to -6 dBFS. This setting leaves enough headroom for recording and avoids audio clipping. Audio levels can not be adjusted by the user.

#### Headphones Routing and Headphones Volume

Select MENU > Recording > Audio Recording > VF Headphone Routing > Channel 1/2/3/4 to configure the routing of audio channels to the headphones. Following options are available:

Off	The audio channel is not output on the headphones.
L	The audio channel is output on headphones left.
L + R	The audio channel is output on headphones left and right.
R	The audio channel is output on headphones right.

Select MENU > Recording > Audio Recording > VF Headphone Volume to adjust the volume of the headphones connected to the MVF-2.

#### **Gain Adjustment**

Select MENU > Recording > Audio Recording > Gain Levels

to adjust the gain in steps of 1.0 dB for each channel which has either *Line In L* or *Line In R* assigned as source.

					Ga	in Le	vels					
0 -9		<b>CH1</b> Line L Man	G		<b>CH2</b> Line R Man			CH3 Mic L Fixed	<b>\$</b>		CH4 Mic R Fixed	\$ \$
-18 -20	==	+00	dB	= =	+00	) dB	==	+00	dB	==	+00	dB
-30												
-50		<u> </u>			<u></u> .			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
		close										

- Rotate the jogwheel or use the touch slider to set the gain of the first channel. Then press the jog wheel to move to the next channel or tap a channel to select it. Channels whose gain is not adjustable are skipped and displayed as "fixed". The blue cursor indicates the selected channel.
- Press CLOSE to save the changes and exit the screen.

**Info:** Gain adjustment is not available for channels to which the internal microphones or the Audio Extension Module AEM-1 are assigned as source. The internal microphones use a fixed, non-adjustable gain, the gain of the signals applied to the AEM-1 must be set on the AEM-1 itself.

#### **Reference Tone**

A 1 kHz sine reference tone can be output on the SDI outputs and the headphone outputs of MVF-2 and AEM-1. If a recording is started during this time, the test tone is also recorded in all active audio channels of the clip.

► Select *MENU* > *Recording* > *Audio Recording* > *Reference Tone*.

Following options are available:

 Off
 -9 dBFS
 -18 dBFS
 -20 dBFS

Info: The reference tone can only be activated when audio recording is enabled.



User Buttons Audio Ch1 Increase / Decrease and Audio Ch2 Increase / Decrease support to quickly adjust gain of channels 1 and 2.

User Button Audio Mute int. Mic mutes the internal microphones.

User Button *Audio Solo* allows each channel to be monitored individually while the other channels are muted.

# 12.8 Rec Beeper

# Select MENU > Recording > Rec Beeper.

Following options are available:

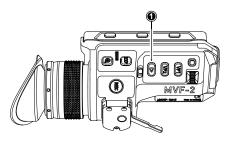
Rec Start Beeper	The camera gives an acoustic indication at start of recording.
Rec Stop Beeper	The camera gives an acoustic indication at stop of recording.
Media Full Beeper	The camera gives an acoustic indication for stopping recording due to full recording medi- um. For better distinction, a different sound pattern than the start/stop beeper is used.

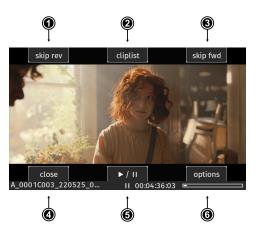
# 13 Playback

In-camera playback plays back the clips on the recording media at their project frame rate and is output to EVF, Monitor, SDI 1 and SDI 2. Playback can be controlled from a variety of locations such as the MVF-2, the camera's side display, the Web Remote, the Camera Companion App or hand units such as the Hi5.

#### **Playback Control via MVF-2**

- Press and hold the PLAY button (1) of the MVF-2 for one second to start playback.
- Toggle between play and pause by briefly pressing the PLAY button.
- To exit playback press and hold the PLAY button for one second.





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Play/pause can also be toggled by pressing the *PLAY* button on the MVF-2 or by pressing the jogwheel. While playback is paused, rotate the jogwheel to scroll through the clip frame by frame. During playback, you can use the jogwheel to increase or decrease the playback speed by up to 512x forward or backward.

The cliplist lists all clips contained on the recording medium:

Cliplist	
A_0001C001_231210	ARRIRAW
A_0001C002_231210	4.6K (4608 x 3164) 24.000 fps
A_0001C003_231210	K445 Default 3210 Vintage (60%)
	TC 00:02:24:13 0:00:03 h
cancel	set

- Start Playback and select CLIPLIST
- Rotate the jogwheel to select a clip:

The first frame of the selected clip is displayed on all monitoring outputs for preview. The clip's properties are displayed in the info panel on the right:

Codec, Recording Resolution, Record FPS, Texture, Look and Look Intensity, start TC and clip duration.

Look and Look Intensity are displayed in gray if the look the clip was recorded with does not correspond to the currently set look.

 Press the jogwheel or the SET button to play the clip, press CANCEL to return to the playback screen. 67

The playback screen of the MVF-2 offers the following controls:

**Note:** Clips may be grayed out if they can not be played back because their recording resolution is not compatible with the currently set recording resolution.

The Play End Mode defines the behavior when playback reaches the end of a clip.

► Select *PLAY* > *Options*.

Following options are available:

Pause on end	Playback pauses at the end of the clip.
Pause on start	Playback pauses at the beginning of the clip.
Loop	Playback continues from the beginning of the same clip again.
Play next clip	Playback continues with the next clip in the cliplist.
Exit playback	Camera exits playback.

#### **Playback Control via Side Display**

			5°55
A	0001C	002	
	II		
		$\square$	$\triangleright$

- Navigate to the playback page and press the clickwheel to enter playback.
- ► Toggle between play and pause by briefly pressing the clickwheel.
- While playing back, rotate the clickwheel to increase or decrease the playback speed by up to 512x forward or backward.
- While playback is paused, rotate the clickwheel to switch between the controls (skip back, play/pause, skip forward, navigation bar).
   To exit playback, turn the clickwheel clockwise until the navigation bar is highlighted. Then press the clickwheel to exit playback mode.



User Button *Playback* supports to start and exit playback. User Button *Check Last Clip* plays the last five seconds of the last recorded clip.

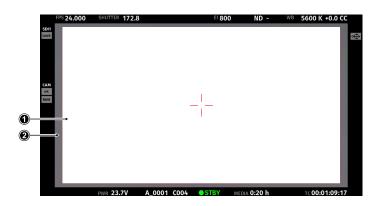
#### ATTENTION

Playback does not apply the Look file that is stored in the clip metadata. Instead, the currently set Look file is used during playback.

# 14 Monitoring

## 14.1 Surround View

Surround View displays additional pixels outside the captured image area (1), allowing the operator to see outside the captured image and keep unwanted objects, such as microphone booms, out of the shot. The Surround View area (2) is separated from the captured image area by the Surround Mask (here: 75% Mask). To view only the captured image, Surround View can be switched off.



- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Surround View to configure Surround View for the VF outputs (EVF and Monitor).
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Surround View to configure Surround View for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Surround View to configure Surround View for the SDI 2 output.

Following options are available:

On	The captured image area is displayed with Surround View.
Off	The captured image area is displayed without Surround View.
Off + Colored Line	The captured image area is displayed without Surround View, outlined by a colored line
	(same color as frame lines).



User Buttons *VF Surround View, SDI 1 Surround View* and *SDI 2 Surround View* support to quickly set the surround view of the respective output.

**Info:** Surround View is not available for sensor modes 4.6K 3:2 Open Gate and 4.6K 16:9 as there are no more extra photo sites on the sensor.

#### **Surround Mask**

The Surround Mask helps to visually separate the Surround View area from the captured image area.

- ▶ Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > EVF Surround Mask to configure Surround Mask for the EVF.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Monitor Surround Mask to configure Surround Mask for the Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Surround Mask to configure Surround Mask for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Surround Mask to configure Surround Mask for the SDI 2 output.

Following options are available:

 Black Line
 Surround View area is separated from the captured image by a black line.

 Colored Line
 Surround View area is separated from the captured image by a colored line (same color as frame lines).

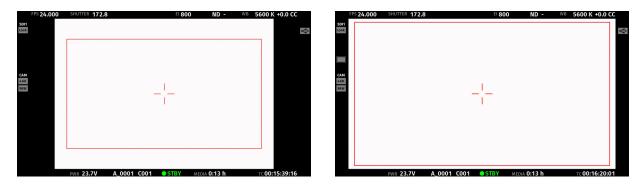
25% Mask	Surround View area is separated from the captured image by a mask with 25% opacity.
50% Mask	Surround View area is separated from the captured image by a mask with 50% opacity.
75% Mask	Surround View area is separated from the captured image by a mask with 75% opacity.
100% Mask	Surround View area is separated from the captured image by a mask with 100% opacity.

Info: Monitor Surround Mask does not support 25% Mask and 75% Mask.

**Info:** When setting the frame lines outside shading for a monitoring output, the Surround Mask of the corresponding output is automatically adjusted.

### 14.2 Magnification

When shooting with frame lines or aspect ratios that only use a cropped area of a sensor mode the actual image content defined by the frame line might not be displayed large enough. The magnification setting gives the user access to a variable scaling of the monitoring outputs and sets a persistent image magnification, so the area defined by the frame line can be displayed as large as desired. Magnification can be adjusted in steps of 1% from 100% to 200% for the VF and the SDI outputs, individually or globally.



Two screen grabs from an ALEXA 35 in sensor mode *4.6K* 3:2 Open Gate with a custom 16:9 4K frame line (red rectangle) applied. The left screen shot shows the SDI 1 output without magnification applied. The right screen grab shows the SDI 1 output with magnification applied to enlarge the image (in this example set to 130%).

Select MENU > Monitoring > Master Magnification to set the magnification level for the VF outputs and the SDI outputs simultaneously.

When individual outputs have been set to different magnification values, the Master Magnification menu entry shows "-". Changing the Master Magnification will force the magnification of all outputs to the new value.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Magnification to set the magnification level for the EVF and the Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Magnification to set the magnification level for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Magnification to set the magnification level for the SDI 2 output.

The magnification icon on the left side of the Status Info indicates where the recorded area exceeds the displayed image:



Indication that the recorded image content horizontally (left and right) extends beyond what is visible on the output.



Indication that the recorded image content vertically (above and below) extends beyond what is visible on the output.

Indication that the recorded image content horizontally and vertically extends beyond what is visible on the output.

#### Info:

Magnification can only be applied on the SDI output(s) with *SDI Image* set to *Processed*. Magnification is not available when using 2K or HD Recording Resolutions. Magnification is reset to 100% when Sensor Mode or is changed.

Magnification is not available when the SDI output(s) are configured for UHD output (6G and 12G formats).

### 14.3 Frame Lines

To aid in framing, the camera offers to display frame lines overlaid over the live image. Frame lines can be considered electronic versions of ground glass markings in film cameras. You can configure which frame line the camera should show and how it should be displayed (color and opacity). You can also configure up to two user rectangles which allow you to mark a rectangular area on the image, e.g. for marking an area that you need to keep clear during shooting for later VFX insertion. Custom frame lines can be created using the online Frame Line & Lens Illumination Tool. A standard set of frame lines for different aspect ratios is provided in the camera, the availability depends on the selected sensor mode.

#### Setting the Frame Line

- ▶ Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Frame Line.
- Select a frame line from the list or <u>add</u> a custom frame line from an inserted USB medium or the defaults list.

**Info:** Frame lines can be only loaded if their aspect ratio matches the aspect ratio of the set sensor mode.

#### Setting the Center Mark

As already common for ground glasses for film cameras, the camera offers to display a center mark on each monitoring output.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > EVF Overlays > Center Mark to configure the center mark for the EVF.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Monitor Overlays > Center Mark to configure the center mark for the Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Overlays to configure the center mark for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Overlays to configure the center mark for the SDI 2 output.

Following options are available:

Off	Center mark is switched off.
Dot	Center mark is displayed as a dot.
Dot Small	Center mark is displayed as a small dot.
Cross	Center mark is displayed as a cross.
Cross Small	Center mark is displayed as a small cross.

#### Application of Frame Lines and Center Mark on Monitoring Outputs

For each monitoring output the camera offers to enable/disable display of frame lines and center mark.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > EVF Overlays > Frame Lines to toggle display of frame lines and center mark on the EVF.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Monitor Overlays > Frame Lines to toggle display of frame lines and center mark on the Monitor.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Overlays > Frame Lines to toggle display of frame lines and center mark on the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Overlays > Frame Lines to toggle display of frame lines and center mark on the SDI 2 output.



User Buttons VF Frame Lines, SDI 1 Frame Lines, SDI 2 Frame Lines support to quickly enable/disable display of frame lines for the corresponding output.

#### Frame Line Display

When creating custom frame lines using the ARRI Frame Line & Lens Illumination Tool, you have the possibility to place up to three different frame lines (A, B, C) in one frame line file. However, the camera does not always have to display all three frame lines at the same time, but offers the possibility to configure which frame line(s) are displayed. This allows you to quickly switch between or combine these frame lines without having to load a new frame line file each time.

Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Frame Line Display

Following options are available:

Frame Line A	Toggle to enable/disable display of frame line A of the set frame line file.
Frame Line B	Toggle to enable/disable display of frame line B of the set frame line file.
Frame Line C	Toggle to enable/disable display of frame line C of the set frame line file.

#### **Frame Line Color**

The Frame Line Color setting defines the color of the frame line(s), the Center Mark, the User Rectangle(s) and the Surround Mask (if Surround Mask is set to *Colored Line*).

► Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Frame Line Color.

Following options are available:

Red	Green	Blue	Cyan	Magenta	Yellow	Black	White
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#### Frame Line Opacity

The Frame Line Opacity setting defines the opacity of the frame line(s), the center mark, the user rectangle(s) and the surround mask (if surround mask is set to *Colored Line*).

- Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Frame Line Opacity
- Set the frame line opacity in a range from 1 (the lowest opacity) to 4 (the highest opacity).

#### **Outside Shading**

The Outside Shading setting applies shading to the area between the frame line(s) and the remaining captured image area and can be set independently for each image output. When changing the Outside Shading of an output, the output's Surround Mask is adapted accordingly.

Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > Outside Shading.

Following options are available:

EVF Outside Shading	Set the outside shading for the EVF (Off, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%).
Monitor Outside Shading	Set the outside shading for the Monitor (Off, 50%, 100%).
SDI 1 Outside Shading	Set the outside shading for the SDI 1 output (Off, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%).
SDI 2 Outside Shading	Set the outside shading for the SDI 2 output (Off, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100%).

#### **User Rectangles**

To further aid in framing, the camera supports to display two custom user rectangle overlays. You can configure *width, height* and *offset* (position from left and top of image area).

► Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > User Rectangles > User Rectangles.

Following options are available:

Off	User Rectangles are not displayed.
Rectangle 1	Only user rectangle 1 is displayed.
Rectangle 2	Only user rectangle 2 is displayed.
Rectangle 1 + 2	User rectangles 1 + 2 are displayed.

Select MENU > Monitoring > Frame Lines > User Rectangles > User Rectangle 1 or User Rectangle 2.

Following options are availabe:

Width	Adjusts the user rectangle width in the range of 0-999.
Height	Adjusts the user rectangle height in the range of 0-999.
Offset Left	Adjusts the horizontal user rectangle offset in the range of 0-1000.
Offset Top	Adjusts the vertical user rectangle offset in the range of 0-1000.
Reset All	Resets all values.

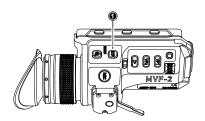
### 14.4 False Color

False Color is an exposure tool to check for correct exposure. When active, the image is turned into a gray scale image with important luminance ranges shown in signal colors. Activating False Color temporarily switches the corresponding output to LogC4 and replaces luminances with the following colors:

Red	1/3 stop below clipping
Yellow	2/3 stops below clipping
Pink	1 stop above 18% middle gray
Green	18% middle gray
Blue	Edge of shadow detail
Purple	Noise floor

When a gray card is used (or another object in the scene has a similar reflectance level), the exposure can be set such that the card is in the green zone. Note that the LogC4 image from which the grayscale image is derived is the LogC4 image prior to any application of ASC CDL or any look file.

To activate False Color on both EVF and Monitor, press the EXP button (1) on the MVF-2. Press the EXP button again to deactivate False Color.





User Buttons VF False Color, SDI 1 False Color and SDI 2 False Color support to quickly enable/disable False Color on the corresponding outputs. Additionally, False Color can be activated in the camera menu:

- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > False Color to activate False Color on the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > False Color to activate False Color on the SDI 2 output.



Active False Color is indicated by the exposure tool icon in the Status Info of the respective output.

### 14.5 Peaking

Peaking highlights in-focus areas for better focus control. **Info:** Peaking is not supported on SDI 2.

#### **Peaking Mode**

- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > VF Peaking Mode to set the preferred peaking mode for EVF and Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > SDI 1 Peaking Mode to set the preferred peaking mode for SDI 1.

Following options are available:

Color	Color peaking overlays in-focus areas with a selected color.
Aperture	Aperture peaking enhances object edges only.

#### **Peaking Level**

- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > VF Peaking Level to set the peaking strength for EVF and Monitor.
- ▶ Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > SDI 1 Peaking Level to set the peaking strength for SDI 1.
- Set the peaking level from **1** (the minimum strength) to **20** (the maximum strength).

#### **Offset Shift**

The peaking offset shift sets the threshold for Color Peaking to become active, relative to the peaking level.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > VF Peaking Offset Shift to set the peaking offset for EVF and Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > SDI 1 Peaking Offset Shift to set the peaking offset for SDI 1.
- ▶ Set the offset shift from -5 (the minimum) to +5 (the maximum).

#### Color

Select the color for Color Peaking.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > VF Peaking Color to set the color for color peaking on EVF and Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > Peaking > SDI 1 Peaking Color to set the color for color peaking on SDI 1.

Following options are available:

Red Green Blue Cyan Mage	nta Yellow White
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#### **Activation of Peaking**



User Buttons VF Peaking and SDI 1 Peaking support to quickly enable/disable peaking on the respective output.



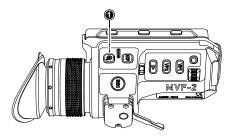
Active peaking is indicated through the peaking icon displayed in the Status Info of the respective output.

### 14.6 Zoom

The camera supports to zoom into the image e.g. to better judge focus. Zoom is essentially a shortcut to quickly achieve maximum Magnification. The camera offers six zoom positions: center, top left, top center, top right, bottom right and bottom left. While Zoom is activated, the zoom position can be changed by using the jogwheel, the soft buttons on the MVF-2 (if the Monitor is flipped out and set to display the live image) or through user buttons. Active Zoom is indicated by an orange frame around the image. Frame lines and anamorphic desqueeze are temporarily deactivated while Zoom is active.

- Press the ZOOM button to activate/deactivate Zoom on EVF and Monitor.
- To change the Zoom position, rotate either the jogwheel or the user wheel.

**Info:** Changing the zoom position using the jogwheel or user wheel is not supported when the Monitor is set to display the HOME screen or the camera menu.



User Button VF Zoom supports to quickly enable/disable zoom for EVF and Monitor.

#### Zoom on SDI



Zoom on the SDI outputs can only be activated through a user button. The camera offers three SDI Zoom related user button functions:

► Select *MENU* > *User Buttons* and assign *SDI 1 Zoom* or *SDI 2 Zoom* to the desired button.

The user button activates/deactivates Zoom on the respective SDI output.

Select MENU > User Buttons and assign SDI 1 Zoom Position or SDI 2 Zoom Position to the desired button.

While Zoom is activated, the user button changes the Zoom position on the respective output.

Select MENU > User Buttons and assign SDI 1 Zoom (Smart) or SDI 2 Zoom (Smart) to the desired button.

The user button activates Zoom on the first button press, further button presses change the zoom position and a button long press deactivates Zoom.

#### Info:

Zoom is not available when using 2K or HD recording resolutions.

SDI Zoom is not available when the SDI output(s) are configured for UHD output (6G and 12G formats). Zoom always refers to the entire image area of the set sensor mode and does not take into account any set Magnification.

Zoom temporarily deactivates anamorphic desqueeze.

# 14.7 SDI Settings

#### **SDI Image**

The setting for the SDI image determines whether the SDI image is output as a clean feed or including status information and status overlays.

Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Image

Following options are available:

Clean	Image is output as a clean feed. Neither status overlays, frame lines nor surround view are dis- played. Magnification is not supported.
Processed	Image may include status information and overlays.

► Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Image.

Following options are available:

Clean	Image is output as a cloperation is played. Magnification is	,	s, frame lines nor surround view are dis-
Processed	Image may include stat	tus information and overlays.	
Clone SDI 1	The SDI 2 output is automatically configured by the SDI 1 settings. The following SDI 1 s are transferred to the SDI 2 output:		I 1 settings. The following SDI 1 settings
	Format	Frame Rate	Image (clean/processed)

Format	Frame Rate	Image (clean/processed)
Surround View	Surround Mask	Magnification
Overlays	Frame Lines (on/off)	Center Mark
Status Info	Status Components	Overlay Brightness
Hide Messages	Outside Shading	Processing (LogC4 / WVO
Color Space	3G Level	LogC4 / Look)

#### **SDI Format**

- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Format to set the format of the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Format to set the format of the SDI 2 output. Following options are available:

422 1.5G HD	Images are output according to SMPTE 292M.
	Available frame rates are 23.976p/psf, 24p/psf, 25p/psf, 29.97p/psf and 30p/psf
	p (progressive) transmits images line by line starting at the top left pixel.
	psf (progressive segmented frame) splits progressive images into fields (odd lines and even lines) and trans- mits these (all odd before all even) line by line.
422 3G HD	Images are output according to SMPTE ST 424:2012
	Available frame rates are 48p, 50p, 59.94p and 60p
444 3G HD	Images are output according to SMPTE ST 424:2012
	Available frame rates are 23.976p, 24p, 25p, 29.97p and 30p
422 6G UHD	Images are output according to SMPTE ST 2081-10:2015
	Available frame rates are 23.976p, 24p, 25p, 29.97p and 30p

422 12G UHD	Images are output according to SMPTE ST 2048-1
	Available frame rates are 48p, 50p, 59.94p and 60p
444 12G UHD	Images are output according to SMPTE 2082-10:2015
	Available frame rates are 23.976p, 24p, 25p, 29.97p and 30p

**Info**: 48p may not be supported by some SDI devices, as this is not a defined frame rate according to the SMPTE standard.

Info: 6G / 12G formats are not available when the recording resolution is set to 2K or HD.

#### **SDI Frame Rate**

The SDI frame rate determines the number of images that are output per second on the SDI output(s). It should be set equal to the sensor frame rate. If the frame rate is lower than the sensor frame rate, frame drops will occur. If it is higher, duplicate images will be output. The available SDI frame rates depend on the selected SDI format.

- ▶ Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Frame Rate to set the frame rate of the SDI 1 output.
- ▶ Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Frame Rate to set the frame rate of the SDI 2 output.

#### SDI 3G Level

For the 3G SDI formats, you can choose whether to use 3G level A or B. Refer to the instructions of your connected devices to decide which 3G level to use.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 3G Level to set the 3G level for the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 3G Level to set the 3G level for the SDI 2 output.

#### **Hide Messages**

User messages displayed as overlays on the monitoring outputs are primarily relevant for the camera team and do not necessarily need to be displayed on the SDI output that other crew members are viewing. The camera offers the possibility to suppress all user messages on a selected SDI output.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 1 Processing > Hide Messages to hide user messages on the SDI 1 output.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI > SDI 2 Processing > Hide Messages to hide user messages on the SDI 2 output.

### 14.8 EVF and Flip-out Monitor Settings

#### **EVF Brightness**

The brightness of the EVF is adjustable with values 120, 200 and 300 (Nits).

Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > EVF Brightness to set the brightness of the viewfinder OLED between 120, 200 or 300.

**Info:** When *VF Processing* is configured for *Look (EVF: HDR, Mon: SDR),*, the EVF brightness is fixed to 500 nits and can't be changed.

#### **EVF Lifted Black**

EVF Lifted Black improves image performance when working in dark or low-light environments by slightly raising the black levels in the image.

Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > EVF Lifted Black to enable/disable EVF Lifted Black.

Active EVF Lifted Black is indicated through an icon in the EVF Status Info.



User Button VF Lifted Black supports to quickly enable/disable EVF Lifted Black.

#### **EVF** Power

- Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > EVF Power
   Following Options are available:
  - Auto
     EVF display is activated and deactivated automatically, depending on the MVF-2 proximity sensor state.

     This is the default setting.
  - *Off* Deactivates the EVF display permanently so that it remains switched off even when the proximity sensor is covered e.g. by a rain cover.
  - **On** Use this setting to override the MVF-2 proximity sensor and to constantly enable the EVF display. This setting should be regarded as an emergency setting to be used, for example, when the proximity sensor is faulty and no longer activates the EVF display anymore.

ADVICE Please be aware that when enabled, and used for prolonged periods, this configuration may cause irreversible burn-ins on the EVF OLED. With the setting enabled, the camera will issue a corresponding warning after each boot-up and sensor mode switch.

#### **EVF Eyepiece Heating**

The MVF-2 viewfinder is equipped with a built-in eyepiece heater to prevent fogging of the eyepiece when shooting in cold environments. The eyepiece heater becomes active when the eyepiece has a temperature of 15° C / 59° F or below. In really cold environments please use the Heated Eyecup HE-7.

Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > EVF Eyepiece Heating to enable/disable EVF eyepiece heating.



Active eyepiece heating is indicated through an icon displayed on the HOME screen. The icon is displayed gray if eyepiece heating is inactive.

#### EVF Image Rotation 180°

When mounting the MVF-2 on the right side of the camera, the EVF image can be rotated by 180° for correct orientation.

Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > EVF Image Rotation 180° to enable/disable the rotation.

#### **Monitor Brightness**

Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > Monitor Brightness

to adjust the brightness of the MVF-2 flip-out monitor from **1** (the minimum brightness) to **10** (the maximum brightness).

#### **Monitor Flip Mode**

Select MENU > Monitoring > VF > Settings > Monitor Flip Mode Following options are available:

Auto	Flips the Monitor image automatically depending on the monitor's orientation. This is the default setting.
Normal	Ignores the Monitor's orientation sensor and displays the Monitor image in normal orientation.
Flipped	Ignores the Monitor's orientation sensor and displays the monitor image in flipped orientation (upside down).



User Button *Flip Monitor* supports to quickly set the Monitor flip mode.

### 14.9 Return In

The SDI 2 output of the camera can be switched to a Return In input to feed 1.5G or 3G SDI signals into the camera and display them on the EVF and flip-out monitor and/or the SDI 1 output.

- Select MENU > Monitoring > Return In > Use SDI 2 as Return In to configure the SDI 2 output to function as an image input.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > Return In > Show Return In on VF to display the return in image on the EVF and the Monitor.
- Select MENU > Monitoring > Return In > Show Return In on SDI 1 to display the return in image on the SDI 1 output.

Info: SDI 2 related settings can't be adjusted while SDI 2 is configured to function as return in.

#### Activation of Return In



Return In can only be switched on and off using a user button assigned with Return In.

- Select MENU > User Buttons and assign Return In to the desired button.
- Press the user button to activate Return In.

### 14.10 SDI Color Bars

The camera supports to output SMPTE color bars on the SDI outputs. The color bars are a 10-bit signal according to SMPTE RP 219-2002. Color bars will always bypass the ALF4 look file. These are SDR color bars, set the SDI color space to either Rec 709 (SDR) or Rec 2020 (SDR) for correct display.

Select MENU > Monitoring > SDI Color Bars to switch color bars on or off.

Info: Color bars are switched off when recording is started.



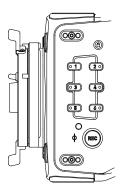
User Button *SDI Color Bars* supports to quickly enable/disable color bars on the SDI outputs.

# 15 User Buttons

The camera is equipped with nine assignable user buttons, 1-6 on the left and 7-9 on the camera right side. The MVF-2 is equipped with two additional user buttons, VF 1 and VF 2. Each button can be assigned a variety of functions.

Once a button is assigned a function, press the button to trigger the function. The blue LED on the button reflects the functional status.

In addition to the user buttons of the camera and the MVF-2, the camera supports to assign functions to the user buttons of electronic accessories such as the hand units HI-5 and WCU-4, ARRI Master Grips, Operator Control Unit OCU-1 and the GPIO box.



Some user button functions support smart behavior. For these, a short press triggers the function, while a long press activates the function only temporarily, as long as the user button is pressed.

#### Select MENU > User Buttons >

<i>Camera User Buttons</i>	to assign the camera user buttons (1-9).
MVF-2 User Buttons	to assign the MVF-2 user buttons (VF 1 & VF 2).
Monitor User Buttons	to assign the user buttons on the CCM-1 (1-4).
Hand Unit User Buttons LBUS Device User Buttons	to assign the user buttons of HI-5 and WCU-4 (1-6). to assign the user buttons of ECS devices like the ARRI Mas- ter Grips and the OCU-1 (1-12).
GPIO User Buttons	to assign the user buttons of the GPIO Box (1-14).
Lens User Buttons	to assign functions to ENG and box lens lens buttons.

Following user button functions are available:

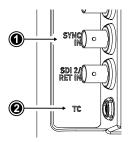
Off	Disables the user button.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Status Info	Switching Status Info between Safe, Off and Overlay on the chosen output.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Check LogC4	Switching the processing of the chosen output between the currently set value and LogC4. Supports smart behavior.
VF Check HDR	Switching the EVF processing between the currently set value and HDR. Supports smart behavior.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 False Color	Switching the False Color exposure tool on and off on the chosen output. Supports smart behavior.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Frame Lines	Switching the frame lines on and off on the chosen output. Supports smart behavior.
VF Lifted Black	Switching EVF Lifted Black on and off. Supports smart behavior.
VF , SDI 1 Peaking	Switching Peaking on and off on the chosen output. Supports smart behavior.
VF Processing	Switching VF Processing between LogC4, Look (SDR) and Look (EVF: HDR, Mon: SDR).

VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Surround View	Switching Surround View between <i>On</i> , <i>Off</i> and <i>Off</i> + <i>Colored Line</i> on the cho- sen output.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Zoom	Switching Zoom on and off on the chosen output.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Zoom Position	Switching the zoom position.
VF , SDI 1, SDI 2 Zoom	Press to activate Zoom. Further button presses switch the Zoom position. A button long press deactivates Zoom.
SDI Color Bars	Turns SDI color bars on or off.
El Increase	Increases the exposure index to the next value in the list.
El Decrease	Decreases the exposure index to the next lower value in the list.
FPS Increase	Sets the sensor frame rate to the next higher value in the list.
FPS Decrease	Sets the sensor frame rate to the next lower value in the list.
FPS Preset	Sets the sensor frame rate to a user defined value.
ND Increase	Sets the ND filter to the next higher value in the list.
ND Decrease	Sets the ND filter to the next lower value in the list.
Shutter Increase	Sets the shutter to the next higher value in the list.
Shutter Decrease	Sets the shutter to the next lower value in the list.
WB Increase	Sets the white balance to the next higher value in the list.
WB Decrease	Sets the white balance to the next lower value in the list.
Audio Ch1 Increase	Increases gain of audio channel 1 in 1dB steps.
Audio Ch1 Decrease	Decreases gain of audio channel 1 in 1dB steps.
Audio Ch2 Increase	Increases gain of audio channel 2 in 1dB steps.
Audio Ch2 Decrease	Decreases gain of audio channel 2 in 1dB steps.
	(requires channel control set either to Manual or Manual (+L))
Audio Mute int. Mic	Mutes / unmutes the internal microphones.
Audio Solo	Mutes all audio recording channels except one. Toggles through Off, Ch1, Ch2, Ch3, Ch4, selecting the next channel with every button press. Channels that are not assigned to an audio input are skipped. When Audio Solo is active, the selected channel is marked in the audio bars displayed in the status info and the homescreen. Audio Solo only affects the headphones output (not the embedded audio in the SDI stream).
Auto WB	First press displays the auto white balance overlay, press the button again within one second to execute auto white balance.
Calibrate Lens Motors	Press and hold for 3 sec to start the calibration of all connected lens motors. Press while calibrating to stop calibration.
Check Last Clip	Plays the last five seconds of the last recorded clip, then playback is exited.
EF Close Iris	Closes the iris of an EF lens.
EF Open Iris	Opens the iris of an EF lens.
	Short press closes/opens by 1/x stop (step size depending on lens), long press closes/opens by 1 stop.
Flip Monitor	Switching the flip-out monitor between normal and flipped mode. To return to automatic flip mode, press and hold button for two seconds.

Frame Grab	Grabs a LogC4 still frame in .JPG and .DPX format and saves it to the USB medium. Frame grabs are taken from the SDI image path (including SDI set- tings such as processing, active look and anamorphic desqueeze) but cropped to the active image area. Hence, the frame grab resolution depends on the SDI format and the applied SDI settings.
	Active frame grab is indicated though the grab icon displayed on the HOME screen as well as the Status Info. The icon turns orange when the frame grab could not be saved.
Hand Unit Nudge	Sends a nudge/cue to all connected Hi-5 hand units (hand unit vibrates).
Mirror Image	Switching Mirror Image between Off, V, H and V+H.
Playback	Press and hold to start playback, then press to toggle play/pause, press and hold again to exit playback.
Prerecording	Starting and stopping Prerecording. Info: The Cine License is required for the use of Prerecording.
Record Start/Stop	Starting and stopping recording.
Return In	Switching on and off the return in signal present at the SDI 2 connector. Supports smart behavior.
WiFi Power	Toggles WiFi power On and Off.
RT1	Replicates the RT1 button of the LPS-1 Fiber Camera Adapter (only available when the Fiber Camera Adapter is connected). Supports smart behavior.
RT2	Replicates the RT2 button of the LPS-1 Fiber Camera Adapter (only available when the Fiber Camera Adapter is connected). Supports smart behavior.
ENG	Replicates the ENG button of the LPS-1 Fiber Camera Adapter and activates the intercom for the production channel (only available when the Fiber Camera Adapter is connected). Supports smart behavior.
PRD	Replicates the PRD button of the LPS-1 Fiber Camera Adapter and activates the intercom for the production channel (only available when the Fiber Camera Adapter is connected). Supports smart behavior.

# 16 Synchronization

The camera's sensor and SDI outputs can be synchronized to either a genlock signal (a tri-level HD signal or an analog black burst signal) present at the BNC SYNC IN connector (1) or a timecode signal present at the 5-pin LEMO TC connector (2). The camera's sensor needs to run at equal or double the frame rate of the reference signal to establish synchronization.



► Select *MENU* > System > Sensor > Genlock Sync.

Following options are available:

Off	Synchronization is not enabled.
Sync In	The camera will synchronize to a tri-level or black burst signal present at the SYNC IN connector.
Timecode	The camera will synchronize to timecode present at the TC connector.
GEN Active syn	chronization is indicated by the Genlock icon on the HOME screen and in the

GENActive synchronization is indicated by the Genlock icon on the HOME screen and in the<br/>Status Info. The icon turns orange when the camera cannot synchronize to the reference<br/>signal or when no signal is present. See MENU > Alerts for detailed information.

Info: Simultaneous use of the timecode mode Jam-sync and Genlock Sync is not supported.

#### Sync Shift

The Sync Shift setting can be used to apply an offset to the reference signal at the input. The minimum step size is 52 ns and the maximum correction is +/- 20 ms, depending on the sensor frame rate.

Select MENU > System > Sensor > Sync Shift to adjust the sync shift.

# 17 Sensor Settings

## 17.1 Mirroring the Sensor Image

You can mirror the sensor image in horizontal and vertical directions.

Horizontal mirroring is applied on all monitoring paths and internally recorded material. Vertical mirroring is only applied to the monitoring outputs; internally recorded material is not vertically flipped, but the information is written into metadata.

Select MENU > Image > Mirror Image.

Following options are available:

Off	Mirroring is inactive.
V	The sensor image is vertically mirrored.
Н	The sensor image is horizontally mirrored.
V+H	The sensor image is vertically and horizontally mirrored (rotated by 180°).



User Button *Mirror Image* supports to quickly switch Mirror Image.

## 17.2 User Pixel Masking

All sensors exhibit a certain number of defect pixels, and ARRI cameras have three mechanisms to catch and correct them: one is a static pixel correction based on a pixel mask created during manufacturing. The second is a dynamic pixel correction that continuously evaluates each frame and masks defect pixels that are not caught by the static pixel mask. In very few cases, we have observed some pixels that are not corrected by either method; for those cases the third, User Pixel masking, is available. User pixel masks can be created using the ARRI Reference Tool (ART).

When shooting ARRIRAW, it is not necessary to load the User Pixel Mask into the camera. Instead, it can be applied to the ARRIRAW files in post production using the ARRI Reference Tool or any third party software that has implemented the User Pixel Mask feature through the ARRI Image SDK.

The User Pixel Mask will remain intact after a factory reset and after a camera software update. It can be manually removed or overwritten with a new one at any time.

Select MENU > System > Sensor > User Pixel Masking.

Install User Pixel Mask	Select to install a User Pixel Mask from USB memory stick.
Export User Pixel Mask	Select to back up the currently installed User Pixel Mask onto USB memory stick.
Delete User Pixel Mask	Select to uninstall a User Pixel Mask.
Grab Raw Image	Stores an ARRIRAW frame grab on the USB memory stick.

#### **User Pixel Mask Generation**

- ▶ Insert a USB memory stick into camera.
- Select MENU > System > Sensor > User Pixel Masking > Grab Raw Frame to grab an ARRIRAW frame.

The ARRIRAW frame grab is stored on the USB memory stick in folder ARRI/ALEXA35/SENSOR. Alternatively, you can record a short ARRIRAW sequence and use that material for marking defect pixels.

▶ Import the ARRIRAW frame grab into the ARRI Reference Tool.

Use the ARRI Reference Tool to mark defect pixels. The marked pixel coordinates are stored in an XML file called the User Pixel Mask. Please note that it is advisable to mark the least number of pixels necessary, as too many marked pixels can be counter productive.

Please refer to the ARRI Reference Tool user manual for further information.

- Save the User Pixel Mask to the USB memory stick in folder ARRI/ALEXA35/SENSOR.
- ▶ Insert the USB memory stick into the camera.
- Select MENU > System > Sensor > User Pixel Masking > Install User Pixel Mask to load the mask into the camera.
- After a restart of the camera, the marked pixels will be masked using information from surrounding pixels. This masking is applied to the images delivered from the sensor, before any other processing takes place, and therefore becomes active on all outputs.
- Carefully check the end result by visually inspecting the areas where you have marked pixels; if too many pixels are marked too close to each other, or if pixels are marked close to other pixels that are already marked in the static pixel mask, the result could be uncorrectable clusters, which are more visible than the original defect pixels.

As an added service, it is possible to send the User Pixel Mask to ARRI Service at service@arri.com for verification. We strongly recommend that you take advantage of this free service, as sometimes, clusters are difficult to spot depending on the background. Please note, however, that in the end, it is the responsibility of the person creating the User Pixel Mask to verify that no clusters are formed.

#### ADVICE

Please note, that the User Pixel masking feature is only a temporary solution to mask defect pixels. Defect pixels should be dealt with by sensor calibration at an ARRI service department.

A User Pixel Mask is a stopgap solution between when the defect is noticed, and when the camera is recalibrated, to verify the sensor is still functioning within ARRI specifications and to comprehensively assess and permanently and automatically compensate for defect pixels.

# 18 System Settings

### 18.1 Language Setting

Select MENU > System > Language to set the system language between English and Chinese (simplified).

### 18.2 System Time and Date

Select MENU > System > System Time + Date to set the system time and date.

### 18.3 Button and Display Settings

#### **Display Style**

Select MENU > System > Buttons + Display > Display Style to set the display style between Day or Night.

#### **Button Brightness**

Select MENU > System > Buttons + Display > Button Brightness or

Select Side Display > Settings > Button Brightness

to set the brightness of camera and MVF-2 buttons from 0 (off) to 4 (the highest brightness).

#### **MVF-2** Touch

- Select MENU > System > Buttons + Display > MVF-2 Touch to enable / disable the touchscreen functionality on the MVF-2.
  - The touch lock icon on the HOME screen indicates that the touchscreen functionality is switched off.

#### Tally

The tally setting determines the behavior of tally lights connected to the camera. These tally lights are, for example, the tally on the MVF-2, the Tally Light Module TLM-1 or the built-in tally of a box lens.

Select MENU > System > Buttons + Display > Tally.

Following options are available:

Off	Tally is switched off.
On (Recording)	The tally lights react to the camera's internal recording. While the camera is recording, the tally lights light up red; while the camera is not recording, they are off. The number display of the Tally Light Module TLM-1 displays the camera index.
On (Remote/CAP)	The tally lights react to tally commands sent via the Camera Access Protocol (CAP). The number display of the Tally Light Module TLM-1 displays the camera channel num- ber as sent via Camera Access Protocol (CAP). The Multicam license is required to use this option.

#### **TLM-1 Brightness**

The Tally Light Module TLM-1 is part of the Live Production System LPS-1 and is equipped with a tally light and a number segment display. It connects to the camera via LBUS.

Select MENU > System > Buttons + Display > TLM-1 Brightness to adjust the tally brightness of a connected Tally Light Module TLM-1.

#### **TLM-1 ID Brightness**

Select MENU > System > Buttons + Display > TLM-1 ID Brightness to adjust the brightness of the number segment display of a connected Tally Light Module TLM-1.

### 18.4 Fan Settings

Select to set the fan mode to *Low Noise* for locations with ambient temperatures up to 30°C (86°F). For locations with ambient temperatures higher than 30°C (86°F), set to *Rec Low*.

Select MENU > System > Fan Mode.

Following options are available:

Rec Low	Increases fan speed during standby to cool the camera. Minimizes fan speed/noise during recording. Ideal in an environment warmer than 30 °C (86 °F).
Low Noise	Minimizes fan noise during standby and recording. Info: With data rates above 100 MB/s (due to fps/codec setting), the fan speed automatical-
	ly increases to prevent the camera from overheating.

### 18.5 Reset of Electronic Horizon

- ► Select MENU > System > Reset Electronic Horizon.
- Place the camera on a level surface and press RESET.

**Info:** A message is displayed if either the roll, the tilt or both values exceed the calibration range and resetting is not possible.

### 18.6 Restrict Local Camera Control

The setting to restrict local camera control grays out most of the settings in the menu of MVF-2, CCM-1 and the camera's side display and is intended for use in live production environments where most of the camera's settings are controlled remotely. The camera operator can therefore only change settings relating to the viewfinder, for example, but not production-relevant settings. The menu of the camera's Web Remote is not affected by this setting.

- Select MENU > System > Restrict Local Camera Control to enable the restriction.
  - the active restriction is indicated by the settings locked icon on the HOME screen.

### 18.7 Update

### ADVICE

Use a fully charged battery or a mains power supply to avoid power loss during updates. Do not switch off the camera or unplug power during update processes. Do not disconnect or remove components that are being updated.

### 18.7.1 Update of Camera Software

The camera software is updated using a USB-C memory stick. The Software Update Package (SUP) will update the camera along with the MVF-2 and the lens mount – provided they are connected to the camera. Before updating the camera, create the required folder structure on a USB-C memory stick. For more information, see <u>"User Storage"</u>.

#### Software Update Package Download

- Download the software update package (SUP) from the <u>Software and Firmware Updates for</u> <u>Cameras</u> section of our website.
- Double-click on the downloaded file (\*.zip) to unpack it:

 Update file (\*.swu)
 Update key (\*.lic)
 Release notes

- Carefully read the release notes.
- Copy the update file (\*.swu) to folder ARRI/ALEXA35/SUP on the memory stick.
- ► Copy the update key (\*.lic) to folder ARRI/ALEXA35/LICENSES on the memory stick.

#### **Camera Update**

- ► Connect the USB-C memory stick to the camera.
- ▶ Select MENU > Setup > Factory Reset to perform a factory reset.
- ► Select *MENU* > System > Update > Update Camera.
- ▶ Select the required update file and press CONFIRM to start the update.

Wait for the update process to finish. The update procedure takes about ten minutes.

After a successful update and reboot, the camera displays a success message.

### 18.7.2 Update of Camera Components

The camera supports to update the MVF-2 viewfinder and the lens mount. Updating the MVF-2 and the lens mount does not require a dedicated update file. The camera will issue a message if the software version of MVF-2 and/or the lens mount does not match the version required by the currently installed camera software.

► Select *MENU* > System > Update.

The *Update MVF-2* and *Update Lens Mount* entries show the software version installed on the component and the software version required by the currently installed camera software.

Select Update MVF-2 to update the MVF-2 or

Select Update Lens Mount to update the lens mount.

▶ Press CONFIRM to start the update.

### 18.7.3 Update of LBUS Devices

LBUS devices such as cforce mini motors, cforce Plus motors, ARRI Master Grips, ARRI Operator Control Unit OCU-1 and ARRI LCUBE can be updated by the camera. The update requires an update file which can be downloaded from the ARRI website.

- Download the update file for the desired device from the <u>Software Updates ECS</u> section of our website.
- Copy the update file onto a USB-C memory stick in folder ARRI/ECS/. Connect the memory stick to the camera.
- Connect the LBUS device to the LBUS connector of the camera or the lens mount.
- ► Select MENU > System > Update > Update LBUS Devices.

A list with the connected LBUS devices is displayed, showing the software version currently installed on the device and the software version stored on the memory stick.

- Select the LBUS device you want to update and press UPDATE.
- ▶ Press CONFIRM to start the update. Cancel with BACK.

### 18.7.4 Update of Codex Compact Drive

The camera supports to update Codex Compact Drives. Updating does not require a dedicated update file. The camera will issue a message if the firmware version of the inserted drive needs to be updated.

#### ADVICE

All data contained on the drive will be deleted by the update. Make sure that you have backed up all data before starting the update.

► Select *MENU* > *System* > *Update*.

The *Update Media* entry shows the software version installed on the inserted Compact Drive, and the software version required by the currently installed camera software.

- Select Update Media to update the inserted Compact Drive.
- ▶ Press CONFIRM to start the update.

**Info:** After the update, the camera must be rebooted to be able to record and resume normal operation. However, if additional drives need to be updated, no reboot is required, you can proceed directly with the update of the next drive.

### 18.7.5 Update of PDM-1

The camera supports to update the Power Distribution Module PDM-1. Updating does not require a dedicated update file. The camera will issue a message if the firmware version of the PDM-1 needs to be updated.

► Select *MENU* > System > Update.

The *Update PDM-1* entry shows the software version installed on the PDM-1, and the software version required by the currently installed camera software.

- ► Select Update PDM-1 to update the PDM-1.
- ▶ Press CONFIRM to start the update.

### 18.8 Licensing

The functionality of the camera can be extended by software licenses, which are available in the ARRI license store. The license store requires the HW Info (Hardware Information) file of the camera in order to generate a license. Licenses are bound to the serial number of the camera and cannot be transferred from one camera to another. Please always keep backup copies of all your license files.

Two licenses are available for upgrading the camera: the Cine license and the Multicam license. The regular ALEXA 35 includes the Cine license and can be upgraded with the Multicam license (available at a later point in time) for Multicam live productions. The ALEXA 35 Live includes the Multicam license and can be brought to full ALEXA 35 features with the Cine license.

Cine License (10.0051274)	
60 - 120 fps	Unlocks the full sensor frame rate range up to 120 fps. The maximum sensor frame rate without the Cine License installed is 60 fps.
ARRIRAW	Unlocks the ARRIRAW recording codec and all ARRIRAW sensor modes and associated recording resolutions: 4.6K 3:2 Open Gate 4.6K 16:9 4K 16:9 4K 2:1 3.8K 16:9 3.3K 6:5 3K 1:1 For further information please see "Sensor Mode & Recording Resolution", page 56.

Cine License (10.0051274)	
Apple ProRes Sensor Modes	Unlocks Apple ProRes sensor modes and associated recording resolutions for Open Gate and Anamorphic Desqueeze: 4.6K 3:2 Open Gate 4.6K 16:9 3.3K 6:5 3K 1:1
	2.7K 8:9 For further information please see <u>"Sensor Mode &amp; Recording Resolution", page 56</u> .
Prerecording	Unlocks the <u>"Prerecording"</u> functionality.
Anamorphic Desqueeze	Unlocks the following Lens Squeeze Factors for Anamorphic Desqueeze: 1.25, 1.30, 1.33, 1.50, 1.65, 1.80, 1.85, 2.00 For further information please see <u>page 38</u> .
Custom Color Management	Unlocks the use of ALF 4 look files with Custom Color Management. For further information please see <u>"Look File ALF4", page 46</u> .

Multicam License (10.0051275)	
Live Painting	Unlocks the Live Painting feature. For further information please see <u>"Live Painting", page 48</u> .
Multicam Textures	Unlocks six Multicam Textures for sharpening: MCS0 Sharpening 0 - MCS5 Sharpening 5 For further information please see <u>"ARRI Textures"</u> .
Multicam Looks	Unlocks five Multicam Look files: Multicam Default Game Show HDR / SDR Sunny Stadium HDR / SDR Talk Show HDR / SDR Winter Sports HDR / SDR
Remote Tally Control	Unlocks remote tally light control via the Camera Access Protocol.

**Info:** The features of the Multicam license are also unlocked as soon as the LPS-1 Fiber Camera Adapter is connected to the camera.

#### **Retrieving a License File**

- Connect a USB memory stick to the camera.
- Select Menu > System > Licenses > HW Info or Menu > Info > Export HW Info.
- ▶ Press CONFIRM to export the HW Info file.
- ► The file is saved in the USB folder *ARRI/ALEXA35/LICENSES* named *ALEXA35-HW-#####*-YYMMDD-HHMM.json (##### = camera serial number)
- ▶ go to the <u>ARRI License Shop</u>. Log in or register and proceed to purchase the license.

#### Installing a License File

- Copy the license file into the ARRI/ALEXA35/LICENSES folder on a USB memory stick and connect the USB memory stick to the camera.
- ► Select *Menu* > *System* > *Licenses* > *Add* and select the license file to install.
- Restart the camera after installation to make the new features available.

# 19 User Setups

A user setup is a profile of the current settings on the camera that can be saved on camera and/or to a USB memory stick. User setups can be given custom names, saved to the USB memory stick and loaded onto multiple cameras. Rather than resetting the camera to its factory default settings, a user setup can be used to reset the camera to a user's default settings.

User setups can be used to ensure that cameras on multi camera shoots have matching settings, or to transfer a show's setup onto daily cameras, to ensure they carry the same shooting specifications.

#### Saving a User Setup

You can save the current setup configuration in the camera or to the USB medium.

- Select MENU > Setup > User Setups Installed > Save to save the setup in the camera. Select MENU > Setup > User Setups on USB > Save to save the setup on the USB medium.
- Use the onscreen keyboard to enter a name for the user setup and press SAVE. A screen is displayed to select the setup parameter blocks with following options:

General	Groups the general camera configuration and basic project settings.
Format	Saves set codec, sensor mode and recording resolution.
Scene	Saves scene related parameters such as Shutter and Exposure Index.
Lens	Saves active lens table setting to quickly change between lens configurations.
User	Stores all parameters for camera personalization (overlays etc.)

Select one or more options and press CONFIRM.

#### Loading a User Setup

- Select MENU > Setup > User Setups Installed to load a setup from the camera.
   Select MENU > Setup > User Setups on USB to load a setup from the USB medium.
- Select a user setup from the list and press *LOAD*.

A pop up window with the parameter blocks of this user setup is displayed.

Press CONFIRM.

The camera loads the selected user setup and shows a result message. The pop up highlights the parameters that you should check in case certain parameters could not be loaded.

#### **Factory Reset**

You can reset the camera to the ARRI factory default values.

- Select MENU > Setup > Factory Reset.
- ▶ Press *RESET*.

The camera settings are reset to factory defaults.

Info: A factory reset does not delete user setups stored/installed on camera.

# 19.1 User Setup Parameter Blocks

The camera allows you to store a full camera configuration by selecting all parameter blocks, or only parts of the configuration by de-/selecting the desired blocks. The parameter blocks have been chosen to allow for maximum flexibility while keeping coherent sets of parameters and minimizing the amount of potential conflicts by loading partial setups.

#### General

Groups the general camera configuration and basic project settings.

Project Rate Audio (All Settings) Timecode (All Settings) Metadata (All Settings) Genlock Sync Sync Shift	Installed Look Files Installed Texture Files Installed Frame Line Files CAP Settings Mirror Image Fan Mode	Sensor FPS Presets Shutter Presets WB Presets ECS Radio Power ECS Radio Channel Prerec max. Duration	SDI 1&2 Format SDI 1&2 Frame Rate SDI 1&2 Image SDI 1&2 3G Level Streaming Metadata (all settings)	
Format				
Allows for easy switching	between recording format	S.		
Recording Codec	Sensor Mode	Recording Resolution	Active Frame Line	
Scene				
Allows you to change quickly between different shooting situations.				
Sensor FPS	Exposure Index	ND Filter	Active Texture	
Shutter	White Balance	Active Look	EF Iris Value	
Lens				
Allows you to change qui	ckly between different lens	setups.		
Lens Squeeze Factor	Lens Tables Installed	Lens motors direction	Lens motors teeth count	
Active Lens Table	Lens Table Favorites	Lens motors torque	Focus Unit	
Diopter Compensation Settings	5			
User				
Stores all parameters for	camera personalization.			
SDI 1&2 Processing (all settings) VF Surround View & Mask	User Buttons (all settings) Peaking (all settings) Play End mode Rec Beeper / Tally	BAT Warning PWR Warning Display Style Button Brightness	EVF Overlays (all settings) Monitor Overlays (all settings) VF Settings (all, except <i>EVF Power</i> )	

Info: Network settings are not stored in the user setup.

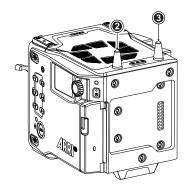
# 20 Network

A network connection can be used to remotely control the camera. The camera's Web Remote, the Camera Companion App or other applications communicating with the camera via the Camera Access Protocol (CAP) can be connected to the camera via Ethernet or WiFi.

The Ethernet connector (1) is located on the right side of the camera. Use the ALEXA ETH/RJ45 (3.0m/9.8ft) KC 153-S (K2.72021.0) cable to connect the camera to a computer or network.

The camera is equipped with a 2.4 GHz WiFi module and two WiFi antennas (2, 3), both located on the back of the camera.

The WiFi module of the camera can be configured to act as an access point or in infrastructure (client) mode.



### ADVICE



#### Electrostatic Discharge on Open Connector.

The WiFi module might be damaged by electrostatic discharge when leaving the connector without antenna attached.

- > Do not leave the antenna connectors open during operation or transport.
- Use only the type of antenna originally supplied.

### 20.1 WiFi Settings

#### **WiFi Power**

- Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Power or
- ► Select Side Display > Settings > WiFi

to enable/disable WiFi.

#### WiFi Mode

The WiFi module of the camera can be configured to act as an access point or in infrastructure (client) mode and opens up a wireless network in the 2.4 GHz band.

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Mode.

The WiFi mode can only be changed while WiFi power is disabled.

Following options are available:

 Host
 The camera acts as an WiFi access point. The SSID of the camera is ALEXA35-xxxxx.

 (xxxxx is the five digit serial number of the camera)

Client The camera can connect to a WiFi network and receives it's IP address via DHCP.

Icons on the HOME screen and the Status Info indicate the WiFi status:



Host mode is enabled.



Client mode is enabled, connection to a network has been established.



Client mode is enabled, camera is not connected to a network.

#### WiFi Password (Host Mode)

The camera requires a password when connecting to it via WiFi. The default password is "arriarri".

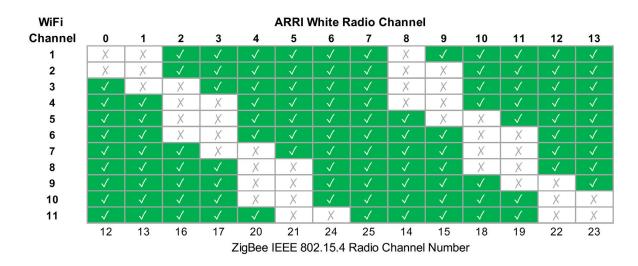
Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Host Password to set the WiFi password. The WiFi password must be between 8 and 32 characters long.

#### WiFi Host Channel

- Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Host Channel.
- Select Automatic to have the camera automatically select the WiFi host channel with the best performance, or select a WiFi channel between 1 and 11.

With the *Automatic* setting, the camera will rediscover the best WiFi host channel each time the camera is booted or WiFi is turned on. Select *Automatic* from the list again to trigger a new scan.

When using WiFi and <u>White Radio</u> simultaneously, it is important to configure the used channels to avoid interference and guarantee optimal performance. The following table gives an overview of suitable channel configurations:



#### **Connect to a Network (Client Mode)**

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Network and select the desired network from the list.

If the selected WiFi network uses encryption, you are prompted to enter the password.

► Enter the password and press CONNECT.

#### Connect to a Network using a QR Code (Client Mode)

You can use a QR code to connect to a WiFi network. The WiFi credentials need to be provided in the following format:

WIFI:S:my-ssid;T:[WEP|WPA|WPA2];P:my-password;;

where the italic parts need to be replaced with your network credentials.

- ► Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Network > SCAN QR.
- Hold the QR-Code in front of the lens so that it fills the frame and is in focus. A popup window with QR-Code data is displayed.
- ▶ Press CONNECT.

**Info**: QR Code scanning is not available with the Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 connected. **Info**: QR Code scanning is not working when Mirror Image is set to *V* (vertical) or *H* (horizontal).

#### **Disconnect from Network (Client Mode)**

- ► Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > WiFi Network.
- ▶ Press DISCONNECT.

If the network you were connected to is hidden, it will disappear from the network list shortly after.

## 20.2 Ethernet Settings

#### LAN IP Mode

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > LAN IP Mode.

Following options are available:

Static	Select for manually entering an IP address and subnet mask.
DHCP	Select to let the camera accept a dynamically assigned IP address from an DHCP server.

#### LAN Static IP

► Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > LAN Static IP to set the desired LAN Static IP adress.

#### LAN Static Subnet

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > LAN Static Subnet to set the desired LAN Static subnet.

#### LAN Static Gateway

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > LAN Static Gateway to set the desired LAN Static gateway.

### 20.3 Streaming Metadata

The camera supports to stream real time metadata via Ethernet, to be used in virtual studios (aka volumes with an LED wall, aka mixed reality production systems). For more information please refer to the ARRI Live Link Metadata Manual, available in the <u>Technical Downloads</u> section on the ARRI website.

#### **Streaming Addressing**

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Streaming Metadata > Streaming Addressing to set the type of addressing.

Following options are available:

Unicast	The metadata is transmitted from the camera to an endpoint via any nodes.
Multicast	The metadata is transmitted to multiple recipients or to a closed group of recipients.

#### **Streaming Address**

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Streaming Metadata > Streaming Address to set the destination IP address.

**Info:** When streaming addressing is set to Multicast, the allowed address range is within IP subnet 239.192.0.0/16.

#### **Streaming Port**

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Streaming Metadata > Streaming Port to set the destination port between 1024 and 65535.

#### **Enable Streaming**

Select MENU > System > Network / WiFi > Streaming Metadata > Enable Streaming to enable metadata streaming.

# 21 Metadata

An ARRI camera automatically collects metadata when shooting. This metadata is stored in the header of recorded MXF/Apple ProRes and MXF/ARRIRAW files. The data is also stored in separate Avid Log Exchange ALE files, which keep track of all statics that are recorded on one recording media. Additionally, ARRI cameras can record lens data dynamically frame-by-frame. Metadata can be accessed, visualized and exported directly in the ARRI Reference Tool.

For more information about ARRI camera metadata, please refer to the ARRI Metadata White Paper, available in the <u>Technical Downloads</u> section on the ARRI website.

#### **Production Metadata in Camera Menu**

► Select *MENU* > *Metadata* > to enter production metadata.

# 22 Lens & Electronic Control System (ECS)

## 22.1 Lens Data

#### **ARRI Lens Data System (LDS)**

The Lens Data System (LDS) allows ARRI cameras and accessories to identify connected lenses and exchange dynamic lens data reflecting the current lens settings. It works with cine lenses using ARRI LDS or LDS-2 technology, lenses using Cooke /i technology and even cine lenses without lens data capabilities. LDS also offers basic support for most B4 or PL ENG lenses and Canon photo lenses when used with the appropriate mount. Available lens information can be displayed live on lens control units like the Hi-5 or WCU-4, in the camera's viewfinder and on the monitoring outputs. It is sent with very low latency via Ethernet for use in mixed reality/virtual production environments and embedded as ancillary data in the SDI output. Post production benefits from frame accurate dynamic (per frame) and static (per clip) lens data in all original camera files.

#### Lenses with ARRI LDS Technology

Most ARRI lenses following the ARRI/Zeiss Ultra Prime LDS have built-in LDS functionality. This offers basic lens information and accurate lens tables for the Focus, Iris, and Zoom axis (if applicable). LDS lenses have integrated encoders for each axis and therefore deliver lens metadata even if the lens is adjusted manually. LDS-2 is the latest generation of the lens data system. It was introduced with the LPL mount and ARRI Signature Prime and Signature Zoom lenses. LDS-2 offers more bandwidth, higher precision and faster communication. LDS-2 requires no calibration turn to the end stops of each lens ring to deliver data. LDS-2 is prepared for future applications and is being licensed to other lens and camera manufacturers.

#### Lenses with Cooke /i Technology

Many lenses, camera and lens control system manufacturers rely on /i Technology, which has been designed and developed by Cooke Optics as an open lens metadata protocol. Every ALEXA camera with an LDS capable lens mount, including the original ALEXA "Classic", supports basic /i Technology. Please note that some older Cooke lenses may be running on outdated firmware. This is likely to cause incompatibilities with the LDS. Please contact Cooke Optics directly for more information about checking the lens firmware version and available updates.

#### Lenses without Lens Data Capabilities

To get the FIZ information for a lens without lens data capabilities, the LDS can derive the lens ring positions based on end-to-end calibrated lens motor positions and a lens file that is used as a look up table. These files are available from the Lens Data Archive (LDA), a local library of lens files, which can also be extended by the user. The LDA exists in ARRI cameras or accessories like the UMC-4, RIA-1, or cforce mini RF or in the ECS sync app for iOS.

To create a new lens file, you need a camera, lens motors, a HI-5 or WCU-4 wireless lens control unit and the lens. First, the motors are calibrated to the end stops of their lens rings. Then, axis by axis, the lens control is used to drive the lens to each marking on the lens barrel and to set markers for the corresponding motor (encoder) position. Finally, the lens file can be stored by e.g. model, focal length and optionally lens serial number. Programming a lens file takes a while, but is time well spent, as it can be shared between LDAs and therefore only needs to be done once.

#### **ARRI Lens Data Mount**

Certain non-LDS lenses can be retrofit with an ARRI Lens Data Mount (LDM-2), which is programmed with the lens file. Using a Lens Data Mount instead of the LDA is more practical where one lens may be used on many cameras, such as a camera rental operation. It also saves time in production as the LDS automatically uses the file when the lens is attached.

The LDM-2 is available for Angénieux Optimo 24-290, Angénieux 17-102, Angénieux 25-250, Cooke 25-250, Cooke 18-100 and Zeiss Apo Tessar 300.

#### Lens Data Display in Camera

Lens data can be displayed as camera status overlays in the viewfinder and the SDI outputs. Single overlays for focus distance, iris and focal length are displayed. For further information please see <u>"Configuration of Status Info Components"</u>.

The camera can be configured to display either metric or imperial readings:

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Focus Unit to set the desired focus unit.

Following options are available:

Lens Default	Focus unit is displayed according to the markings on the lens (requires LDS or Cooke /i lens).
Imperial	Focus unit is displayed in Feet.
Metric	Focus unit is displayed in Meter.

#### **Circle of Confusion**

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Circle of Confusion to set the Circle of Confusion. Following options are available:

0.009 0.013

0.025

### 22.2 Lens Data Archive

The Lens Data Archive (LDA) is an archive that contains lens tables. In combination with the lens motor(s) these lens tables provide lens data for lenses without a lens data interface. The lens tables set the raw motor encoder values in correlation to the actual lens scales. Once you choose the right lens table from the Lens Data Archive and calibrate your lens motors, you get the same type of lens data as an LDS lens would deliver. You can create your own lens tables for any given lens with the Hi-5 or WCU-4 hand units and save them internally, externally to a memory stick, or in an iOS device with the ECS Sync App. Lens tables can then be transferred wirelessly from the hand units to the camera.

#### Adding Lens Tables from the USB Medium

- Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Lens Data > Lens Tables Installed > ADD.
- Press IMPORT to import lens tables from a USB medium or DEFAULTS to select a lens table from the internal lens tables default list.
- Select the desired lens table from the list and press IMPORT.

The lens table is imported to the camera's Lens Tables Installed list.

▶ To use the lens table, select the lens table from the Lens Tables Installed list and press SET.

Some lens tables contain different scale classes for the same lens model. The scale class of an individual lens is engraved on the lens barrel. If required: select the corresponding scale class from the list.

It is possible to load a lens table even when an LDS lens is attached. The LDA values calculated from motor positions and lens tables take precedence over the values communicated by the lens itself. This can be necessary if the lens data from the lens is faulty or imprecise.



As soon as an LDA table is activated, the LDS contacts of the lens mount are switched off, indicated through the LDS icon on the HOME screen and in the Status Info.

#### Lens Tables Favorites List

Frequently used lens tables can be added to a favorites list. The list shows all lenses that have been added before, including the selected scale class.

#### Add Lens Tables to the Favorites List

- Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Lens Data > Lens Tables Installed and select and set a lens table for use.
- Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Lens Table > Add to Favorites to add the lens table to the favorites list.

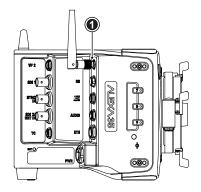
#### Select a Lens Table from the Favorites List

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Lens Data > Lens Table Favorites and select and set a lens table from the list.

## 22.3 White Radio Configuration

The camera has an integrated radio unit via which the ARRI HI-5, WCU-4 and SXU-1 hand held units can be connected to the camera. It enables wireless lens control, lens data communication and remote control of basic camera functions. The radio system is referred to as white radio. The connector for the white radio antenna is located on the right side of the camera (1).

In order to assume a correct wireless operation, please ensure that the white radio antenna is installed correctly on the camera.



#### ADVICE



Electrostatic Discharge on Open Connector.

- The White Radio module might be damaged by electrostatic discharge when leaving the connector without antenna attached.
- > Do not leave the antenna connectors open during operation or transport.
- Use only the type of antenna originally supplied.

#### **Radio Power and Radio Channel**

- ▶ Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Radio > Power to enable white radio.
- Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Radio > Channel to select the white radio channel. Following options are available:

Channel	Frequency	ZigBee IEEE 802.15.4 Channel	Channel	Frequency	ZigBee IEEE 802.15.4 Channel
0	2.410 GHz	12	7	2.475 GHz	25
1	2.415 GHz	13	8	2.420 GHz	14
2	2.430 GHz	16	9	2.425 GHz	15
3	2.435 GHz	17	10	2.440 GHz	18
4	2.450 GHz	20	11	2.445 GHz	19
5	2.455 GHz	21	12	2.460 GHz	22
6	2.470 GHz	24	13	2.465 GHz	23

Ψ7

Active white radio and set channel number is indicated through the white radio icon displayed on the HOME screen as well as in the Status Info.

To connect a hand unit to the camera set the hand unit's radio channel to the same value. Make sure that each camera on set uses its own white radio channel. It is not supported that one hand unit connects to two cameras in parallel.

**Info:** When using white radio and WiFi simultaneously it is important to configure the used channels to avoid interference and guarantee optimal performance. See the channel configuration table in the WiFi chapter <u>"WiFi Host Channel"</u> for more information.

▶ MENU > Lens & ECS > Radio > Status shows the current status of the white radio module:

Off	White Radio is disabled.
Init	White Radio is initializing
Ready	White radio is initialized and ready to be used.
Blocked	Selected White Radio channel is already used by another camera on set.

MENU > Lens & ECS > Radio > Connected Devices displays the amount of hand units connected to the camera. Up to three hand units can connect to one camera in parallel.

#### **Region Setting**

The wireless region setting specifies the region the white radio can be used in compliance with local regulations.

► Select *MENU* > *Lens* & *ECS* > *Radio* > *Wireless Region Setting* to set the region.

The following options are available:

Australia	India	South Africa	World
Canada	Israel	South Korea	
China	Japan	Taiwan	
Egypt	New Zealand	Thailand	
Europe	Philippines	UAE	
Hong Kong	Singapore	USA	

Select World if your specific region is not listed.

#### ADVICE

Please ensure that the region is configured correctly, as it may be illegal to use White Radio in a region other than specified in the setting. All settings are compliant to FCC and IC regulations.

## 22.4 Lens Motors

The camera supports the use of cforce mini, cforce plus and cforce mini RF lens motors. Lens motors are connected to the LBUS connector of the camera and/or the lens mount and can be daisy chained. For more information about lens motors, please download the lens motor user manuals from the <u>Lens</u> <u>Motors</u> section of the ARRI website.

#### **Motor Calibration**

#### **A** CAUTION



Rotating Lens Motor

Risk of crushing fingers and capturing and unraveling long hair, jewelry and/or clothing.

- Make sure that the lens motor is properly attached to the lens.
- > Do not touch the lens motor gears while they are moving.
- Keep hair and loose clothing away from the motor gear teeth.
- Keep cables connected to the camera away from the motor gear teeth.
- Do not trigger a calibration unless all connected motors are attached to the lens.

After a lens motor has been connected to the camera, it must first be calibrated before it can be used.



The camera indicates the calibration request by displaying an orange CAL icon on the HOME screen as well as in the Status Info. The icon turns gray once calibration is in progress, and expires when calibration has finished.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Calibrate Lens Motors to start calibration of all connected lens motors. Alternatively, motor calibration can be triggered via the hand unit or the motor itself.



User Button Calibrate Lens Motors supports to quickly calibrate all connected lens motors.

#### **Motor Torque**

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > LBUS Lens Motor Configuration Focus / Iris / Zoom Motor Torque to set the torque of a lens motor in the range of 1 (the lowest torque) to 4 (the highest torque).

#### **Motor Direction**

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > LBUS Lens Motor Configuration Focus / Iris / Zoom Motor Direction to set the motor direction between Left and Right.

Use Left if a lens motor is to the left of the lens, use Right if it is to the right.

#### **Teeth Count**

The motor teeth count setting is only active when an LDA lens table is active and is used to assure correct lens table mappings when using a different motor gear than the one the lens table was initially created with. The number of teeth can be read on the gear wheel of the motor.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > LBUS Lens Motor Configuration Focus / Iris / Zoom Motor Teeth Count to set the teeth count.

Following options are available:

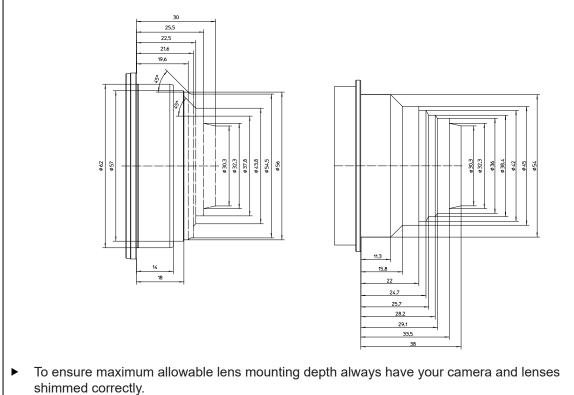
Auto	The camera determines the teeth count during motor calibration.
40t	The motor is equipped with a 40 tooth gear.
50t	The motor is equipped with a 50 tooth gear.
60t	The motor is equipped with a 60 tooth gear.

## 22.5 Changing a Lens

#### ADVICE



- Do not use LPL mount lenses with more than 30.00 mm entry depth.
- Do not use PL mount lenses with more than 38.00 mm entry depth.
- Use only lenses that do not exceed the following dimensions (left: LPL mount lenses, right: PL mount lenses):



### ADVICE

#### Dust particles on the sensor cover glass may affect the recorded image!

When no lens or lens cap is attached to the camera, dirt and dust particles may enter the camera and settle on the sensor cover glass. Particles on the sensor cover glass can later be visible in the recordings made by the camera.

- Changing lenses or lens mounts should be done in a dry and dust free environment. If this is not possible, take extra care that no particles enters the camera while the lens or the lens mount is off.
- After removal of a lens, perform a dust check to make sure no particles have settled on the sensor cover glass.
- ▶ Place the protective cap on the lens mount, when no lens is attached to the camera.
- Always store the camera with a capped lens mount or camera front cover installed.
- Make sure to protect all optical surfaces when changing a lens or lens mount.

### ADVICE



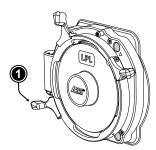
#### Heavy Lenses may affect the flange focal depth!

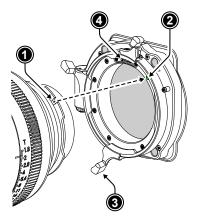
Using lenses above 3 kg / 6.6 lbs without a proper lens support can put stress on the lens mount and affect the flange focal depth.

Always use a suitable lens support for lenses weighing more than 3 kg / 6.6 lbs.

Lens change on the LPL mount, the PL mounts as well as the PL-to-LPL Adapter works the same way. The description below shows an LPL mount.

- ► When removing a lens, hold the lens securely.
- Turn the bayonet ring (1) anticlockwise until it stops.
- Gently remove the lens / lens port cap from the lens mount.
- Carefully insert the lens into the lens mount. Align the notch in the lens flange (1) with the index pin on the lens mount (2), keeping the lens rotated into a position where the lens markings are visible from either side of the camera.
- When attaching an LDS lens, make sure it is oriented so that the LDS contacts of the lens and lens mount (4) meet (12:00 position). Do not touch the LDS contacts.
- Carefully press the lens flange flat onto the lens mount.
- Turn the bayonet ring (3) clockwise until the lens is locked securely.





## 22.6 EF Lens Iris Adjustment

When using EF Mount and EF lenses, the aperture of the lens can be controlled from the camera menu. This option is only available when the camera is equipped with an EF Mount. Furthermore, the iris of EF lenses can be controlled using the ARRI Master Grips or the Operator Control Unit OCU-1.

- ► Select HOME > El > Iris.
- Rotate the jogwheel to open or close the iris of the EF lens. Press the jogwheel to toggle between full stops and sub stops.

Info: Sub stop precision depends on the lens type and is automatically set by the camera.



User Buttons *EF Close Iris* and *EF Open Iris* support to quickly adjust the iris of an EF lens.

## 22.7 Enable Lens Mount

You can disable the LDS contacts of the lens mount. Usually this is not necessary, but it can be helpful when e.g. lenses with faulty lens data are used. Please note that as soon as an LDA lens table is activated, the LDS contacts of the lens mount are switched off automatically. There is no need to switch the mount off manually when using LDA lens tables.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Enable Lens Mount to enable/disable the lens mount contacts of the lens mount.



A disabled lens mount is indicated through the LDS icon on the HOME screen as well as in the Status Info.

## 22.8 Diopter Compensation (BETA)

Optical filters and accessories such as ARRI Ensō Vintage Elements, Signature Impression V filters, and front diopters modify the optical characteristics of a lens, impacting parameters like focus distance, focal length, and T-stop values. Filters like ARRI Ensō Vintage Elements and Signature Impression V are specifically designed to introduce spherical aberration, a deliberate optical effect that enhances a vintage aesthetic when paired with ARRI Ensō Prime, Signature Prime, or Zoom lenses. This spherical aberration subtly alters the lens's optical behavior, including a shift in the focus scale that varies depending on the filter and aperture settings.

Front diopters, on the other hand, reduce the minimum focus distance for detailed close-ups and macro-style shots by altering the lens's optical path, which can also affect the focus scale and render original lens markings inaccurate.

The Diopter Compensation feature addresses these changes by recalculating and displaying corrected focus distances directly in the camera and on connected hand units like the Hi-5. This ensures focus pullers can rely on precise focus readings, eliminating the guesswork of manually compensating for the optical effects of filters or diopters.

All necessary data required to perform the compensation—such as diopter selection, type, shim thickness—along with both the original lens data and the compensation-corrected data, are written into the metadata of the recorded clips.

#### **Diopter Type**

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Diopter Compensation > Diopter Type to specify the diopter/filter type in use. Following options are available:

None	No diopter/filter is in use. This is the factory default.
Ensō Vintage Element	An Ensō Vintage Element is used.
Signature Impression V	A Signature Impression V filter is used.
Front	A Front diopter is used.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Diopter Compensation > Diopter Selection to specify the strength of the diopter/filter in use.

The strength of a front diopter is measured in diopters, with the value typically marked directly on the diopter. You can choose a preset value from the list or add a custom value as needed.

**350P •1.00** The diopter icon in the status info of the EVF and SDI provides information about the selected diopter/filter. For Ensō Elements and Signature Impression V filters, the specific filter designation is shown (left). When using front diopters, the icon displays the diopter strength in diopters (right).

**Info:** When using Ensō Primes with Ensō Vintage Elements, the Diopter Type and Diopter Selection are automatically configured.

**Info:** The Diopter Compensation feature is available exclusively when Ensō Vintage Elements are paired with Ensō Prime lenses or when Signature Impression V filters are paired with Signature Prime lenses. For instance, compensation cannot be applied if Ensō Prime lenses are used in combination with Signature Impression V filters.

#### **Shim Thickness**

It is highly recommended that you consult the user manuals for Ensō Prime Lenses / Vintage Elements and Signature Prime Lenses / Impression V Filters for comprehensive and essential information on shimming.

The Diopter Compensation feature is designed to provide accurate focus distance readings when Ensō Vintage Elements or Signature Impression V filters alter the lens's optical path. However, its necessity depends on how the lens is shimmed and the aperture settings used:

- Proper Shimming and Standard Aperture Usage When the lens is shimmed according to specifications and used at the aperture for which it was shimmed, the original scale markings on the lens remain accurate. In this case, the Diopter Compensation feature is not needed, as the lens maintains its intended focus distance accuracy.
- Proper Shimming with a Different Aperture If the lens is properly shimmed but used at an aperture other than the one for which it was shimmed, slight shifts in focus distance may occur. In this scenario, the Diopter Compensation feature becomes useful, as it adjusts for the minor focus inaccuracies introduced by the aperture change.
- Positive Filters/Elements Without Shimming
   When positive filters/elements are used without shimming the lens, the Diopter Compensation feature can display corrected focus values, ensuring accuracy despite the altered optical path.
- Negative Filters/Elements Without Shimming
   For negative filters/elements, the Diopter Compensation feature cannot compensate if the lens has
   not been shimmed. It can only provide the aperture-based adjustment described in point 2, and
   this only works if the lens was originally shimmed to a specific aperture. Without proper shimming,
   accurate correction for focus shifts caused by negative filters is not possible.

When using Ensō Vintage Elements or Signature Impression V filters, the thickness of the shim applied to the lens must be specified. Enter only the thickness of the shim you have added for the specific element/filter in use. Do not include any shims already installed on the lens.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Diopter Compensation > Shim Thickness to specify the shimming of the lens. Select a shim thickness from the list or <u>add</u> a custom value.

#### **Diopter to Sensor Distance**

When using front diopters, the distance from the diopter to the sensor plane of the camera must be specified.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Diopter Compensation > Diopter to Sensor Distance to specify the distance in cm or inches (depending on the set focus unit).

#### **Enable and Disable Diopter Compensation**

The Diopter Compensation can be enabled once all the necessary information for recalculating the lens data is provided.

Select MENU > Lens & ECS > Diopter Compensation > Diopter Compensation to enable and disable the compensation.

When Diopter Compensation is enabled, the Focus, Iris, and Focal Length readings are displayed in brackets, indicating that these values have been corrected/compensated.

# 23 Remote Control

### 23.1 Web Remote

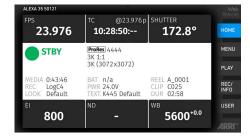
The camera can be remotely controlled via WiFi or Ethernet using the camera's Web Remote feature.

- Connect the camera to your computer via WiFi or Ethernet.
- Open a web browser and enter the URL ALEXA35-xxxxx.local (replace xxxxx with the camera's 5digit serial number).

To access the Web Remote via this URL, the device must support zero-configuration networking (zeroconf), such as Apple Bonjour. If zeroconf is not available, the Web Remote can be accessed through the network's IP address (either WiFi or LAN IP). The WiFi IP is set to 192.168.153.1 by default. The LAN IP can either be assigned by a DHCP server or configured manually. To check the LAN IP, navigate to *MENU > Info > Network Info*, or view the Info page on the side display.

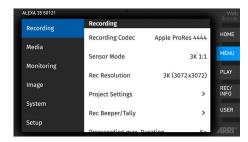
#### HOME

Shows the camera HOME screen (as on MVF-2) with access to the main parameters.



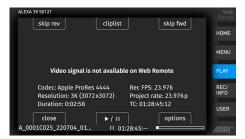
#### MENU

Access to the camera menu.



#### PLAY

Starts playback from the recording medium. Provides the same controls as the MVF-2, but does not show a video signal.



#### **REC / INFO**

Contains information on the main recording parameters, plus a *REC* button. Click the big circle icon to start/stop recording.

**Info:** Rec status and timecode may respond slightly delayed depending on the network's speed.



## USER

Shows configuration of the camera user buttons and allows you to trigger them. Press the number icons to trigger the user buttons.

ALEXA 35 50121		
1 SDI 1 False Color	I False Color 6 Off	
		HOME
2 SDI 1 Check LogC4	2 SDI 1 Check LoaC4 7 Off	
		MENU
3 SDI 1 Zoom (Smart)	8 Off	PLAY
5 551 1 20011 (511414)	0 011	
011	04	REC/ INFO
4 Off	9 Off	
		USER
5 Off		
		ARRI~

# ADVICE

Frequent reloading of the Web Remote camera interface connected with WiFi indicates a limited WiFi range. Please place the device closer to the camera or connect via Ethernet. You may also consider to use the WiFi client mode which allows connecting the camera to a WiFi network.

After a camera update, the Web Remote feature may not be fully functional until the browser cache of your web browser has been cleared. Always use a 'private' or 'incognito' browser window when using the Web Remote to operate the camera and to perform a SUP update. This prevents possible erroneous behavior.

# 23.2 Camera Access Protocol (CAP)

The Camera Access Protocol (CAP) is an IP based API used to control and monitor ARRI cameras via a network connection. The protocol incorporates functions to perform color grading, query and set values like exposure index or sensor frame rate, start and stop recording and many more. Information on the Camera Access Protocol is available through the ARRI Partner Program free of charge. For more details please see our <u>ARRI Partner Program</u> and the Camera Access Protocol Feature List in the <u>Technical Downloads</u> section on the ARRI website.

## Activation of CAP Server

Select MENU > System > Camera Access Protocol (CAP) > Enable CAP Server to switch remote access to the camera via the Camera Access Protocol on or off. Per factory default, the server is enabled.

**Info:** The Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 and the Fiber Camera Adapter of the LPS-1 system communicate with the camera via the CAP protocol. If the CAP server is switched off, the range of functions of these devices is limited.

## **CAP Server Password**

- ▶ Select MENU > System > Camera Access Protocol (CAP) > Cap Server Password.
- ▶ Use the on-screen keyboard to enter a password used for Camera Access Protocol connections.

## **CAP Client List**

The CAP client list shows the name of the currently connected client. The list shows 'NONE' if no client is connected, and 'NO NAME' if the connected client has not transmitted its name.

► Select MENU > System > Camera Access Protocol (CAP) > CAP Client List to display the list.

# 23.3 Camera Companion App

The Camera Companion App offers remote control of one or multiple cameras, as well as customization of the app's user interface. It focuses on the functions that are most frequently used during production. The app uses the Camera Access Protocol (CAP) via the camera's internal WiFi radio or the ETH interface. The app is available for download from the Apple App Store and can be used on iPhone, iPad, M1 and M2 Mac computers and the Apple watch.

# 23.4 Hand Units Hi-5 and WCU-4

The ARRI hand units Hi-5 and WCU-4 support to control basic settings of the camera. The following settings can be accessed through the hand units:

Rec start/stop Full Playback Control Sensor Frame Rate Shutter Angle Exposure Index White Balance ND Filter Peaking Surround View Status Info

False Color Frame Lines User Buttons User Setups

# 24 ALEXA 35 Accessories

# 24.1 Lens Mounts



## ARRI LPL Mount (LBUS) K2.0018983

A lens mount specifically designed for large format and/or full frame lenses with an LPL (Large Positive Lock) mount. Compatible with ARRI LDS-2 and Cooke /i. Can be equipped with the PL-to-LPL Adapter to accept PL mount lenses. Includes an LBUS connector for cforce-type lens motors. In comparison to the PL mount, the LPL mount has a wider diameter (62 mm vs. 54 mm) and a shorter flange focal distance (44 mm vs. 52 mm). Optimized for the increased dynamic range of the ALEXA 35 sensor.



## PL-to-LPL Adapter K2.0016936

An adapter that can be used to attach PL mount lenses to a camera with an LPL mount. Compatible with ARRI LDS-1 and Cooke /i. The adapter can be mounted either so that the LDS contacts are in the 12:00 position for ARRI lenses, or so that the LDS contacts are in the 3:00 position for Cooke lenses.

## PL Mount (LBUS) K2.0042651

A PL lens mount with an LBUS connector optimized for the increased dynamic range of the ALEXA 35 sensor. Reduced internal reflection properties ensure that the full contrast of the image from the lens reaches the sensor. The PL Mount (LBUS) is compatible with ALEXA 35, ALEXA Mini LF, ALEXA Mini and AMIRA, but only ALEXA 35, ALEXA Mini LF and ALEXA Mini support the LBUS connector. Replaces the older "Titanium PL LDS mount with LBUS (K2.0003216)".



### PL Mount (Hirose) K2.0042652

A PL lens mount with a Hirose connector optimized for the increased dynamic range of the ALEXA 35 sensor. Reduced internal reflection properties ensure that the full contrast of the image from the lens reaches the sensor. The PL Mount (Hirose) is compatible with ALEXA 35, ALEXA Mini LF, ALEXA Mini and AMIRA. Replaces the older "PL LDS Lens Mount (Hirose) (K2.0001107)".



### EF Mount (LBUS) K2.0019965

An EF lens mount with an LBUS connector optimized for the increased dynamic range of the ALEXA 35 sensor. Reduced internal reflection properties ensure that the full contrast of the image from the lens reaches the sensor. This EF Mount (LBUS) has a wide light baffle that illuminates both Super 35 and large format sensor areas. Allows control of the electronic iris in many EF lenses through the camera menu and ARRI ECS devices. Also allows the use of the electronic Image Stabilization found in some EF lenses.





## B4 Mount K2.0001237

The B4 lens mount with Hirose connector allows the use of B4 lenses with integrated servo modules.

## PL to B4 Lens Adapter K2.0001238

A mechanical and optical adapter that allows the use of B4 mount lenses on cameras with a PL mount.

# 24.1.1 Changing the Lens Mount

# A WARNING



Changing the Lens Mount while the Camera is Powered

Risk of electric shock and permanent damage to the camera and/or the lens mount.

 Always switch off the camera and disconnect all power supplies before changing the lens mount.

# ADVICE



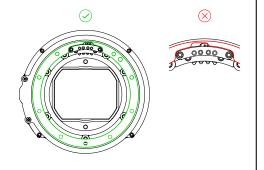
Dust particles on the sensor cover glass may affect the recorded image!

When no lens or lens cap is attached to the camera, dirt and dust particles may enter the camera and settle on the sensor cover glass. Particles on the sensor cover glass can later be visible in the recordings made by the camera.

- Changing lenses or lens mounts should be done in a dry and dust-free environment. If this is not possible, take extra care that no particles enters the camera while the lens or the lens mount is off.
- After removal of a lens, perform a dust check to make sure no particles have settled on the sensor cover glass..
- When no lens is attached to the camera, use the lens port cap to prevent dust from entering the lens cavity.
- Always store the camera with a capped lens mount or camera front cover installed.
- ▶ Make sure to protect all optical surfaces when changing a lens or lens mount.

# ADVICE

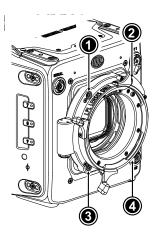
When adjusting the flange focal depth on the LPL mount make sure to insert the shims in the correct orientation. Inserting the shims in the incorrect orientation (flipped) may result in a short circuit on the LDS print, compromising LDS functionality (lens detection and lens data).



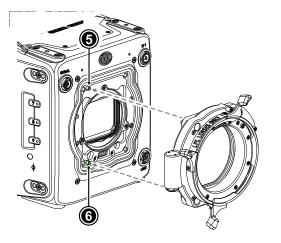
# ADVICE

The Titanium PL LDS Mount with LBUS (K2.0003216), the AMIRA PL LDS Lens Mount (K2.0001107) and the EF Lens Mount (K2.0001103) are mechanically compatible with the ALEXA 35, but these lens mounts are not sufficiently stray light optimized to be used with the ALEXA 35.

New lens mounts specifically designed for the ALEXA 35 (PL Mount (LBUS) (K2.0042651), PL Mount (Hirose) (K2.0042652), EF Mount (LBUS) (K2.0019965) ensure that the high dynamic range of the sensor is not compromised by stray light that may be generated in the optomechanics of the camera.



- Switch off the camera and unplug any power source.
- Crosswise, loosen all four lens mount screws with a 3.0 mm Allen key.
- Carefully remove the lens mount (or camera front cover).
- Store the lens mount in a case for dust protection.



- Carefully align the lens mount with the two guiding pins (5, 6) on the camera's lens mount base.
- Crosswise, hand-tighten all four lens mount screws with a 3.0 mm Allen key.

# 24.2 Mechanical Accessories

# 24.2.1 Bottom Accessories



## Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1 K2.0034180

The super small and lightweight Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1 attaches to the ALEXA 35 bottom. Once mounted to the camera, the BUD-1's wide dovetail allows the camera to be securely and quickly attached and detached from and to all ALEXA 35 accessories that sit below the camera including the CBP-5, CBP-6, BPA-6, CSP-2 and SAM-5 through 9.

Additionally, the dovetail allows balancing of the camera on the accessories. Use the lever to lock or unlock the sliding option. Push in the blue safety button to slide the ALEXA 35/BUD-1 off whatever it is mounted on. Furthermore, keeping the BUD-1 attached to the camera ensures that the camera's air intake is not covered.





# Bridge Plate BP-8 K2.0031436

The venerable Bridge Plate BP-8 sits between a Bridge Plate Adapter and the ARRI bottom dovetail plate and allows balancing of the camera. The BP-8 accepts two 19 mm studio rods without restrictions regarding forward and backward positioning of the rods.

## Bridge Plate BP-9 K2.0031435

The venerable Bridge Plate BP-9 sits between a Bridge Plate Adapter and the ARRI bottom dovetail plate and allows balancing of the camera. The BP-9 accepts two 15 mm studio rods without restrictions regarding forward and backward positioning of the rods.

While the Compact Bridge Plates represent the fastest, most comfortable and flexible method to change from tripod to shoulder and to other camera supports, the BPA-6 provides an option for those who want to use tripods with "Touch and Go" plates or the classic ARRI Bridge Plates BP-8 or BP-9. The BPA-6 dovetail slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1. The bottom of the BPA-6 is a "Touch and Go 35" plate





Bridge Plate Adapter BPA-6 K2.0024745

that allows quick mounting to a variety of tripod heads.

The CBP-5 is a compact and lightweight base plate that combines the features of a sliding studio bridge plate with a comfortable Visco shoulder pad. Its unique quick-release system allows the CBP to be lifted straight off (or placed on) the bottom dovetail plate without having to slide it off (on). The Compact Bridge Plates represent the fastest, most comfortable and most flexible method to change from tripod to hand held and to other camera supports. The CBP-5 accepts 19 mm studio rods and 15 mm Lightweight rods.



### Compact Bridge Plate CBP-6 K2.0023836

The CBP-6 is a compact and lightweight base plate that combines the features of a sliding studio bridge plate with a comfortable Visco shoulder pad. Its unique quick-release system allows the CBP to be lifted straight off (or placed on) the bottom dovetail plate without having to slide it off (on). The Compact Bridge Plates represent the fastest, most comfortable and most flexible method to change from tripod to hand held and to other camera supports. The CBP-6 accepts 15 mm studio rods and 15 mm Lightweight rods.



### Compact Shoulder Pad CSP-2 K2.0024161

The CSP-2 is a simple flat shoulder pad with a long, comfortable Visco pad. Its four (removable) metal feet allow the camera to be safely placed on any flat surface when not on the operator's shoulder. The CSP-2 slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1.



Bottom Plate 300 mm/12" K2.0015896

The 300 mm/12 inch Bottom Dovetail Plate is the standard for all prime lenses where minimal balancing is required.

## Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-5 K2.0024572

The Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-5 is a sliding dove tail plate with a very small height that connects the ALEXA 35 to a MōVI Pro or M15. The SAM-5 top dove tail slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1. The SAM-5 bottom is a rail that slides into the top stage of the MōVI Pro or M15.

## Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-6 K2.0024508

The Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-6 is a low profile sliding dove tail plate that connects the ALEXA 35 to ARRI CSS products, such as ARRI TRINITY and SRH-3/360. The SAM-6 top dove tail slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1. The SAM-6 bottom is a dove tail that slides into the top stage of any ARRI CSS product.

### Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-7 K2.0024511

The Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-7 is a low profile sliding dove tail that connects the ALEXA 35 to ARRI Artemis and GPi PRO Stabilizers. The SAM-7 top dove tail slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1. The SAM-7 bottom is a dove tail that slides into the top stage of any stabilizer system using the GPi Pro standard (including the ARRI Artemis).



## Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-8 K2.0044479

The Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-8 is a low profile sliding dove tail plate that connects the ALEXA 35 to Tiffen Steadicam products, such as M1 and M2. The SAM-8 top dove tail slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1. The SAM-8 bottom is a dove tail that slides into the stage of Tiffen Steadicams.



### Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-9 K2.0041949

The Stabilizer Adapter Mount SAM-9 is a low profile sliding dove tail that connects the ALEXA 35 to DJI Ronin 2. The SAM-9 top dove tail slides into the bottom of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1. The SAM-9 bottom is a dove tail that slides into the stage of DJI Ronin products.

# 24.2.2 Top Accessories





## Low Mode Support LMS-4 K2.0034178

The Low Mode Support LMS-4 is a fully featured top plate for the ALEXA 35. A new quick release mechanism allows the CCH-5 top handle to be easily removed, without tools, while retaining superior rigidity while mounted. Dual rod clamps for optically centered 15 mm rods allow for top mounted motors or traditional viewfinder mounting brackets. Multiple mounting points support a range of accessories and low mode mounting for the ARRI Artemis and other mechanical stabilizers. For even more mounting options, the LMS-4 can be extended with the TEB-1.

## Universal Adapter Plate UAP-3 K2.0034179

The Universal Adapter Plate UAP-3 is a small and flat staging platform for the ALEXA 35 top accessories, including the Lightweight Camera Handle LCH-1 and Center Camera Handle CCH-2. For more mounting options, the UAP-3 can be extended to the back with the TEB-1. The UAP-3 can also be attached to the base of the camera when an ultra slim mounting plate is required for small rigging scenarios.

## Top Extension Bracket TEB-1 K2.0024062 The Top Extension Bracket TEB-1 extends the

The Top Extension Bracket TEB-1 extends the Low Mode Support LMS-4 or Universal Adapter Plate UAP-3, so more accessories, including the Rear Accessory Bracket RAB-2 and Articulated Mounting Plate AMP-1, can be mounted to the camera's top and back.

## Lightweight Support LWS-6 K2.0023948

The LWS-6 holds two 15 mm lightweight support rods. It is designed as an option to add lightweight rods to the Lightweight Camera Handle LCH-1 or to the Universal Adapter Plate UAP-3. When attached, rods are optically centered based on the lightweight rod standard and allow mounting further accessories like the Mini Viewfinder Bracket MVB-1, lens motors or matte boxes.

## Center Camera Handle CCH-5 K2.0023519

The Center Camera Handle CCH-5 is a full size production top handle that can be quickly attached and removed from the LMS-4 without tools. Featuring a wider, more comfortable grip than previous top handles the CCH-5 has been designed to allow common gimbal top plates to remain mounted to the camera, under the handle. Multiple mounting points adorn the handle for accessories and existing HEB and HEX handle extensions can be mounted to the front and rear.



## Lightweight Camera Handle LCH-1 K2.0024066

The Lightweight Camera Handle LCH-1 is a lightweight carbon fibre top handle for carrying the ALEXA 35 and for mounting accessories. It can be quickly attached to or removed from the camera's top or the Universal Adapter Plate UAP-3 without tools, and the handle post can be slid forward and backwards in order to balance the camera in your hand.



### Balance Harness Adapter BHA-1 K2.0034554

The Balance Harness Adapter BHA-1 allows the secure attachment and rapid balancing of the ALEXA 35 when using various camera suspension harnesses. The BHA-1 slips over the handle of the Lightweight Camera Handle LCH-1 and can be slid forwards and backwards with a simple thumbscrew. It features a 3/8-16 threaded hole for connection and can also be used to mount accessories to the top handle.



### Viewfinder Mounting Bracket VMB-5 K2.0033859

The Viewfinder Mounting Bracket VMB-5 offers a longer reach than traditional viewfinder brackets and is the most flexible and comfortable method to attach a viewfinder to a camera. Positioning the viewfinder in a 360° arc is done by loosening a single thumb screw and freely repositioning the viewfinder, which will remain in place thanks to double friction based clamping mechanisms.The VMB-5 is compatible with all standard ARRI viewfinder extension brackets and viewfinder adapters. Requires SAS-1 for attachment to a camera.

### Square Accessory Sleeve SAS-1 K2.0033733

The Square Accessory Sleeve SAS-1 is required to mount the VMB-5 to your camera and has been designed with a rectangular rod to prevent the viewfinder falling when loosening the adjustment clamp. The SAS-1 has been designed with the CCH-5 top handle in mind, but can be mounted to any two M4 attachment points spaced 20 mm apart, as regularly found on ARRI camera accessories.



### Viewfinder Cross Pipe K2.0013302

The Viewfinder Cross Pipe can be used in combination with the RMB-3 or RMB-7 to create a basic, simple viewfinder mounting bracket.



## Mini Viewfinder Bracket MVB-1 K2.0006140

The Mini Viewfinder Bracket MVB-1 allows the MVF-1 viewfinder to attach to the ALEXA Mini and it allows the MVF-2 viewfinder to attach to the ALEXA 35 or ALEXA Mini LF. This is the traditional viewfinder mounting method found on ALEXA, ALEXA Mini and ALEXA Mini LF cameras.



### The Adjustable Top Plate for MoVI (K2.0024181)

The Adjustable Top Plate for M $\overline{o}$ VI connects any top accessory plate with two 3/8-16 or two 1/4-20 attachment points quickly to a M $\overline{o}$ VI Pro or M15 rig.



### Monitor Arm for Camera MAC-1 (K2.0048394)

The two-axis MAC-1 monitor arm allows for rapid positioning of the Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 without affecting the horizon relative to the camera. The MAC-1 features an adjustable friction system for one-handed repositioning and inserts for ARRI 1/4" Pin-Lock and SmallHD mounting standards.



## Viewfinder Adapter VFA-4 (K2.0048510)

The VFA-4 enables mounting of the Camera Control Monitor CCM-1 to standard ARRI viewfinder brackets without tools, and comes with inserts for ARRI 1/4" Pin-Lock and SmallHD mounting standards. A folding mechanism allows quick repositioning and flat storage of the CCM-1.

# 24.2.3 Side Accessories



## Camera Side Bracket CSB-1L K2.0033573

The Camera Side Bracket CSB-1L allows mounting of accessories to the left side of the ALEXA 35. It features an ARRI rosette for hand grips and multiple 1/4-20, 3/8-16 and M4 mounting holes.



### Camera Side Bracket CSB-1R K2.0033571

The Camera Side Bracket CSB-1R allows mounting of accessories to the right side of the ALEXA 35. It features an ARRI rosette for hand grips and multiple 1/4-20, 3/8-16 and M4 mounting holes. It can be extended with the Camera Side Bracket CSB-1R Extension (K2.0034189).



## Camera Side Bracket CSB-1R Extension K2.0034189

The Camera Side Bracket CSB-1R Extension is an extension to the Camera Side Bracket CSB-1R, providing additional attachment points. It features multiple 1/4-20, 3/8-16 and M4 mounting holes. It attaches to the CSB-1R with two Torx T8 screws.



## Articulated Mounting Plate AMP-1 K2.0034182

The Articulated Mounting Plate AMP-1 is a hinged plate that allows accessories to be mounted in locations that would have previously prevented access to various camera ports. The AMP-1 allows further adjustment up/down in relation to its attachment brack-et. It is compatible with any accessory with a 1/4-20, 3/8-16 or M4 attachment point and is particularly suited to video transmitters and motor controllers.



## Rod Mounting Bracket RMB-3 K2.0006186

The Rod Mounting Bracket RMB-3 is a great method to attach an accessory support rod virtually anywhere on the camera, often used to provide a rod for lens motors by mounting the RMB-3 onto one of the side brackets. The RMB-3 can also be used to support the Viewfinder Cross Pipe for mounting viewfinders.



### Rod Mounting Bracket RMB-7 K2.0023907

The Rod Mounting Bracket RMB-7 provides support for a single 19 mm support rod (or 15 mm with reduction insert K2.66255.0). Often used with lens motors, the RMB-7 is optimized for ARRI TRINITY and TRINITY 2. The RMB-7 mounts to M4 threads spaced 20 mm apart. The RMB-7 can also be used to support the Viewfinder Cross Pipe for mounting viewfinders.

RMB-3 and RMB-7 fulfill the same purpose, except that RMB-7 has a low profile design with a wing thumb screw underneath the rod holder, ensuring the ALEXA 35 with RMB-7 fits inside the ARRI Trinity.

# 24.2.4 Other Accessories



## Rear Accessory Bracket RAB-2 K2.0034183

The Rear Accessory Bracket RAB-2 allows accessories to be mounted behind the ALEXA 35. This can be done for organizational reasons or to better balance the camera. The RAB-2's top attaches to the back side of the Top Extension Bracket TEB-1. The RAB-2's bottom attaches to the back side of the Balance Utility Dovetail BUD-1.



## Vertical Format Baseplate K2.0042610

The Vertical Format baseplate allows shooting with the ALEXA 35 on its side for Portrait ("9:16") and attaches to the ALEXA 35's right side and interfaces with Compact Bridge Plates, Bridge Plate Adapters, Shoulder Pads and the Stabilizer Adapter Mounts.



## Vertical Top Plate K2.0043666

The Vertical Top Plate attaches to the ALEXA 35's left side and acts as a top plate to support the lightweight Camera Handle LCH-1.



## Case for ALEXA 35 K2.0040234

The Case for ALEXA 35 support the camera in various rigging configurations and has cut-outs that fits specific support accessories, recording media and media readers. The case features two large pockets for additional accessories.

# 24.3 Electronic Accessories



## Audio Extension Module AEM-1 K2.0023750

The Audio Extension Module AEM-1 adds a high-quality audio interface and extra accessory power outputs to the ALEXA 35. Featuring two ultra-low noise microphone preamplifier channels, the AEM-1 mounts directly to the rear of the camera as an integrated electronic module. Selectable features include MIC/LINE input, 48V Phantom power, phase reversal, adjustable low-cut filter, gain and limiter. The AEM-1 also features an AES stereo digital audio input and a high quality Headphone amplifier.



## Power Distribution Module PDM-1 K2.0024101

The Power Distribution Module PDM-1 adds seven power outputs (4x 24 V, 2x 12 V, 1x 12 V Twist D-Tap) to the camera. Once attached, the PDM-1 is internally powered and there are no extra cables or brackets necessary, making it an elegant integrated accessory.



## External Power Adapter EPA-1 K2.0034205

The EPA-1 allows a camera mounted to a stabilizer rig to be externally powered by a block battery instead of the stabilizer's batteries during breaks in shooting. As the camera's main PWR connector is usually occupied by the stabilizer power cable, the EPA-1 can be quickly attached to a B-Mount battery adapter to offer a second LEMO 8-pin PWR connector.

# 24.4 Battery Adapters



## B-Mount Battery Adapter K2.0023751

The B-Mount Battery Adapter attaches into the recessed area at the back of the camera, the Power Distribution Module PDM-1 or the Audio Extension Module AEM-1 and provides compatibility with any B-Mount battery.

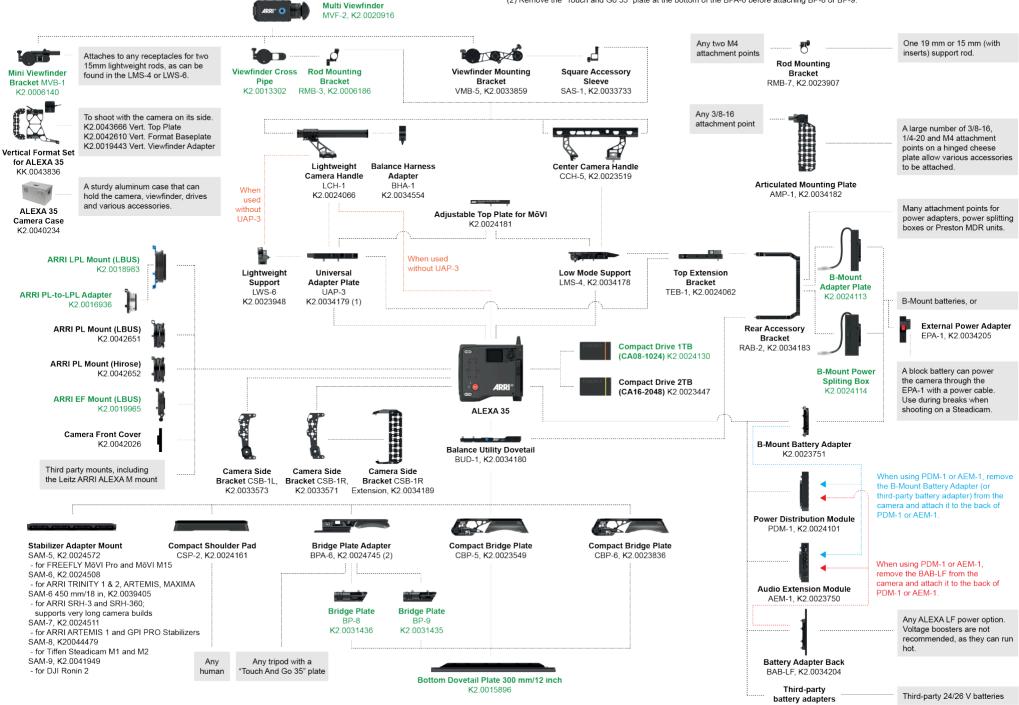


## Battery Adapter Back BAB-LF K2.0034204

The Battery Adapter Back BAB-LF attaches into the recessed area at the back of the ALEXA 35, the Power Distribution Module PDM-1 or the Audio Extension Module AEM-1 and offers an interface to alternative on-board battery systems originally intended to use with the ARRI ALEXA LF.

## **ALEXA 35 Components Overview**

January 22, 2023. This shows **new ARRI articles** for the ALEXA 35 and some **existing ARRI articles**. Cables are not shown. (1) UAP-3 can also mount to the camera's bottom. But if the LWS-6 is then attached, the rods' distance to the camera's optical center is off. (2) Remove the "Touch and Go 35" plate at the bottom of the BPA-6 before attaching BP-8 or BP-9.



# 25 Appendix

# 25.1 Data Rates, Recording Times and Max. FPS

Sensor Mode	Recording Resolution	Data Rate @ 24 fps (incl. audio)	Rec Time @ 24fps (hh:mm)		Max. FPS	
			1 TB	2 TB	1 TB	2 TB
4.6K 3:2 Open Gate	4.6K (4608 x 3164)	2.009 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:28	00:56	35 fps	75 fps
		633 GB/h (Apple ProRes 422 HQ) 945 GB/h (Apple ProRes 4444) 1.414 GB/h (Apple ProRes 4444 XQ)	01:30 01:00 00:40	03:01 02:01 01:21	60 fps	60 fps
4.6K 16:9	4.6K (4608 x 2592)	1.648 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:34	01:08	45 fps	75 fps
	4K (4096 x 2304)	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:19 01:33 01:02	04:39 03:07 02:05	75 fps	75 fps
		1.304 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:43	01:26	55 fps	120 fps
4K (4096 x 2304) 4K 16:9 2K (2048 x 1152) HD (1920 x 1080)	4K (4096 x 2304)	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:19 01:33 01:02	04:39 03:07 02:05	100 fps 100 fps 90 fps	100 fps
	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:38 01:46 01:11	05:16 03:32 02:22	120 fps 120 fps 105 fps	120 fps	
	2K (2048 x 1152)	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	08:46 06:00 04:04	17:33 12:01 08:08	120 fps	120 fps
	HD (1920 x 1080)	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	09:53 06:47 04:36	19:47 13:34 09:13	120 fps	120 fps
		1.160 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:48	01:37	65 fps	120 fps
4K 2:1	4K (4096 x 2048)	368 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 547 GB/h (Apple 4444) 817 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:36 01:45 01:10	05:13 03:30 02:20	120 fps 120 fps 100 fps	120 fps
		1.144 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:49	01:38	65 fps	120 fps
3.8K 16:9	UHD (3840 x 2160)	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:38 01:46 01:11	05:16 03:32 02:22	120 fps 120 fps 105 fps	120 fps
3.3K 6:5	3.3K (3328 x 2790)	1.283 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:44	01:28	55 fps	100 fps
		406 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 605 GB/h (Apple 4444) 904 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:21 01:35 01:03	04:43 03:10 02:07	75 fps	75 fps
	4K 2.39:1 Ana 2x	310 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 460 GB/h (Apple 4444) 686 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	03:06 02:05 01:23	06:12 04:10 02:47	90 fps	90 fps

Sensor Mode	Recording Resolution	Data Rate @ 24 fps (incl. audio)	Rec Time @ 24fps (hh:mm)		Max. FPS	
			1 TB	2 TB	1 TB	2 TB
3K (3072 x 3072) 3K 1:1 3.8K 2:1 Ana 2x		1.304 GB/h (ARRIRAW)	00:43	01:26	55 fps	100 fps
	3K (3072 x 3072)	413 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 615 GB/h (Apple 4444) 918 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:19 01:33 01:02	04:39 03:07 02:05	90 fps	90 fps
	324 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 482 GB/h (Apple 4444) 719 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:57 01:59 01:20	05:55 03:59 02:40	100 fps	100 fps	
2.7K 8:9	UHD 16:9 Ana 2x	364 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 541 GB/h (Apple 4444) 808 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	02:38 01:46 01:11	05:16 03:32 02:22	100 fps	100 fps
2K 16:9 S16	2K (2048 x 1152)	109 GB/h (Apple 422 HQ) 160 GB/h (Apple 4444) 236 GB/h (Apple 4444 XQ)	08:46 06:00 04:04	17:32 12:01 08:08	120 fps	120 fps

# 25.2 Sensor Related Information

## Single Frame Spots of Various Shape – also known as "Digital Dust" or "White Flecks"

Natural and/or artificial radiation may cause a "false exposure" on the image sensor. The shape of these spots may vary from dots to lines or other, sometimes irregular shapes. These spots occur in random locations of the image, last only for a single frame and are more visible in dark images. This is a principle issue of all image sensors and not a malfunction.

# Flicker

Some light sources (i.e. discharge tubes or LEDs) may cause an interference with sensor exposure. This may result in image flickering or "bands" of different brightness moving up or down the image. Please note that at higher frame rates (100 fps in 50Hz countries, 120 fps in 60Hz countries) even tungsten light may flicker. A short recording and playback will show this flicker.

# **Rolling Shutter**

Due to the rolling shutter design principle of the sensor the following effects can be observed in certain situations:

- Skewed/slanted vertical lines: fast panning or fast-moving objects may result in vertical structures to appear "skewed/slanted". The intensity of the effect depends on the relative speed of panning/ object.
- Partial exposure: very short light effects (i.e. a photographer's flash or strobe light) may result in the upper part of the image showing the light effect whereas the lower part does not or vice versa.

# "Black Sun"

Very bright lights (i.e. the sun, or a photographer's flash) may result in a black/magenta spot.

# **Stuck Pixels at Long Exposure Times**

At longer exposure times (longer than the standard 1/50<sup>th</sup> of a second), stuck pixels may become visible in darker image areas. The longer the exposure time the more pixels will be affected. When using exposure times longer than 1/24<sup>th</sup> of a second, carefully check your image whether the quality meets your requirements.

# 25.3 Companion Tools

ARRI maintains various tools to support your work with the ALEXA 35 on- and off-set.

# **ARRI Reference Tool**

The ARRI Reference Tool (ART) combines the functionality of the ARRIRAW Converter, ARRI Color Tool, and ARRI Meta Extract. It supports all ALEXA 35 recording formats and allows the creation of ALF4 look files, conversion to SDR and HDR color spaces with looks applied, and export to Apple ProRes, OpenEXR and TIFF files.

ARRI Reference Tool

## **Camera Simulators**

The camera simulator is an interactive learning tool to familiarize yourself with the menu navigation of ARRI digital cameras. Get started now and learn first hand the simple, straightforward menu system that only ARRI digital cameras offer.

Camera Simulators

## Formats and Data Rate Calculator

The ARRI Formats and Data Rate Calculator (FDRC) is an online tool that calculates the record durations and data rates for different camera settings (combinations of camera model, codec, resolution, project rate, sensor speed, recording media, audio on/off). It also gives deeper insight into available recording formats and camera modes.

Formats & Data Rate Calculator

## Frame Line & Lens Illumination Tool

The Frame Line & Lens Illumination Tool can be used for creating custom frame lines for ARRI cameras and for checking how different lenses illuminate different ARRI sensor sizes, recording formats, target aspect ratios and framelines.

Frame Line & Lens Illumination Tool

## **Matte Box Checker**

Use the Matte Box Checker to quickly find ARRI matte boxes that are compatible with your chosen lens and sensor mode and avoid optical vignetting.

Matte Box Checker

## 25.4 **Connector Pin-Outs**

All pin-outs appear as seen by the user.

## PWR (LEMO EEJ.2B.308)



Batcom
Power GND
Power GND
Power GND
Batcom GND
Batplus
Batplus

Batplus

## 12V (LEMO EEG.0B.302.CLN.A365)

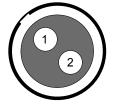
1

2

1

GND

12 V Aux

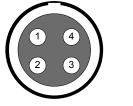


## TC (LEMO EEG.0B.305)



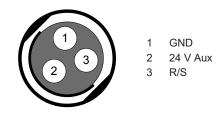
GND 2 LTC In 3 Aux 4 Aux 5 LTC Out

## LBUS (LEMO EEG.0B.304)

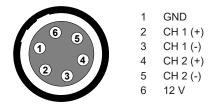


- GND 1 2 Can L 3 VBat
- 4 Can H

RS (Fischer DBP102A052-130)



## AUDIO (LEMO EEA.0B.306.CLN)

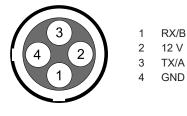


## ETH (LEMO EEG.1B.310)



- MX-1P (white-orange) 1
- MX-1N (orange) 2 3
  - MX-2P (white-green)
- 4 MX-2N (green)
- 5 MX-3P (blue)
- 6 MX-3N (white-blue) 7 MX-4P (white-brown)
- 8 MX-4N (brown)
- 9 GND
- 10 24V-ETH

## SERIAL (LEMO EEC.0B.304.CLN)



129

## Ethernet (RJ45)

## Headphones Out (on MVF-2)

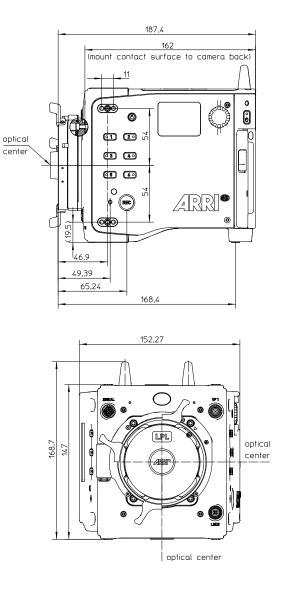


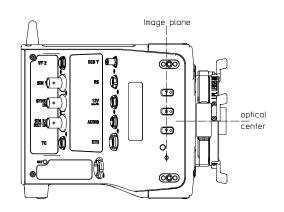
# Audio Cable K2.0023988

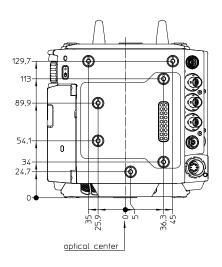
ARRI offers an ALEXA Mini LF / ALEXA 35 audio cable with a matching connector to create audio adapters. The following table shows the wire assignments of this cable.

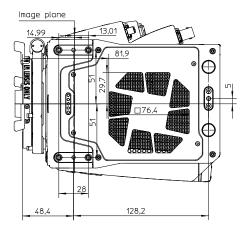
Wire	Function
Black	GND
Blue	CH 1 (+)
Brown	CH 1 (-)
Yellow	CH 2 (+)
Green	CH 2 (-)
Red	12 V

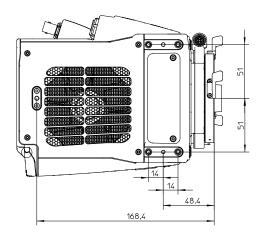
# 25.5 Dimensional Drawings











ALEXA 35 with LPL Mount (LBUS). All measurements in mm.

